REDACTED VERSION

EPI

Please note that the PreScore report for this site is located in the files in the HRS room. Please see one of the HRS coordinators for more information.

SITE NAME Houston, Yower - Webster Generating Plant

TDD # F06-8902-25

PAN FTX0807PAA

CERCLID TXD 000837369

PEER REVIEW TRACKING FORM

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ICF TECHNOLOGY INCORPORATED

TO:

Ed Sierra, EPA Region VI, RPO

THRU:

K. H. Malone, Jr., FITOM

THRU:

Tim A. Hall, AFITOM Staffer All
Pam Fetzer, FIT Geologist plefiger

FROM:

DATE:

May 3, 1989

SUBJ:

Preliminary Assessment Under the Environmental Priorities Initiative Program Regarding Houston Lighting and Power - Webster Generating Plant CERCLIS # TXD000837369, TDD # F-6-8902-25, PAN FTX0807PAA.

SITE INFORMATION

The Houston Lighting and Power - Webster Generating Plant is located at 19301 State Highway 3, in Webster, Texas, one mile south of NASA Highway 1 (Mailing address P.O. Box 1700, Houston, Texas 77001). The latitude and longitude are 29°31'47" N and 95°06'10" W, respectively (Figure 1). The facility encompasses 607 acres and is publicly owned by Houston Industries.

The purpose of this investigation is to perform a Preliminary Assessment (PA) under the Environmental Priorities Initiative (EPI) Program for the EPA. FIT was also tasked to determine the net worth and sales value of the company.

BACKGROUND/OPERATING HISTORY

The Webster Generating Plant began operating the first gas turbine electric generating unit in 1954. In 1965, the third (final) turbine went on-line and is currently operating (Figure 2).

The plant has the sole function of producing electricity by generating steam from a gas-operated turbine. In the production process, water from ground water wells is heated in the boilers and is then cooled, condensed, demineralized, chemically treated and then discharged via the discharge canal. effluent is routed through the surface impoundments to settle out the solids, the water is pumped through the chemical treatment process for flocculation and binding of chromium, barium, arsenic, selenium, lead, mercury, and cadmium. Byproducts such as phosphates, nitrates, ammonia and citric acid are treated to produce an acceptable effluent discharge (5).

No specific contaminants of concern were found within the CERCLA, RCRA and the TWC files, however, EP Toxicity (EP TOX) analyses were conducted on 4 samples for arsenic, barium, chromium, lead, cadmium, mercury, selenium and silver concentrations. These will be considered the contaminants of concern (6, 11).

Contaminants discharged from the outfalls are aluminum sulfate, ammonia, chlorine, sodium nitrate, sodium phosphates and sodium hydroxide (23). These constituents have been generated during equipment cleanings. Equipment cleanings are necessary to prevent corrosion and remove scale. Other substances such as waste oils, spent solvents, sandblasting grit, asbestos insulation, inorganic and organic sludge, and paint thinner are generated on the site.

The Texas Department of Water Resources (TDWR) analytical data concern the classification of waste. On April 8, 1981, EP TOX analyses were performed on several samples collected at the site. The results of these tests indicated that the waste materials from the demineralizer regenerant sludge, metal cleaning inorganic sludge, and organic acids collection pond sludge (11, pg. 1) were Class II wastes (TWC 241470).

The Analytical Petroleum Research (APR) Laboratories analyzed a sample of a waste oil floor drain sump and gas turbine oil trap through EP TOX analysis on September 25, 1984. Arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, selenium and silver were below detection limits. No analytical methods were included in the report (11).

During the July 1, 1986 closure inspection, samples were taken from the demineralizer regenerant/boiler blowdown surface impoundment. The composite soil samples, taken from 18 inches and 2 to 4 inches from the surface, were analyzed by the TDWR for EP TOX metals. The analyses revealed barium at 326 to 390 μ /1 (6). Ground water monitoring well samples revealed high conductivity levels for MW-1, which is located near the discharge canal. The ground water from the monitoring wells was tested for pH by EPA method 150.1 (5). The April 24, 1987 sampling of MW-1 and MW-2 for the Comprehensive Ground water Monitoring Evaluation (CME) yielded the following results (see Page 3 of this report).

Analyses of monitoring well samples were collected on April 24, 1987 for the CME. The analytical methods used to determine the conductivity, and pH of chloride, sulfate, iron, manganese, sodium phenol, and total organic carbon were from EPA 600/4-79-020 "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes" (March 1979) 120.1, 150.1, 325.3, 375.4, 236.1, 243.1, 273.1, 420.1, and 415.1, respectively. Total organic halogen analysis is tested by the EPA Interim Method, 1980 "Interim Method for Total Organic Halide" 450.1. These analyses are used by Analytical Petroleum Research Laboratories, Inc., Dickinson, Texas, for the Webster Plant. No QA/QC documentation was found, nor is there any indication that duplicate samples were collected.

None of the sampling data found in the files revealed significant contamination from the impoundment sludge or water or the waste oil drain, with the exception of the values derived from the CME sampling results. The validity of the sampling data is questionable because there are no QA/QC, duplicates and background samples (5). Higher values of magnesium, iron, zinc and manganese were found for MW-1, as compared to MW-2 (26).

MW-1 (4-24-87) BY HOUSTON POWER & LIGHT*

Note: Results revealed high conductivity headings between MW-1 and MW-2 when comparing 1984 and 1987:

 $MW-1 \pmod{1}$

MW-2 (mg/1)

Parameters	1984 Assessment	TWC-1987 CME	1984 Assessment	TWC-1987 CME
Magnesium	270	246	34	42
Chloride	3,900	4,463	220	352
Iron	0.25	74.6	< 0.05	3.71
Zinc	1.6	0.15	0.05	< 0.02
Conductivity	12,000	17,000	1,600	3,190

^{*(26} Attachment S)

APR LAB RESULTS OF SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM**
MW-1 AND MW-2 (4-27-87):

Parameters	MW-1 (mg/l)	MW-2 (mg/1)
Magnesium Total	263	42.1
dissolved solids	11,546	1,400
Manganese	0.8	< 0.1

^{**(26,} Attachment T)

TWC LAB RESULTS OF SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM***
MW-1 AND MW-2 (4-27-87)

Parameters	MW-1 (mg/1)	MW-2 (mg/1)
Magnesium	246	42
Chloride	559	69
Iron	74.6	3.71
Manganese	0.850	0.043
Zinc	0.150	0.020

^{***(26,} Attachment V)

An off-site reconnaissance inspection was not performed because the impoundments have undergone closure and neither the facility nor the impoundments can be seen from the public road.

The plant was issued a Texas Solid Waste Disposal Act Permit (August 15, 1980), Texas Department of Water Resources Solid Waste Registration Permit (No. 31633), a Wastewater Disposal Permit (under Texas Water Code 01044), a Hazardous Waste Management Program Permit (from the EPA on August 18, 1980), and an NPDES Permit (No. TX0006532 from the EPA) (13).

Information about the facility was found from the CERCLA, RCRA and the TWC files. Other related information was obtained from various state and Federal agencies.

During a TWC inspection, it was noted in the plant manifest that approximately 150 cubic yards of soil contaminated by sodium hydroxide were removed from the site. According to plant personnel, a caustic line ruptured, spilling 1,000 pounds of sodium hydroxide (7). No other facts are known about the incident. No known emergency or remedial action was taken by the EPA or related agencies.

The book assets for Houston Lighting and Power total \$10 billion. The value of the plant has fully depreciated (19). The sales of the Company in 1987 totalled \$3 billion (14). The net value of the company has been determined (19).

UNIT DESCRIPTION/WASTE CONTAINMENT/HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE IDENTIFICATION

Used water from the boiler is pumped into a clay lined pond to collect and equalize the demineralizer regenerant wastes prior to wastewater treatment. The water from the demineralizer regenerant/boiler blowdown surface impoundment and the inorganic metal cleaning surface impoundment is pumped into a concrete chemical waste treatment system which is used to treat the water prior to NPDES discharge. The water is pumped into the 300 gallon mixing chamber, where the solids settle, and then is pumped into a flocculation chamber, where a flocculent is added. The type of flocculent used could not be determined. The liquid then enters the settling chamber where the solids settle, and is neutralized in the pH readjustment chamber. The effluent is discharged in accordance with the NPDES permit. The sludge that accumulates in the settling chamber is pumped to the sand drying beds for dewatering and periodic off-site removal (11).

SWMU IDENTIFICATION

Eight Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs) have been identified at the Webster Generating Plant. Although RCRA regulation status was not found in the files, all of the SWMUs are RCRA-regulated based on CFR 264.90, subsection F.

SWMU #1 Demineralizer Regenerant/Boiler Blowdown Surface Impoundment:

The impoundment, located south of SWMU #2, is 200 feet long by 130 feet wide by 5 feet deep. Since 1970, it has been used as a holding pond for recycled water from the demineralizer regenerant and boiler

blowdown. The 3 foot clay lined unit has the capacity of 372,000 gallons. The annual volume of waste received by the impoundment was reportedly 79,300,000 gallons in 1984, but the total volume of waste received has not been determined. Sludge is removed periodically for off-site disposal and is classified as a Class II (non-hazardous) waste (TWC 241470). The files did not contain information about other contaminants present. Certification of closure was submitted September 2, 1986 (5), but in the Comprehensive Ground Water Monitoring Evaluation Report (CME), the unit is referred to as According to the closure plan, all of the sludge and the first foot of the clay liner was to be removed, drummed and shipped off-site for disposal (8). It is not known whether the sludge and clay were removed and the material analyzed. Subsurface migration is considered unlikely because the permeability of the clay soil is 5.6×10^{-9} cm/sec (12). Results of borehole sampling revealed that the clay extended to a depth of 20 feet below the ground surface The amount of freeboard and the diking condition are not known, so the likelihood of overflowing is undetermined. Should the impoundment overflow, the drainage pathway would be into Clear Creek, approximately 1,000 feet east of the unit (2).

SWMU #2 <u>Inorganic Metal Cleaning Surface Impoundment</u>:

This SWMU is located on the north side of the demineralizer regenerant surface impoundment. It is 200 feet long by 135 feet wide by 4.25 feet deep. It has been active since 1977. received spent acids from metal cleaning operations. The wastewater is pumped to a concrete wastewater treatment system where it is treated and discharged under an NPDES permit (9). The total volume of waste received is not known, but it has been determined that in 1980, 18,287,000 pounds were received. Sludge from the bottom of the pond is periodically removed for off-site disposal and is classified as a Class II waste (TWC 241210)(11). The impoundment is lined with 3 feet of compacted clay. The amount of freeboard and the condition of the diking structure are not known. No report of overflowing was found in the files. If the impoundment dikes are breached, the drainage pathway would be to the east toward Clear Creek. Results of borehole sampling revealed that the permeability was 2.2×10^{-9} cm/sec (12). Subsurface migration is unlikely. The impoundment was closed and submitted for certification on November 4, 1985. In the CME, the unit is referred to as closed. Construction of a concrete tank at the impoundment is proposed.

SWMU #3 Organic Acid Waste Pond:

Located south and adjacent to the demineralizer regenerant surface impoundment, is the organic acid waste pond. This clay lined, active unit is used to store ammoniated citric acid effluent generated from boiler and equipment cleanings (11). The unit has been in operation since 1977. It has a 270,000 gallon capacity. The total amount of

waste received is not known, but it has been determined that in 1980 2,752,500 pounds of waste were received (13). The TWDR declassified the waste to a Class II waste (TWC 215290) due to EP TOX test results (11). The condition and current status of this unit are not known. Should the impoundment overflow or the dike be breached, the drainage pathway would be to the east toward Clear Creek or to the north toward a drainage ditch that is parallel to the discharge canal.

SWMU #4 Sludge Drying Beds:

This clay lined unit is located south of the organic acid waste pond. Each bed has a 1,790 gallon capacity (13). The total waste volume, dimensions, and documentation of the unit have not been determined. Sludge from the settling chamber of the chemical waste treatment system and the oily waste treatment system is pumped to the drying beds for dewatering. The dried sludge is periodically drummed and shipped off-site for disposal (11). The sludge is classified as a Class II waste (TWC 204540). Should the unit overflow, it is possible that the material could enter Clear Creek from the west (10).

SWMU #5 <u>Hazardous Waste Container Storage Area</u>:

This unit is located adjacent to the waste oil tank east of the gas turbine building (7). Active since 1980, it is used to store 55gallon drums of liquid and solid hazardous and non-hazardous wastes, including refractory brick, spent solvents, paint thinner, waste oils and sandblasting grit. The drums are stored temporarily, prior to off-site disposal. All containers in storage were disposed by Rollins (location undetermined) and the resulting cleaning materials and contaminated equipment were disposed at BFI (location undetermined) as Class II waste. The number of drums used is not known. Houston Lighting and Power submitted a closure plan on May 13, 1985, but plans to open the area as a less than 90-day storage facility (8, pg. 3). At the present time, it is not known if the facility has been opened. The July 14, 1986 inspection revealed a 500-gallon tank half full of waste oil and two empty 55-gallon drums. One of the drums was labeled "waste solvent." The waste oil and spent solvent are collected by a recycling firm. In 1980, 9,700 pounds of waste oil and spent solvent were generated; by 1984, none was generated. The sandblasting grit is stored in bins prior to offsite disposal. The unit has a concrete floor. No other protective containment device was noted during the inspection. The condition of the drums was not noted during the inspection.

SWMU #6 Chemical Waste Treatment System:

Active since 1977, the unit is used to treat demineralizer regenerant, inorganic metal cleaning waste and boiler blowdown prior

to the NPDES discharge. Located north of the intake water canal and northwest across the plant road from the inorganic pond, the unit consists of the mixing chamber (300 gallon), flocculation chamber (1,100 gallon), settling chamber (6,900 gallon) and pH adjustment chamber, (300 gallon). The Hazardous Waste Components List describes the unit as a surface processing tank but the type of tank is not known (13). 8,600 gallons were generated from this unit in 1980 (11, pg. 2). The files did not contain information about containment structures or drainage pathways.

SWMU #7 Waste Oil and Sludge Collection Facility:

Oily sludge from the oily waste treatment system is classified as either a Class I (nonhazardous) or Class II waste. No other information (quantity, age, location, pathways) about this unit was available (11, pg. 3).

SWMU #8 Asbestos in Insulation:

The original location of the asbestos insulation is not known. In 1980, 3,600 pounds of asbestos were placed in bags and then wet before being removed off-site (13, pg. 14). The waste was classified as a Class I nonhazardous waste (TWC 170750) (11). The plant map shows that the asbestos is stored in an implement shed north of, and adjacent to, the warehouse. It is not known if more asbestos insulation is present.

PATHWAY CHARACTERISTICS

Air Pathway Characteristics

No information about air pathway characteristics was available. The contaminants of concern are primarily heavy metals in the form of liquids and sludges. Migration into the air pathway is unlikely.

Ground Water Characteristics

The plant is located in the Gulf Coastal Plain on the Beaumont Formation. The lithology of the subsurface consists mainly of deltaic clays and silts grading to the south towards the Gulf of Mexico. The Beaumont Formation is part of a larger stratigraphic unit known as the Chicot Formation. The formation is approximately 700 feet thick and forms the uppermost aquifer under the site. It is used as a drinking water source for this area.

In the Webster area, the formation is differentiated into the Upper and Lower Chicot with the Alta Loma Sand member (approximately 120 feet thick) as being the main water bearing sand of the Lower Chicot.

The Upper and Lower Chicot Sands are interconnected hydrologically. The upper unit is tight because of the higher clay to sand ratio. The plant and the surrounding area pump predominantly from the Alta Loma Sand. Ground water flow direction regionally is to the south, but due to the heavy usage from the Houston area, the ground water flow is to the northwest. The generating plant has two on-site wells with total depths of 636 feet and 664 feet. They are screened in the Lower Chicot aquifer (17). The company well has a 20 foot sand bed at 100 feet and a 120 foot sand bed at 500 feet. The material between these layers is predominantly clay and silty clay. The 500 foot sand bed is the Alta Loma Member.

The formation stratigraphically below the Chicot Sand is the Evangeline Formation. Although it is also a water bearing unit, the encroachment of salt water is increasing so most wells are screened in the Alta Loma Sand unit.

Four monitoring wells are located around the impoundments at the site. The stratigraphy from the borings around the surface impoundments revealed a deltaic lithology. The stratigraphy beneath the impoundments is undefined 30 feet below the ground surface. A 15 foot sand is located 40 feet beneath the impoundments. A 15 foot silty clay layer, overlying a sandy clay, is located 60 to 80 feet beneath the impoundments. The static water level recorded in the monitoring wells is located 6 to 14 feet below the ground surface level (5). Water levels from the monitoring wells revealed that MW-1 is influenced by the cooling water discharge canal. MW-1 is located approximately 100 feet south of the canal, which has a water elevation of 12.82 feet. The canal may act as a recharge feature since the water elevation for MW-1 is 10.53 feet (5, pg. 9).

The net precipitation for the plant area is -2 inches (1).

Surface Water Characteristics

The local topography is flat, with a slight general slope to the south-southeast. The plant is located approximately 1,000 feet from Clear Creek. The intake and discharge canals are located approximately 100 to 200 feet from the surface impoundments. The surface water runoff from the ponds would flow south into Clear Creek (2). The discharge canal flows approximately 3 miles into a sewage disposal plant then, and into Clear Lake, which flows into Galveston Bay. Both are used for recreational purposes. Galveston Bay is also used for commercial fishing (22). The site is located in the San Jacinto River Basin (2).

No intakes are located on these surface water bodies because they are subject to tidal surges (15). The annual stream flow and upgradient drainage area estimates are not known.

Located in a 100 year floodplain, the site area receives a two year, 24 hour average rainfall of 5 inches. Flooding of the facility is unlikely because the

elevation difference between the site and the banks of Clear Creek is approximately 20 feet (2).

On-Site Pathway Characteristics

The facility is active, with both controlled access and a fence surrounding the property. The number of employees present on-site and the number of employees coming into direct contact with the waste process are not known. Data suggest that the waste treatment process is a closed system in which contents are pumped from one SWMU to another without being handled by employees. The sandblasting grit is in an open bin and the surface impoundments are also open. It has not been determined how the solvents, waste oils, paint thinner and sludges are drummed and removed.

TARGETS

According to the Galveston County Health Department, private drinking water wells are used, but the exact number and location of the wells is not known. Most of southeast Harris County and Galveston County use 90% to 97% surface water from Lake Houston. The remaining 3% to 10% is mixed with ground water from public supply wells (17). Irrigation well data are available, but it is not known how many of the wells are currently used for this purpose (20). According to the CME, there are 152 water wells in a 2.5 mile radius of the site. This includes 60 domestic wells, 26 public wells, 25 undocumented wells, 19 wells no longer in use, 13 industrial wells, 3 observation wells, 1 livestock well and 1 service station well. The wells range from 84 to 700 feet deep and are screened in either the Upper Chicot or the Lower Chicot Aquifer (5).

The surface water (Clear Lake) is used as contact recreation for boating, swimming and fishing. On the bay, fishing is a commercial enterprise (22).

There are no data supporting an air target or on-site target. The population within one mile is estimated at 800 (2).

CONCLUSIONS

The function of the plant is to produce electricity. The waste process is generated through the boiling and subsequent cooling of water used in the generation of steam.

The SWMUs are the receptacles for the process water pathway. The eight identified SWMUs include 3 surface impoundments, 1 set of drying beds, the chemical waste treatment system, the waste oil and sludge collection facility, the hazardous waste container storage area and the asbestos in insulation. The original location of the asbestos and the manner in which it was removed have not been determined.

The sampling results found in the 1987 CME show significant contamination of the ground water from MW-1 as compared to MW-2. MW-1 could be affected by the

discharge canal 100 feet north. Elevated levels of manganese, magnesium, iron and zinc were reported. Robert Hahn, Inspector for the TWC noted that the possibility of acid leaching metals from the soil around the surface impoundments was possible because the background soil analysis showed a higher concentration of arsenic, mercury and chromium than the soil around the impoundments. Sample analyses of other on-site areas show no significant contamination.

The state has certified a clean closure for the demineralizer regenerant surface impoundment and the inorganic metal cleaning surface impoundment. An affidavit of exclusion was granted on August 17, 1987. Clean closure requires the removal of residues but does not require the plant to fill and cap the impoundments. It is not known whether post-closure sampling has taken place.

The financial status of Houston Lighting and Power appears to be sound. The sales of the company totalled (b) (4). The net value of the company has not been determined.

The results from the monitoring well installation showed clay to a depth of 20 feet. The contaminants present are metals, which will not migrate quickly through clay (5).

The primary pathway of concern is ground water because the surface water used for public supply is upgradient from the site. The ground water is used to supplement the public water supply. The Alta Loma Sand Member of the Lower Chicot Aquifer is the source of the local ground water. The Lower and Upper Chicot are interconnected and the Upper Chicot outcrops on the land surface. The Upper Chicot is composed of deltaic silts, sands and clays which retard vertical migration in the Upper member. No known wells are screened in the Upper Chicot.

The static water levels in the monitoring wells ranged from 6 to 14 feet from the surface, but the levels in one of the company wells and in a City of Webster well in 1971 were 200 and 207 feet, respectively. Both static water levels have dropped since the 1950s (21). Although the aquifer is interconnected, the water bearing zone is approximately 500 to 600 feet below the land surface and horizontal migration is calculated to be approximately 6 feet per year. The exact rate of vertical migration could not be determined, but it is probable that migration is slow since the plant is located on the Beaumont Formation which has a high clay content (5). Although the site specific ground water movement is not known, the evidence indicates the discharge canal influences the background MW-1 based on high conductivity readings at both locations.

ton Lighting & Power - Webster STATE: Texas NUMBER: TXD000837369

fithe Reference

us Waste Site Ranking System: 263. July 16, 1982,

opographic map. League City.

van Nostrand Reinhold Company.

Frequency Atlas of the United Agriculture Soil Conservation 440. 1961.

Vater Commission Inspector. : | Monitoring Evaluation (CME)
June 5, 1987.

Commission Hazardous and Solid Waste Compliance Monitoring No. 31633, October 21, 1986.

Commission Hazardous and Solid Waste Compliance Monitoring No. 31633, July 14, 1986.

Commission Hazardous and Solid Waste Compliance Monitoring No. 31633, December 12, 1985.

hea, Hazardous Waste Management From: W.F. McGuire, Manager, partment, Houston Lighting and 7 Information Request. November

Chief, Solid Waste Section Texas s. From: W.F. McGuire, Manager, epartment, Houston Lighting and losure Plan for Hazardous Waste 6, 1985.

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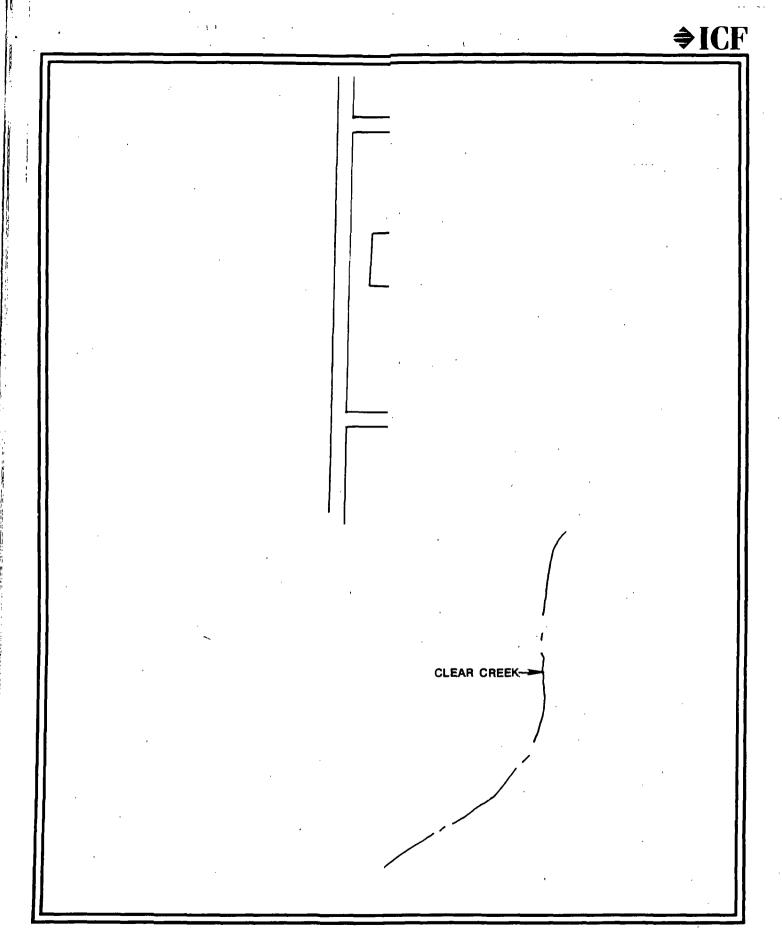
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Facility Plot Plan
HOUSTON LIGHTING AND POWER
WEBSTER GENERATING PLANT
WEBSTER, TX
Figure 2

PA DOCUMENTATION LOG SHEET

SITE NAME: Houston Lighting & Power - Webster CITY: Webster STATE: Texas IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: TXD000837369

Reference Number	Description of the Reference
1	U.S. EPA Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Site Ranking System A Users Manual. 47FR31219-31263. July 16, 1982, (Appendix A, CERCLA).
2	U.S.G.S. 7.5 minute series Topographic map. <u>League City</u> <u>TX</u> . 1982.
3	Sax, N. Irving. 1984. <u>Dangerous Properties of Industria</u> <u>Materials</u> . Sixth Edition. Van Nostrand Reinhold Company.
4	Hershfield, David M. Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the United States. U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service. Technical Paper No. 40. 1961.
5	Hahn, Robert, Texas Water Commission Inspector Comprehensive Ground Water Monitoring Evaluation (CME Report, TWC Reg. No. 31633, June 5, 1987.
6	Thetford, Paula, Texas Water Commission Hazardous and Solid Waste Specialist. Solid Waste Compliance Monitoring Inspection Report, TWC Reg. No. 31633, October 21, 1986.
7	Thetford, Paula, Texas Water Commission Hazardous and Solid Waste Specialist. Solid Waste Compliance Monitoring Inspection Report, TWC Reg. No. 31633, July 14, 1986.
8	Bleam, Karen, Texas Water Commission Hazardous and Solid Waste Specialist. Solid Waste Compliance Monitoring Inspection Report, TWC Reg. No. 31633, December 12, 1985.
9	Letter. To: William N. Rhea, Hazardous Waste Management Division, EPA Region VI. From: W.F. McGuire, Manager Environmental Protection Department, Houston Lighting and Power. Re: RCRA Section 3007 Information Request. November 8, 1985.
10	Letter. To: Jay Snow, P.E., Chief, Solid Waste Section Texas Department of Water Resources. From: W.F. McGuire, Manager Environmental Protection Department, Houston Lighting and Power. Re: Supplement to Closure Plan for Hazardous Waste Surface Impoundments. May 6, 1985.

PA DOCUMENTATION LOG SHEET

SITE NAME: Houston Lighting & Power - Webster CITY: Webster STATE: Texas

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: TXD000837369

ny. From: Edward J. Ulrich, Jr., P.E., Engineer Manag lland Engineers, Inc. Re: Geotechnical Investigati I Disposal Ponds. November 16, 1981. A - Permit Application Facility Background Information on Lighting and Power, Webster Generating Station. Aug 980. ard and Poor's Corporation, Register of Corporatio tors and Executives, Vol. I. 1989. To: Mr. Sewers, Houston Water Authority. From: r, FIT Geologist, EPA Region VI. Re: Intake Locations Houston. March 14, 1989.
ny. From: Edward J. Ulrich, Jr., P.E., Engineer Manag lland Engineers, Inc. Re: Geotechnical Investigati I Disposal Ponds. November 16, 1981. A - Permit Application Facility Background Information on Lighting and Power, Webster Generating Station. Aug 980. ard and Poor's Corporation, Register of Corporatio tors and Executives, Vol. I. 1989. To: Mr. Sewers, Houston Water Authority. From: r, FIT Geologist, EPA Region VI. Re: Intake Locations Houston. March 14, 1989.
on Lighting and Power, Webster Generating Station. Aug 980. ard and Poor's Corporation, Register of Corporation tors and Executives, Vol. I. 1989. To: Mr. Sewers, Houston Water Authority. From: r, FIT Geologist, EPA Region VI. Re: Intake Locations Houston. March 14, 1989.
tors and Executives, Vol. I. 1989. To: Mr. Sewers, Houston Water Authority. From: r, FIT Geologist, EPA Region VI. Re: Intake Locations Houston. March 14, 1989.
r, FIT Geologist, EPA Region VI. Re: Intake Locations Houston. March 14, 1989.
To: Wr Will Moharly Clear Lake Mater Authority Fr
To: Mr. Will Moberly, Clear Lake Water Authority. Fr etzer, FIT Geologist, EPA Region VI. Re: Public Wa e for Clear Lake City. March 13, 1989.
To: Ernest Baker, Hydrologist, U.S.G.S. From: r, FIT Geologist, EPA Region VI. Re: Hydrogeology of east Houston area. March 14, 1989.
To: Joe Castleberry, Analyst, Texas Public Utilit ssion. From: Pam Fetzer, FIT Geologist, EPA Region inancial History of the Webster Generating Plant. Ma 89.
To: Dan Bulla, Shareholder Relations, Houston Industri Pam Fetzer, FIT Geologist, EPA Region VI. Re: Value ebster Generating Plant. March 7, 1989.
;

PA DOCUMENTATION LOG SHEET

SITE NAME: Houston Lighting & Power - Webster CITY: Webster STATE: Texas IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: TXD000837369

Reference Number	Description of the Reference
20	ROC. To: Janet Greenwood, Supervisor, Galveston County Health Department. From: Pam Fetzer, FIT Geologist, EPA Region VI. Re: Privately Owned Ground Water Wells. March 14, 1989.
21	Texas Water Development Board, Ground-Water Data for Harris County, Texas, Volume II, Records of Wells, 1892-1972, Report 178: pp. 172, 173. January 1974.
22	ROC. To: Henry Fleming, Engineer, Corps. of Engineers From: Pam Fetzer, FIT Geologist, EPA Region VI. Re: Surface Water Use In Southeast Houston Area, March 14, 1989.
23	Application for Permit to Discharge Waste Water Form 2C NPDES. U.S. EPA Region VI. April 14, 1987.
24	ROC. To: Gene Keepper, Biologist, U.S. EPA, Region VI. From: Pam Fetzer, FIT Geologist, EPA Region VI. Re: Wetlands in the Southeast Houston Area. March 23, 1989.
25	Hahn, Robert, Texas Water Commission Inspector. Comprehensive Ground Water Monitoring Evaluation (CME) Report, TWC Reg. No. 31633, September 16, 1987.

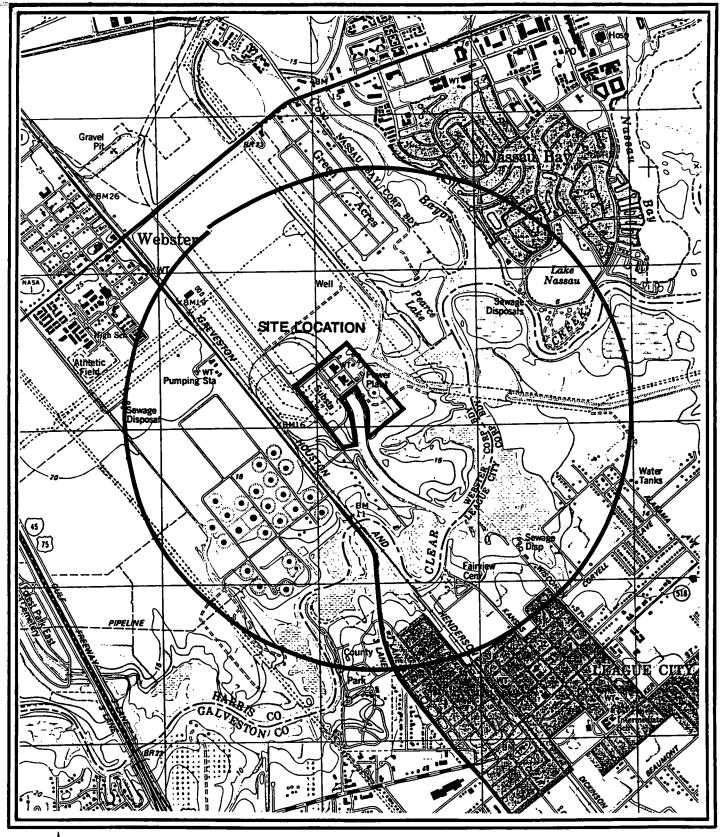
Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Site Ranking System

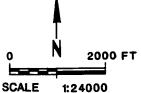
A Users Manual (HW-10)

Originally Published in the July 16, 1982, Federal Register

United States
Environmental Protection
Agency







Site Location Map
HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER
WEBSTER PLANT
WEBSTER, TX
TDD NO. F-6-8902-25
CERCLIS NO. TXD000837369



REFERENCE 3

Sinc Elous Properties Incustic Voiends

Sixth Edition

IIII N. Irving Sax MMW

792 CHROMIUM OXYCHLORIDE

Carcinogenic Determination: Animal Positive IARC** 23,205,80; Indefinite IARC** 2,100,73. Toxicology Review: 85DHAX Cr,22,74; 27ZTAP 3,38,69.

Standards and Regulations: OSHA Standard Air: CL 100 ug(CrO₃)/m³ (SCP-0) FEREAC 39,23540,74. DOT: Oxidizer, Label: Oxidizer FEREAC 41,47018,76. Occupational Exposure to Cr(VI) recm std: Air: TWA 25 ug(Cr(VI))/m3; CL 50 ug/m3/15M NTIS**. Meets Criteria for Proposed OSHA Medical Records Rule FEREAC 47,30420,82.

THR: MUT data. An exper TER, CARC. HIGH scu. See also chromium compounds.

Disaster Hazard: Powerful oxidizer.

Incomp: Acetic acid; acetic anhydride; acetic anhydride + tetrahydronaphthalene; acetone; alcohols; alkali metals; ammonia; arsenic; bromine pentafluoride; butyric acid: N.N-dimethylformamide: hydrogen sulfide: peroxyformic acid; phosphorus; potassium hexacyanoferrate; pyridine; selenium; sodium; sulfur.

CHROMIUM OXYCHLORIDE

CAS RN: 14977618 NIOSH #: GB 5775000 mf: Cl₂CrO₂; mw: 154.90

Dark red liquid, musty burning odor, mp: -96.5°; bp: 115.7°; d: 1.9145 @ 25°/4°; vap press: 20 mm @ 20°.

SYNS:

CHROMYL CHLORIDE CHLORURE DE CHROMYLE (FRENCH) CHROMIC OXYCHLORIDE CHROMIUM CHLORIDE OXIDE CHROMIUM DICHLORIDE DIOXIDE CHROMIUM DIOXIDE DICHLORIDE CHROMIUM (VI) DIOXYCHLORIDE CHROMYLCHLORID (GERMAN)

CHROMOXYLCHLORIDE (DUTCH) CROMILE, CLORURO DI (ITALIAN) CROMO, OSSICLORURO DI (ITAL-LAN) DICHLORODIOXOCHROMIUM DIOXODICHLOROCHROMIUM **OXYCHLORURE CHROMIQUE**

TOXICITY DATA: mmo-sat 50 ug/plate mma-sat 100 ug/plate

CODEN: CRNGDP 1,583,80 **CRNGDP 1,583,80**

(FRENCH)

Aquatic Toxicity Rating: TLm96:under 1 ppm WQCHM* 2,-,74. TLV-TWA 25 ppb DTLVS* 4, 100,80. DOT: Corrosive Material, Label Corrosive FEREAC 41,57018,76. Occupational Exposure to Chromium (VI) recm std: Air: CL 1 ug (Cr(VI))/m3 NTIS**. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.

THR: HIGH via scu and inhl routes. A strong irr. Hydrolyzes to form chromic and hydrochloric acids. See chromium compounds. Reacts violently with alcohol, ether, acetone, turpentine, NH₃, (Cl₂ + C), F₂, P, PCl₃, NaN₃,

Disaster Hazard: Dangerous; see chlorides.

Incomp: During preparation can violently explode. Ammonia: disulfur dichloride; organic solvents; phosphorus, or phosphorus trichloride; sodium azide; sulfur.

CHROMIUM(6+) ZINC OXIDE HYDRATE (1:2:6:1)

CAS RN: 15930946 NIOSH #: GB 3260000 mf: $CrO_4 \cdot H_2O_2 \cdot Zn_2 \cdot H_2O$; mw: 298.78

SYNS:

BUTTERCUP YELLOW ZINC CHROMATE HYDROXIDE ZINC CHROMATE (VI) HYDROXIDE ZINC HYDROXYCHROMATE ZINC YELLOW

TOXICITY DATA: 3 CODEN:

Carcinogenic Determination: Animal Positive IARC 2,100,73; Human Positive IARC** 23,205,80. Toxicol. ogv Review: PEXTAR 12,102,69; 85DHAX Cr,22.74 AMTODM 3,209,77. Occupational Exposure to Chromium (VI) recm std: Air: CL 1 ug(Cr(VI))/m3 NTIS**.

THR: A hmn + CARC. An exper CARC. See also chromium and zinc compounds.

CHROMOMYCIN SODIUM

NIOSH #: RK 43853002

Produced by a strain of Actinomyces Olivoreticul (85ERAY 2,1322,78)

SYN: OLIVOMYCIN, SODIUM SALT

TOXICITY DATA: CODEN: ANTBAL 7,53,62 ipr-rat LDLo:1 mg/kg ANTBAL 7.53,62 ivn-rat LDLo: 1 mg/kg ANTBAL 7,53,62 . 325orl-mus LDLo: 250 mg/kg ipr-mus LD50:12700 ug/kg ANTBAL 7,53,62 6.38 ANTBAL 7.53.62 TURGET scu-mus LD50:15600 ug/kg ivn-mus LD50:138 mg/kg 85ERAY 2,1322,78 ANTBAL 7,53,62 ivn-dog LDLo: 300 ug/kg ANTBAL 7,53,62:17 ivn-rbt LDLo: 2500 ug/kg ANTBAL 7,53,62 1 34/6 ipr-gpg LDLo:2 mg/kg

THR: HIGH ipr, ivn, orl, scu.

..... L auto Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits acri smoke and irr fumes.

CHROMYL AZIDE CHLORIDE

mf: ClCrN₃O₂; mw: 161.47

Explosive.

CHROMYL ISOCYANATE

mf: C₂CrN₂O₄; mw: 168.03

Weak explosion of salt when evaporated with hear atmospheric pressure.

CHROMYL PERCHLORATE

mf: Cl₂CrO₁₀; mw: 282.90

Incomp: Self-explodes or organic solvents.

C.I. 45405

CAS RN: 6441776

NIOSH #: LM 582000

mf: C₂₀H₆Br₄Cl₂O₅•2K; mw: 794.93

SYNS:

C.I. ACID RED 98 PHLOXINE

TOYO ACID PHLOXINE SOR

TOXICITY DATA: mmo-esc 15 mg/L

CODEN: MUREAV 16,165,72 ipr-rbt LD50:250 mg/kg scu-rbt LDLo:500 mg/kg jvn-rbt LDLo:400 mg/kg JPETAB 42,253,31 JPETAB 49,187,33 JPETAB 60,125,37

THR: MOD by ingestion. Large doses cause marked depression (sometimes preceded by excitation), prolonged coma and death. Allergic skin reactions may occur from contact. Has been implicated in development of aplastic anemia. A truly habit forming drug. An exper TER in mus. MUT data.

Fire Hazard: Slight, when heated.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of NO_x .

BARBITURATES

SYNS:

DERIVATIVES OF BARBITURIC ACID: I.E.

BARBITONE
BARBITAL SODIUM

BARBITAL

THR: MOD by ingestion. Large doses cause marked depression (sometimes preceded by excitation), prolonged coma and death. Allergic skn reactions may occur from contact. Has been implicated in development of aplastic anemia. A truly habit forming drug.

Fire Hazard: Slight, when heated.

BARBITURIC ACID

mf: C₄H₄O₃N₂; mw: 128.1

Crystals or white to yellow-white powder. mp: 245°; bp: 260° (decomp).

THR: MOD irr to skin, eyes and mu mem. An allergen. Has no hypnotic properties.

Fire Hazard: Slight.

BARBITURIC ACID, 5,5-DIETHYL MIXED WITH 4-(DIMETHYLAMINO)ANTIPYRINE

CAS RN: 69401338

NIOSH #: CD 2630000

SYN: PYRABITAL

TOXICITY DATA: 3

CODEN:

scu-mus TDLo:600 mg/kg (9-11D

TJADAB 16,118,77

THR: An exper TER.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of NO.

BARIUM

CAS RN: 7440393

NIOSH #: CA 8370000

af: Ba; at wt: 137.36

Silver-white, slightly lustrous, somewhat malleable metal. mp: 725°, bp: 1640°, d: 3.5 @ 20°, vap. press: 10 mm @ 1049°.

TOXICITY DATA:

CODEN:

TLV: Air: 500 ug/m3 DTLVS* 4,35,80. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory. 1980.

THR: No data. See also barium compounds.

Fire Hazard: Dangerous and explosive in form of dust when exposed to heat or flame or by chemical reaction.

Incomp: Acids, CCl₄, C₂Cl₃F₃, C₂H₂FCl₃, C₂Cl₄, C₂HCl₃ and water. 1,1,2-trichloro trifluoro ethane, fluorotrichloroethane, fluorotrichloromethane, trichloroethylene can detonate in contact with Ba.

For further information see Vol. 1, No. 7 and Vol. 3, No. 4 of *DPIM Report*.

BARIUM ACETATE

CAS RN: 543806

NIOSH #: AF 4550000

mf: C₄H₆O₄•Ba; mw: 255.44

White cryst. Water sol.

SVNS

ACETIC ACID, BARIUM SALT

OCTAN BARNATY (CZECH)

BARIUM DIACETATE

TOXICITY DATA:

3-2 CODEN:

ori-rat LD50:921 mg/kg ivn-mus LD50:11 mg/kg scu-rbt LDLo:96 mg/kg ivn-rbt LDLo:12 mg/kg MarJV# 29MAR77 TXAPA9 22,150,72 EQSSDX 1,1,75 EQSSDX 1,1,75

OSHA Standard: Air: TWA 500 ppm (SCP-X) FEREAC 39,23540,74. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.

THR: HIGH ivn, scu. MOD orl.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits acrid smoke.

BARIUM ACETYLIDE

mf: C₂Ba; mw: 161.35

Incomp: Halogens, selenium.

BARIUM AZIDE

CAS RN: 18810587

NIOSH #: CO 8500000

mf: BaN₆: mw: 221.40

Monoclinic prisms. mp: $-N_2$ @ about 120°, bp: explodes, d: 2.936.

TOXICITY DATA: 3 CODEN:

Aquatic Toxicity Rating: TLm96: 100-10 ppm WQCHM* 2,-,74. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.

THR: See barium compounds (sol) and azides.

Explosion Hazard: Mod when shocked or exposed to heat.

Around 275°, spont flammable in air. Very unstable.

Disaster Hazard: Dangerous; shock and heat will explode it.

BARIUM AZIDE (WET)

CAS RN: 18810587

NIOSH #: CQ 8510000

Compound contains 50% or more water (FEREAC 41,15972,76)

TOXICITY DATA: 3 CODEN:

DOT: Flammable Solid, Label: Flammable Solid FER-EAC 41,57018,76. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980

THR: HIGH tox. See also barium compounds and azides. Disaster Hazard: Possibly explosive.

610 CADMIUM

TOXICITY DATA:

Currently tested by NTP for carcinogenesis by standard bioassay protocol as of December 1980.

THR: No data. Under CARC test.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits acrid smoke and fumes.

CADMIUM

CAS RN: 7440439 mf: Cd; mw: 112.40 NIOSH #: EU 9800000

Hexagonal crystals, silver-white malleable metal. mp: 320.9° , bp: $767 \pm 2^{\circ}$, d: 8.642, vap. press: 1 mm @ 394° .

SYNS:

CT 77180

KADMIUM (GERMAN)

TOXICITY DATA: 3 CODENivn-rat TDLo: 1250 ug/kg/(9D **EVHPAZ 28,245,79** preg):TER ipr-mus TDLo: 2248 ug/kg/(8D **TJADAB 13,33A,76** preg):TER ivn-ham TDLo: 2 mg/kg/(8D **EXPEAM 25,56,69** preg):TER NCIUS* PH-43-64ims-rat TDLo:45 mg/kg/4W-I:NEO 886,SEPT,71 ims-rat TD:70 mg/kg:ETA **BJCAAI 18,124,64** ims-rat TD:63 mg/kg:ETA NATUAS 193,592,62 ihl-man TCLo:88 ug/m3/8.6Y:SYS **AEHLAU 28.147.74** ihl-hmn LCLo:39 mg/m3/20M AIHAAP 31,180,70 unk-man LDLo: 15 mg/kg 85DCAI 2,73,70 orl-rat LD50:225 mg/kg TXAPA9 41,667,77 ipr-rat LD50:4 mg/kg TXAPA9 41,667,77 scu-rat LD50:9 mg/kg TXAPA9 41,667,77 ivn-rat LD50:3 mg/kg TXAPA9 41,667,77 unk-rat LD50:712 mg/kg GTPZAB 22(5),6,78 unk-mus LD50:636 mg/kg GTPZAB 22(5),6,78 orl-rbt LDLo:70 mg/kg **AMPMAR 34,127,73** scu-rbt LDLo:6 mg/kg PROTA* -,-,55 NCIUS® PH-43-64-886 ims-ham LDLo: 25 mg/kg cvt-ham:ovr | umol/L CGCGBR 26,251,80 ipr-rat TDLo: 1124 ug/kg (1D male) TXAPA9 41,194,77 scu-rat TDLo:250 ug/kg (19D preg) APTOD9 19,A122,80 orl-mus TDLo:448 mg/kg (MGN) **AEHLAU 23,102,71**

Carcinogenic Determination: Animal Positive IARC** 2,74,73.

TLV: Air: 0.05 mg/m3 DTLVS* 4,59,80; TRBMAV 33(1),85,75; JDSCAE 58(12),1767,75; JFDSAZ 39,321,74; AMBOCX 3(2),55,74; QURBAW 7(1), 75,74; AEMBAP 40,239,73; NTIS** PB-221,198; 11(11),1300,75; FOREAE KOTTAM 7.313.42: STEVA8 2(4),341,74; FCTXAV 9,105,71; AJMEAZ 38,409,65; ENVRAL 4,71,71; 85CVA2 5,63,70; PEX-TAR 12,102,69; PDTNBH 6,204,77; BNYMAM 54,413,78; AMTODM 3,209,77; GSAMAQ 123, 109,71. OSHA Standard: Air: TWA 200 ug/m3; CL 600 (SCP-W) FEREAC 39,23540,74. Occupational Exposure to Cadmium recm std: Air: TWA 40 ug/m3; CL 200 ug/m3/15M NTIS**. "NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods" VOL 1 191,223,224, VOL 3 S312, S313, VOL 5 173#. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.

THR: MUT data. An exper TER, NEO, ETA, CARC. A human SYS. HIGH hmn ihl, unk. HIGH orl, ipr,

scu, ivn, ims. MOD unk. See also cadmium compounds. Fire Hazard: Mod, in the form of dust when exposed to heat or flame or by chemical reaction with oxidizing agents, metals, HN₃, Zn, Se and Te.

Explosion Hazard: Mod, in the form of dust when exposed to flame.

Disaster Hazard: Dangerous; cadmium dust can react vigorously with oxidizing materials.

For further information see Vol. 1, No. 1 and Vol. 3, No. 5 of *DPIM Report*.

CADMIUM (II) ACETATE

CAS RN: 543908 NIOSH #: EU 9810000 mf: C₂H₄O₂·1/2Cd; mw: 116.25

Monoclinic colorless crystals, odor of acetic acid. mp: 256°, bp: decomp, d: 2.341.

SYNS:

BIS(ACETOXY)CADMIUM

C.I. 77185

CADMIUM DIACETATE

TOXICITY DATA: CODEN: otr-ham:emb 1 umol/L CNREA8 39,193,79 CNREA8 39,193,79 dnd-ham :emb 1 umol/L ipr-mus LD50: 14 mg/kg TXAPA9 49.41.79 MUREAV 85,236,81 cvt-hmn:lvm 10 nmol/L ipr-rat TDLo:2371 ug/kg (14D preg) **RECTA6 20.206.78** ipr-rat TDLo:1 mg/kg (14D preg) BECTA6 23,25,79 **BECTA6 23.25,79** ipr-rat TDLo:2 mg/kg (20D preg)

Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.

THR: MUT data. HIGH ipr. See also cadmium com-

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits too fumes of Cd.

CADMIUM BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHOSPHITE

CAS RN: 7495934 NIOSH #: TG 6475000

mf: C₃₂H₆₈O₆P₂•Cd; mw: 723.34

SYN: PHOSPHORUS ACID, BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) ESTER, CADMIUM SALT

TOXICITY DATA: 3 CODEN: ipr-mus LDLo:250 mg/kg CBCCT* 7,790,55

Occupational Exposure to Cadmium recm std: Air: TWA 40 ug/m3; CL 200 ug/m3/15M NTIS**.

THR: HIGH ipr. See also cadmium compounds.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits to fumes of PO_x and Cd.

CADMIUM CAPRYLATE

CAS RN: 2191108 NIOSH #: RH 037000 mf: C₁₆H₃₀O₄•Cd; mw: 398.86

SYN: OCTANOIC ACID, CADMIUM SALT (2:1)

TOXICITY DATA: 3-2 CODEN:
orl-rat LD50:950 mg/kg
itr-rat LDLo:10 mg/kg
orl-mus LD50:300 mg/kg
JHEMA2 18,144,74
JHEMA2 18,144,74

Occupational Exposure to Cadmium recm std: Air: TW 40 ug/m3; CL 200 ug/m3/15M NTIS**. Reported: EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.

SYN: MERCURY NUCLEATE, SOLID (DOT)

TOXICITY DATA:

DOT: Poison B, Label: Poison FEREAC 41,57018,76. Occupational Exposure to Inorganic Mercury recm std: Air: TWA 0.05 mg(Hg)/m3 NTIS**.

THR: A poison. See also mercury compounds.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of Hg.

MERCUROPHEN

CAS RN: 17140737 NIOSH #: OW 4550000 mf: C₆H₄HgNO₄•Na; mw: 377.70

Brick-red odorless powder. Sol in hot H₂O.

TOXICITY DATA: CODEN: ivn-rat LDLo:8 mg/kg 12VXA5 8,661,68 ims-rat LDLo:12 mg/kg 12VXA5 8,661,68 ivn-rbt LDLo:4 mg/kg 12VXA5 8,661,68

Occupational Exposure to Inorganic Mercury recm std: Air: TWA 0.05 mg(Hg)/m3 NTIS**.

THR: HIGH ivn, ims. See also mercury compounds. Poi-

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits very tox fumes of NO_x and Hg vapors.

MERCUROPHYLLINE

CAS RN: 8012348

NIOSH #: OV 8650000

SYNS:

MERCUPURIN

MERCUZANTHIN

TOXICITY DATA: 3-2 CODEN: ivn-hmn TDLo:28 mg/kg:CNS JAMAAP 117,1806,41 scu-mus LD50:163 mg(Hg)/kg JPETAB 105,336,52 ivn-mus LD50:1410 mg/kg JPETAB 99,149,50 ivn-cat LDLo:250 mg/kg JPETAB 99,149,50 ivn-rbt LDLo: 177 mg/kg JPETAB 99,149,50

Occupational Exposure to Inorganic Mercury recm std: Air: TWA 0.05 mg(Hg)/m3 NTIS**.

THR: A hmn CNS. HIGH scu, ivn. MOD ivn. See also mercury compounds.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of Hg.

MERCUROUS CHLORIDE

CAS RN: 7546307 mf: Cl₂Hg₂; mw: 472.09

NIOSH #: OV 8750000

White, odorless, tasteless, heavy powder or crystals. Sunlight causes it to decomp into mercuric chloride and metallic Hg. Insol in H₂O, alc and ether. Protect from light. Subl @ 400°; d: 7.150.

SYNS:

MERCURY(I) CHLORIDE C.I. 77764 CALOMEL CALOMELANO (ITALIAN) CHLORURE MERCUREUX (FRENCH)

MERCUROCHLORIDE (DUTCH) MERCURY MONOCHLORIDE MERCURY PROTOCHLORIDE MILD MERCURY CHLORIDE QUECKSILBER(I)-CHLORID (GER-MAN)

SUBCHLORIDE OF MERCURY

CLORURO MERCUROSO (ITALIAN) KALOMEL (GERMAN)

TOXICITY DATA:

mre-bes 50 mmol/L ori-rat LD50:210 mg/kg CODEN:

MUREAV 77,109,80 WRPCA2 9.119.70

Toxicology Review: SDGTB3 1(2),177,71; RREVAH 42,103,72; 27ZTAP 3,91,69. Occupational Exposure to Inorganic Mercury recm std: Air: TWA 0.05 mg(Hg)/ m3 NTIS**. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980. THR: MUT data. HIGH orl. See also mercury com-

3

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits very tox fumes of Cl- and Hg.

Human Tox: Excessive doses may cause Hg poisoning. Antidote: BAL (Dimercaprol). If laxation from oral mercurous chloride should not occur, saline laxative must be administered to prevent possibility of Hg poisoning.

Med Incomp: Bromides, iodides, alkali chlorides, sulfates, sulfites, carbonates, hydroxides, lime water, acacia, ammonia, golden antimony sulfide, cocaine, cyanides, copper salts, hydrogen peroxide, iodine, iodoform, Pb salts, silver salts, soap, sulfides.

MERCURY

CAS RN: 7439976 af: Hg; aw: 200.59

NIOSH #: OV 4550000

GISAAA 45(3),72,80

Silvery liquid, metallic element. mp: -38.89°, bp: 356.9°, d: 13.546, vap. press: 1 mm @ 126.2°. vap press: @ $25^{\circ} = 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mm}.$

SYNS:

COLLOIDAL MERCURY NCI-C60399 KWIK (DUTCH) QUECKSILBER (GERMAN) MERCURE (FRENCH) QUICK SILVER MERCURIO (ITALIAN) RTEC (POLISH) MERCURY, METALLIC (DOT)

CODEN: TOXICITY DATA: ihl-rat TCLo:890 ng/m3/24H (16W GISAAA 45(3),72,80 male)

ihl-rat TCLo:7440 ng/m3/24H (16W

ipr-rat TDLo:400 mg/kg/14D-I:ETA

ZEKBAI 61.511.57 ihl-wmn TCLo:150 ug/m3/46D:GIT **AEHLAU 33,186,78** ihl-wmn TCLo:150 ug/m3/46D:CNS **AEHLAU 33,186,78** ihl-rbt LCLo:29 mg/m3/30H AMIHBC 7.19.53

TLV: Air: 0.05 mg(Hg)/m3 (skin) DTLVS* 4,254,80. Toxicology Review: AJOGAH 126(3),390,76; JTEHD6 TRBMAV 33(1),85,75; 2(3),491,77; 213(5781),159,74; JDSCAE 58(12),1767,75; CPEDAM 13,783,74; QURBAW 7(1),75,74; AEMBAP 48,463,74; 164(3),277,74; 31ZNAA 2,365,73; JAVMA4 AEMBAP 40,239,73; CTOXAO 5(2),151,72; BIOGAL 41(7),208,75; ADTEAS 5,51,72; RREVAH 42,103,72; FOREAE 7,313,42; NISIA9 27(9),942,74; MIBUBI 9(4),321,75; STEVA8 2(4),341,74; ENVRAL 13,36,77; 85CVA2 5,63,70; JOCMA7 2,337,60; PEXTAR 12.102,69; PDTNBH 6,204,77.

OSHA Standard: Air: CL 1 mg/10m3 (SCP-N) FEREAC 39,23540,74. DOT: ORM-B, Label: None FEREAC 41,57018,76. Occupational Exposure to Inorganic Mercury recm std: Air: TWA 0.05 mg(Hg)/m3 NTIS**. "NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods" VOL 1

SYNS:

SILICON TETRACHLORIDE

TETRACHLOROSILANE

TOXICITY DATA:

2

CODEN:

ihl-rat LC50:8000 ppm/4H

JIHTAB 31,343,49

Aquatic Toxicity Rating: TLm96:1000-100 ppm WQCHM* 4,-,74. DOT: Corrosive Material, Label: Corrosive FEREAC 41,57018,76. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980. EPA TSCA 8(a) Preliminary Assessment Information Proposed Rule FERREAC 45,13646,80.

SKIN AND EYE IRRITATION

DATA:

CODEN:

skn-rbt 500 mg/24H SEV eye-rbt 20 mg/24H SEV

28ZPAK -,14,72 28ZPAK -.14.72

THR: SEV skn, eye irr. MOD ihl. Decomp by water with much heat into silicic acid and HCl.

Disaster Hazard: Dangerous; when heated to decomp it emits highly tox furnes of HCl; will react with water or steam to produce heat and tox and corrosive fumes. Incomp: Dimethyl sulfoxide, K. Na.

SILICON FLUORIDE

CAS RN: 7783611

NIOSH #: VW 2327000

CODEN:

mf: F₄Si; mw: 104.09

Colorless gas, very pungent odor; mp: -77°; bp: -65° @ 181 mm; d: 4.67.

TOXICITY DATA:

DOT: Nonflammable Gas, Label: Nonflammable Gas FEREAC 41,57018,76. Reported in EPA TSCA Inven-

THR: No data. See also fluorides and hydrofluoric acid. Very irr to skn, eyes and mu mem.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of F-.

SILICON OXIDE

mf: OSi; mw: 44.09

THR: No tox data. Explodes spontaneously in air.

SILICON TETRAAZIDE

mf: N₁₂Si; mw: 196.17

THR: No tox data. See also azides. Has exploded spont. Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of NO_x.

SILK

NIOSH #: VW 2700000

TOXICITY DATA:

CODEN:

imp-rat TDLo:36 mg/kg:ETA

CNREA8 15,333,55

THR: An exper ETA. In the form of dust it is an allergen and a nuisance dust. A MOD fire hazard and expl

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits acrid smoke and fumes.

SILVER

CAS RN: 7440224

NIOSH #: VW 3500000

af: Ag; aw: 107.87

Soft, ductile, malleable, lustrous, white metal. mp: 961.93°, bp: 2212°, d: 10.50 @ 20°.

SYNS:

ARGENTUM C.I. 77820

SILBER (GERMAN)

SILVER ATOM

SHELL SILVER

TOXICITY DATA:

3 mul-rat TDLo:330 mg/kg/43W-I

CODEN: ZEKBAI 63,586.60

TFX:ETA

imp-rat TDLo: 2400 mg/kg TFX: ETA imp-mus TDLo:11 gm/kg TFX:ETA

CNREA8 16,439,56 NATWAY 42,75,55

NATWAY 42,75,55

imp-rat TD:2570 mg/kg TFX:ETA ihl-hma TCLo:1 mg/m3 TFX:SKN

DTLVS* 3.231.71

TLV: Air: 0.1 mg/m3 DTLVS* 4,367,80. Toxicology Review: FOREAE 7,313,42; MIBUBI 9(4),321,75; PTPAD4 1,127,76; AJMEAZ 38,409,65; PEXTAR 12,102,69. OSHA Standard: Air: TWA 10 ug/m3 (SCP-N) FEREAC 39,23540,74. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.

THR: An exper ETA. A hmn SKN. See also silver compounds.

Fire Hazard: Mod, in the form of dust, when exposed to flame or by chemical reaction with C₂H₂, NH₃, bromoazide, ClF₃, ethylene imine, H₂O₂, oxalic acid,

H₂SO₄, tartaric acid. See also powdered metals. For further information see Vol. 1, No. 1 of DPIM Report.

SILVER ACETYLIDE

mf: C₂HAg; mw: 132.90

THR: No tox data. See also silver compounds.

Explosion Hazard: Very high.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits acrid smoke and fumes.

SILVER AMIDE

mf: AgH₂N; mw: 123.89

THR: No tox data. See also silver compounds. Very explosive when dry.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of NO_r.

SILVER 5-AMINOTETRAZOLIDE

mf: CH₂AgN₅; mw: 191.93

THR: No tox data. See also silver compounds. When heated it explodes.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of NO_r.

SILVER AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS

THR: See silver compounds.

Explosion Hazard: Severe, when shocked, exposed to heat or by chemical reaction.

2390 SELENIOUS ACID

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of Se.

SELENIOUS ACID

CAS RN: 7783008 NIOSH #: VS 7175000

mf: H₂O₃Se; mw: 128.98

Transparent colorless crystals; mp: decomp; d: 3.004 @ 15°/4°; vap press: 2 mm @ 15°. Very sol in alc; insol in ammonia.

TOXICITY DATA: 3 CODEN:

orl-rat LDLo:25 mg/kg NCNSA6 5,28,53
ipr-rat LDLo:10 mg/kg NCNSA6 5,28,53
ivn-mus LD50:11 mg/kg CSLNX* NX#05656

OSHA Standard: Air: TWA 200 ug(Se)/m3 (SCP-X) FEREAC 39,23540,74. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.

THR: HIGH orl, ipr, ivn. See also selenium.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of Se.

SELENIUM

CAS RN: 7782492 NIOSH #: VS 7700000 af: Se; aw: 78.96

Steel gray, non-metallic element; mp: 170°-217°; bp: 690°; d: 4.81-4.26; vap press: 1 mm @ 356°.

SYNS:

ivn-rat LD50:6 mg/kg

unk-frg LDLo:3 mg/kg

SELENIUM ALLOY

SELENIUM BASE

SELEN (POLISH)

SELENIUM HOMOPOLYMER

C.I. 77805

TOXICITY DATA: 3 CODEN:
orl-mus TDLo:134 mg/kg (MGN)
orl-mus TDLo:480 mg/kg/
60D-C:ETA
ihl-rat LDLo:33 mg/kg/8H

CODEN:
AEHLAU 23,102,71
YMBUA7 11,368,60
AMIHBC 4,458,51

TLV: Air: 0.2 mg/m3 (Se) DTLVS* 4,361.80.

Toxicology Review: CTOXAO 6(3),459,73; CTOXAO 5(2),175,72; 31ZNAA JAVMA4 4(3),271,76; 164(3),277,74; CTOXAO 5(2),151,72; IJMDAI 10(4),416,74; JAMAAP 116,562,41; CHREAY 28, 179,41; ADTEAS 5,51,72; PHREA7 23,305,43; FOREAE 7,313,42; KOTTAM 11(11),1300,75; 85CVA2 5,63,70; PEXTAR 12,102,69; BNYMAM 54,413,78; AMTODM 3,209,77. OSHA Standard: Air: TWA 200 ug(Se)/m3 (SCP-X) FEREAC 39,23540,74. "NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods" VOL 1 124,181, VOL 3 S190. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.

AMIHBC 4,458,51

PHREA7 23,305,43

THR: An exper ETA. HIGH ihl, ivn, unk. See also selenium compounds.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of Se; Can react violently with barium carbide, bromine pentafluoride, calcium carbide, chlorates, chlorine trifluoride, chromic oxide (CrO₃), fluorine, lithium carbide, lithium silicon (Li₆ Si₂), nickel, nitric

acid, sodium, nitrogen trichloride, oxygen, potassium, potassium bromate, rubidium carbide, zinc, silver bromate, strontium carbide, thorium carbide, uranium. For further information see Vol. 1, No. 3 of *DPIM Report*.

SELENIUM (COLLOIDAL)

CAS RN: 7782492 NIOSH #: VS 8310000

TOXICITY DATA: 3 CODEN: ivn-rat LDLo:6 mg/kg JPETAB 33,270,28

Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.

THR: HIGH ivn. See also selenium and selenium compounds.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits tox fumes of Se.

SELENIUM COMPOUNDS

THR: HIGH via ivn and inhal routes. An exper carc. Selenium in small amounts is essential for normal growth of some animals. Deficiency or excess is associated with serious disease in livestock. Long-term exposure may be a cause of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis in hmns, just as it may cause "blind staggers" in cattle. Elemental selenium has low acute systemic toxicity, but dust or fumes can cause serious irr of the respiratory tract. Hydrogen selenide resembles other hydrides in being highly toxic, and selenium oxychloride is a vesicant. Some organoselenium compounds have the high toxicity of other organometals. Inorganic selenium compounds can cause dermatitis. Garlic odor of breath is a common symptom. Pallor, nervousness, depression and digestive disturbances have been reported in cases of chronic exposure. Selenium compounds are common air contaminants.

SELENIUM DIMETHYLDITHIOCARBAMATE

CAS RN: 144343 NIOSH #: VT 0780000

mf: C₁₂H₂₄N₄S₈·Se; mw: 559.84

Yellow powd, cryst; d: 1.58; M range: 140°-172°.

SYNS:

METHYL SELENAC

TETRAKIS(DIMETHYLCARBAM-ODITHIOATO-S,S')SELENIUM

372

TOXICITY DATA: 3 CODEN:

Carcinogenic Determination: Indefinite IARC** 12, 161,76. Toxicology Review: 85CVA2 5,250,70. Reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, 1980.

THR: An exper ± CARC. See also selenium compounds and carbamates.

Disaster Hazard: When heated to decomp it emits very tox fumes of Se, SO_x and NO_x.

SELENIUM (IV) DIOXIDE (1:2)

CAS RN: 7446084 NIOSH #: VS 8575000

mf: O₂Se; mw: 110.96

White to slightly reddish, lustrous crystalline powder or

Reference

TECHNICAL PAPER NO. 40

RAINFALL FREQUENCY ATLAS OF THE UNITED STATES

for Durations from 30 Minutes to 24 Hours and Return Periods from 1 to 100 Years

Prepared by
DAVID M. HERSHFIELD
Cooperative Studies Section, Hydrologic Services Division

10

Engineering Division, Sall Conservation Service
U.S. Department of Agriculture

NOTICE

Rainfall-frequency information for durations of 1 hour and less for the Central and Eastern States has been superseded by NOAA Technical Memorandum NWS HYDRO-35 Five to Sixty-Minute Precipitation Frequency for the Eastern and Central United States. This publication (Accession No. PB 272-112/AS) is obtainable from:

National Technical Information Service 5285 Port Royal Road Springfield, VA 22161



WASHINGTON, D.C.

11-, 1961

THIS AILAS IS OBSOLETE FOR THE FULLOWING 11 WESTERN STATES: Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Mevada, Mew Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

MONA ATLAS 2: PRECIPITATION-FREQUENCY ATLAS OF THE MESTERN UNITED STATES (GPO: 11 Vols., 1973) supersedes the Technical Paper 40 data for those states.

All but 3 of the 11 state volumes are out of print, and no reprint is presently planned,

Institutions in the eleven western states likely to have copies of these volumes for their state for public inspection are:

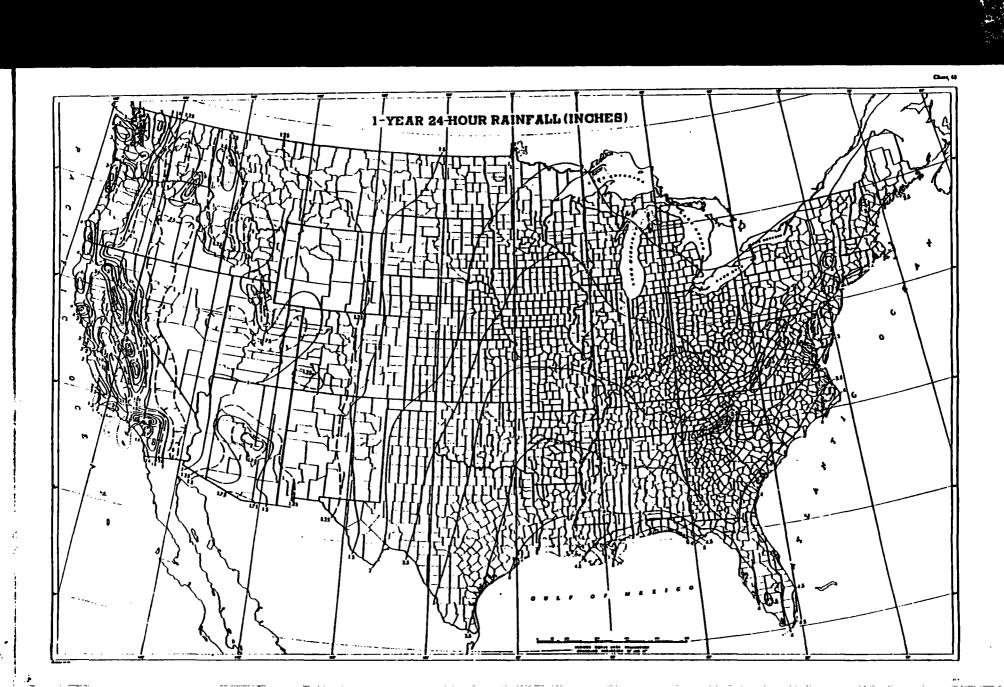
US Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service Offices
US Army Corps of Engineers Offices
Selected University Libraries .
National Meather Service Offices (may also have volumes for adjacent states).
National Meather Service Forecast Offices (may have all eleven volumes)

Elsewhere, libraries of universities where hydrology and meteorology degree programs are offered may shelve some of the cleven volumes.

The three volumes in print as of 1 Jan 1983 at the GPO are:

Yol	<u>State</u>	GPO Stock Hurber	Price
14	Hew Hextco	003-017-00158-0	\$10.0
VI	Utah	003-017-00160-1	12.0
YII	lievada	003-017-00161-0	9.5

the GPO Order number is 702-783 3238 for VISA and MASIERCARD orders which





TWC Reg. No. 31633

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION

Comprehensive GW Monitoring Evaluation (CME) Report

INSPECTION COVER SHEET

		C.O.	Jse Only
EPA ID No. TX D 60083773	369 JUN 0	8 1987 Date	Entry Date
NAME OF COMPANY Houston L	ighting and	Power-u	Debeter
SITE ADDRESS P.O. Box 17	Oc, Houston	r, Texas	Tel (713) 922-218
COUNTY Harris TYPE OF I			
(Specify for each Waste _	Detection Mon		
Management Area "WMA")			J - J
Inspection Information: Inspector(s) Robert Hall Participants Doug Chip Type of Inspection (check) EV	(HLZP) PIZ	hard Byel	
Evaluation: S	U		
A. Monitoring System	J	Signed: P	Put W. Laha
B. Sampling Procedures X		Date: <u>5</u> -	27-87
C. Analysis & Results	-	Signed: Mo	y L. Ambras
D. Records & Response	-	Date: <u>6/5</u>	Reviewer 187
Co Cabiglagham		PS	L - 6/5/07
S= Satisfactory U= Unsatisf	actory .		
r			•
Overall Evaluation: Complia	ant X NonComplia	ant	

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION Comprehensive GW Monitoring Evaluation (CME) Report

CONTENTS SHEET

FACILITY	NAME Houston Lighting and Power - Webster Generating Station
<u>×</u> 1.	Code Sheet (0814)
² .	Interoffice Memorandum (ICM)
<u>×</u> 3.	Inspection Cover Sheet
<u>×</u> 4.	Technical Report, with supporting Attachments
	X A. Monitoring System
	X B. Sampling Procedures
	* C. Analysis and Results
	X D. Records and Response
5. 6. 7.	EV Inspection Checklist (if joint inspection with District Office) Notice of Violation (NOV) / Enforcement Letter to Facility Other (describe)
* If a re	quired Checklist is omitted, Explain:
* Sec	tion will be submitted when results
of	sample analysis are completed.

COMPREHENSIVE MONITORING EVALUATION SUMMARY

The Comprehensive Monitoring Evaluation was conducted at the Houston Lighting and Power Webster Generating Plant on April 24, 1987.

Findings:

The locations of monitor wells installed at the Webster Plant were approved on July 22, 1982 by the Texas Department of Water Resources. The following findings represent deficiencies in the ground-water monitoring program which is no longer in operation due to certified closures of the surface impoundments under an approved closure plan.

- Background ground-water quality was not properly defined. The upgradient well, MWl, is influenced by water quality from the saline Discharge Canal.
- 2. All monitor wells appear to have been improperly surveyed or reported incorrectly. Elevations of screened intervals and total depths reported with respect to Mean Sea Level do not take into consideration stick up lengths or ground surface elvations.
- 3. Total well depth measurements have not been performed to confirm discrepancies noted in various reports.
- 4. Total Organic Carbon and phenols have not been preserved with acid in the field.

Because of the following: (1) the locations of the monitor wells were approved by the TWC (then the TDWR), (2) the surface impoundments have been certified clean closed and soil and water samples have not confirmed any release, no further action required by the company is warranted. The company should be requested to resolve the discrepancies noted concerning monitor well elevations, total depths, and screened interval elevations for the Central Records files and before approval of the Affidavit of Exclusion.

TECHNICAL REVIEW Comprehensive Ground Water Monitoring Evaluation

I. Introduction

- A. Company Houston Lighting and Power Company Webster Generating Station
 - 1. Process description: Electrical power generation.
 - 2. Plant site has been in operation since: May 1965.
- B. Physiography and Climate
 - 1. Site Topography Attachment A (indicate site location directly on map or reproduction)

Slope <1% to the south.

- 2. Average Annual:
 - a. Rainfall 48 inches b. Temperature 69 F

 - c. Evaporation 50 inches
- 3. Was an annual water balance budget submitted by the company (yes/no)? NO.
- 4. Surficial Soils Map Attachment B
 - a. Soil type Midland silty clay loam.
 - b. Soil properties, including permeability, texture, etc. -

The surface impoundments are constructed on Midland Series silty clay loam soils. This soil series consists of multicolored clays which are slightly to strongly acidic, very hard, sticky and plastic. The soil is characterized as having a high to very high shrink swell capacity, high available water capacity, low permeability, poor drainage, and contains some non-intersecting slickensides, few iron, manganese and some calcium carbonate concretions below a depth of 30 inches. Attachment B also presents a table of the soil properties.

5. Proximity to surface water bodies and other recharge/discharge features: The site is adjacent to Clear Creek and 1 mile east of Clear Lake. Two plant water wells screened at 460 and 640 ft. depths exist on-site for use as process water. A cooling water discharge canal which influences water quality in Monitor well MW-1, is located north of MW-1. The distance as indicated on a map is approximately 130 ft. away from MW-1; however, the actual

distance is less than 100 ft. A small ditch full of water is located approximately 15 ft. between MW-1 and the discharge canal. The bank of the discharge canal is approximately 10 ft. higher in elevation in comparison to the ground elevation at MW-1.

6. Proximity to water supply wells:

A survey of water wells located within a 2.5 mile radius of the plant revealed the presence of 152 water wells which included 60 domestic wells, 26 public or municipal wells, 25 wells without documentation, 19 wells no longer in use, 13 industrial wells, 3 water level observation wells, 1 livestock well and 1 service station well. The wells range in depth from 84 to 700 feet deep and are either completed in the Beaumont Aquifer (Upper Chicot) or Evangeline Aquifer (Lower Chicot). Two plant water wells having screen depths of 460 and 640 feet are located within the property boundaries.

- C. Waste Management Units:
 - Indicate units on Site Diagram (Attachment C)
 - 2. Indicate waste management area (WMA) boundaries on Site Diagram (Attachment C)
- 3. Waste management units (complete this section for each waste management unit):

Unit name - <u>De</u>	<u>emineralizer Regenerant</u>	Inorganic Metal Cleaning
bo	oiler blowdown surface	Surface Impoundment
im	poundment	
Size - 5'	x200'x130' (.794 acres)	4.25'x200'x135'
Year in service- 19	970	1977
Status* - Cl	losed	Closed
Construction - 3	ft.compacted clay liner	3 ft. compacted clay liner
Type of waste - Bo		Spent acids from metal cleaning operations.
Total volume of		
waste received - No	ot available.	Not available.

* active, closed, inactive, regulated unit, nonhazardous

Comments:

Both surface impoundments have been certified closed and Affidavits of Exclusion from Hazardous Waste Permitting have been submitted and are currently being processed by the TWC Hazardous and Solid Waste Reports and Management Section. At the time of the CME, the surface impoundments were observed to be full of liquid. HL&P stated that the Demineralizer surface impoundment contained boiler blowdown water also. A third impoundment, known as the Organic Acid Waste pond which is not subject to permit requirements is still in use for storing ammoniated citric acid.

This impoundment is shown on Attachment C as SI-3.

4. If a unit is closing or closed, complete the closure checklist and include as Attachment D.

II. Technical Review

- A. Hydrogeology
 - 1. Regional Geology (Houston Sheet, Geologic Atlas of Texas)
 - a. Physiographic province: Gulf Coastal Plain
 - b. Formation(s): Beaumont Formation.
 - 1) lithology fluvial-deltaic clays and silts.
 - 2) regional dip and gradient <2 ft/mile for the Beaumont. towards the Gulf of Mexico.
 - c. Usable quality (<10,000 TDS) ground water
 - depth to top/bottom Top: 84 ft. reported for a domestic well drilled in 1971 for domestic use. Bottom: 2900;
 - 2) reference Baker (1979, TDWR 236).
 - d. Regional ground water flow:
 - 1) direction toward the Gulf although in the vicinity of the Webster Plant, the direction is toward the northwest as a result of the pumping of large quantities of groundwater in the Houston District.
 - 2) reference Baker (1979, TDWR 236).
 - e. Is the site located on the recharge area of a major/minor named aquifer (yes/no)? NO.
 - f. Part B Permit Application, Geology Report, pages: Section 8.
 - g. If a Part B Application was submitted, does it request a waiver from ground-water monitoring (yes/no)? NO. Laiver rejected 3-82
 - Comments: The site is located on interdistributary areas of fluvial dominated deltaic plains. The sediments are clay dominated and represent overbank flooding deposition. Subsidence in the Webster plant area has been reported at 7 feet since 1906.
 - Site Hydrology
 - a. Site Diagram Attachment E (include locations of waste management area(s), borings, wells, lines of cross-sections)
 - b. Depth to water 6 to 14 feet below ground surface level.
 As determined by water level measurements in monitor wells.

c. Site stratigraphy to depth of investigation -1000 ft. (complete this section for each encountered unit)

Stratigraphy as determined from plant borings (Surface to 80 ft.). Attachment F presents electric log interpretations for the 2 on-site plant water wells to a depth of 1000 ft.

Unit Depth encountered
Description -

Clay

- Surface to 30 ft.

Surface to 5 ft: Soft to very stiff dark brown clay often varying to yellowish brown or reddish brown in color below a depth of 1 foot, observed to contain calcareous and ferrous nodules, roots, gravel, shells, and occasional sand or silt lenses in the upper 5 feet. It is not considered a separate unit. 5 to approx. 20 ft: Multicolored clay varying from brown, tan, reddish brown, light gray, observed to consist of calcareous and ferrous nodules and generally skickensided within the 8 to 13 ft. interval. 18 to 23 ft: Reddish brown clayey to sandy silt varying from 1 to 4 ft. in thickness. Observed to contain sand pockets.

23 to 30 ft: Stiff brown to tan clay.

Thickness
Saturated thickness
Confined/unconfined

- approximately 20 feet.

- Water table; presence of water thought to be due to seepage from the cooling water discharge canal.

Potentiometric rise - N/A

Comments: Below a depth of 30 feet, the stratigraphy directly beneath the surface impoundments has not been defined. However, plant borings approximately 1000 feet away possibly project a 15 foot tan colored sand at a depth of 40 feet beneath the impoundments. The sand appears to have a geometry similar to a crevase splay deposit (Assessment Report, 5-29-84). From a depth of 60 to 80 feet, plant boring CB-1 revealed a 15 foot thick red and gray silty clay overlying a gray and tan sandy clay. At this same depth interval, CB-11 encountered a "calcium shell marl." No data is available for the 80 to 100 ft. interval.

Plant water well electric logs reveal a 20 ft. sand at a depth of 100 ft. followed by an interbedded sequence of sand and clay to a depth of 250 ft. From 250 ft. to approximately 450 ft depth, the sediments appear to be predominantly clay rich. A 120 ft. sand, which is screened in Plant water well #2, is present at a depth of 500 feet. The base of this thick sand represents the base of the Chicot Aquifer. Approximately 300

ft. of interdistributary clayey sediments isolates this sand from another 100 ft. thick sand located at a depth of 900 ft. This sand is considered part of the Evangeline Aquifer.

d. Hydraulic conductivity to depth of investigation - (complete this section for each encountered unit)

Unit	- Clay, 3 ft.	Clay, 7 ft.	Sandy Silt
*****************			22-27 ft. 23-28 ft.
Hydraulic conductivity Type of test Number of tests Range of values	- 1.2-6.3 10 ⁻⁹ c/s - Falling head-lab - 2 - As shown	1.4-1.0 10 ⁻⁹ c/s Falling head-lab 2 As shown	1.02 10 ⁻³ c/s Slug test 2 1.5 10 ⁻⁴ to 2.7 10 cm/s.

- e. Cross-sections Attachment G
- f. Is first water-bearing zone identified in c. above in communication with deeper zone(s) (yes/no)? It has not been determined.
- g. Is the aquitard(s) continuous beneath the site (yes/no)?
 Uncertain from available data. Clayey sediments vary from sandy to silty clay beneath the site.
- h. If yes for f. and g. above, calculate rate of downward vertical migration from upper aquifer to lower on Attachment and list results here:

Rate - Can not be determined.
Aquitard thickness Migration time -

Comments:

3. Site Ground Water Movement

- a. Potentiometric Surface Map(s) Attachment H (indicate inferred flow directions directly on map. Include several maps to show range of observed water level measurements.)
- b. Calculate minimum and maximum observed gradients (i) in units of feet/foot. Show on Attachment H (above) and list here:

i_{min} - 0.001 ft/ft.

i_{max} - 0.022 ft/ft.

c. Calculations of average linear velocity (v) for gradients reported above, showing all assumptions, Attachment I

 v_{min} - 0.44 ft/year using i=0.001, K=1.5 10 ⁻⁴ cm/s v_{max} - 176 ft/yr. using i=0.022, K=2.7 10 ⁻³ cm/s

Comments:

Included in the Part B, the Ground-water quality assessment report determined a velocity of 6 ft/year using a gradient of 0.0017, K ave=1.02 10 cm/s and porosity = 30 %. This value is within an expected range for velocities reported in the Beaumont Clay (5-20 ft/yr.). The min and max values for the gradient (i) were determined from two separate 3 point problems involving different sets of 3 out of the 4 monitor wells. The maximum velocity determined in this CME using a K=2.7 10 appears to be high for the Beaumont Clay. Using a maximum gradient of 0.022 and K=1.5 10 , a velocity of 9.75 ft/yr is calculated which also falls within an expected range. Using a 3 point problem, gradients of 0.022 and 0.021 were obtained from water level measurements collected on 4-24-87 (CME) and 4-19-85, respectively. The limited number of data points (4) and the possible mounding around the surface impoundments do not allow for a more precise velocity calculation to be performed. In addition, water levels determined on 12-14-83 showed the water elevation in the canal at 12.82 ft. and in MW-1 at 10.53 which indicates that the canal is probably a recharge feature. As shown on the water elevation maps, wide contour intervals which represent a flatter gradient are located between the canal and MW-1,-2, and -4. This flat gradient area may be due to a recharge mound located around the discharge canal. A steeper gradient is indicated toward MW-3 and another canal. The second canal known as the intake canal may represent a discharge feature. The TWC Cross-Section (Attachment G) shows the water table sloping toward MW3 and the intake canal. No water level measurements or chemical characteristics are available for the intake canal.

5. Monitor Well Construction

- a. Well Construction Diagrams Attachment J
- b. Table of Well Construction Details Attachment K
- c. Do monitor well installation and development techniques and materials of construction satisfy the requirements of 31 TAC 335.112(a)(5)/40 CFR 265.91(c) (yes/no)? NO . If no, explain in comments.

Comments:

Monitor wells at the Webster Plant have been either incorrectly surveyed and/or total well depths have been improperly reported. Several discrepancies have been found in the various reports incorporated into the Part B. The following table lists data presented in the reports as well as field data

collected during the CME. As shown, total depths from the three sources of data do not agree. Based on the general lithological descriptions and the positions of the screens, the Assessment Report dated 5-29-84 may be the most valid. Wells were resurveyed from the top of casing as part of the Assessment Plan dated October 1983. No ground level elevations or stick up lengths were reported.

Substantial Siltation: As shown in the table below, an expected decrease in total well depth which would indicate siltation of the well is not indicated when measurements taken during the CME are compared to the 5-29-84 reported data. The reference point used to determine the T.D. in the 7-22-82 data is not clear; however, the well construction diagram presented as Attachment shows the reference point as the ground surface level. The increase noted in total depth measurements may be due to: (1) incorrect measurements with respect to top of casing in the Part B reports; (2) collapse of the well. The wells were likely drilled to a depth of 30 feet as indicated from the lithological descriptions.

A high degree of siltation in the wells is indicated from the appearance of purged water from the wells. Initial bailer volumes of the purged water were clear. Siltation and turbidity seemed to increase with continued purging until only a very small volume of water was able to be evacuated from the wells. After waiting approximately 10 minutes, purging of the well was resumed. Clear water was noted again in the first bailer volume. It might be invisioned that the clear water noted might represent water recharging into the well from the very top of the well screen at a slow enough rate that the incoming water did not disturb the silt buildup in the well. Following removal of the first bailfull, the silt in the well was disturbed. The selection of a 0.020 inch slot size may not have been appropriate for the clayey sediments.

TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL (T.D.) TOC=Top of Casing GSL= Ground Surface Level

	CME T.D.	Assessment Rpt	Installation Rpt	Lithology
	from TOC	5-29-84 (TOC)	7-22-82 (GSL ?)	7-22-82
MW-1	23.49 ft	21	28	0 - 25 ft, clay
				25- 29 ft, silty clay with sandy silt
MW-2	31.84 ft	28	29	0 - 12 ft, clay fill 12- 24 ft, clay 24- 27 ft, with silt
		٠.		seams 27- 30 ft, clay
MW-3	N.T.	29	28	0 - 21 ft, clay 21- 22 ft, interbedded with silt
MW-4	N.T.	28		0-17.5 ft, clay 17.5-19.5, sandy silt 19.5-30ft, clay

7. Monitor Well Placement

- a. Upgradient/background monitor well(s)
 - 1) Confirmed as upgradient [31 TAC 335.112(a)(5)/40 CFR 265.91(a)(1)] (yes/no)? NO, see comments.
 - 2) Adequate to yield samples that are representative of background water quality [31 TAC 335.112(a)(5)/40 CFR 265.91(a)(1)(i)] (yes/no)? NO, see comments.
 - 3) Unaffected by the WMA [31 TAC 335.112(a)(5)/40 CFR 265.91(a)(1)(ii)] (yes/no)? YES, see comments. Indicate distance(s) of upgradient well(s) from the WMA: 500 ft.

Comments: The upgradient well MW-1 is not influenced by the WMA (i.e., surface impoundments). However, MW-1 is strongly influenced in water quality by the discharge canal. A comparison of conductivity data collected on 12-14-83 is shown below:

Sample	Conductivity	umhos/cm
MW-1	12,000	
Canal	14,000	
MW-2	1,600	
MW-3	3,200	
MW-4	3,000	

- b. Downgradient/perimeter monitor wells
 - Confirmed as downgradient and provide for immediate detection of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents that migrate from the WMA [31 TAC 335.112(a)(5)/40 CFR 265.91(a)(2)] (yes/no)? NO. If no, explain in comments. Indicate on Site Diagram, Attachment E above, lateral spacing of downgradient wells.
 - 2) Describe operator's justification for lateral spacing: HL&P states that they have complied with TAC 335.112 by installing a background well and 3 down gradient wells. Only 4 wells were installed because the surface impoundments are in close proximity to each other.
 - 3) Is the lateral spacing sufficient to satisfy the performance standard of 31 TAC 335.112(a)(5)/40 CFR 265.91(a)(2) (yes/no)? YES.

4) Indicate on Site Diagram, Attachment E, and tabulate below the distances of downgradient wells from the edge of the WMA in the direction of ground-water flow:

Well	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4		
Distance	50 ft.	100 ft.	150 ft.	1	
Velocity	6 ft/yr	6 ft/yr	6 ft/yr	-assumption	using
Time	8.3	16.7	25	HL&P data	

Calculate ground-water travel time based on the average linear flow velocity, v (calculated in II.A.4. above). Assuming conservative transport, indicate with (*) those wells that will not detect contaminates during the active life or post-closure care period of the WMA.

Comments:

Monitor wells MW-2 and MW-4 appear to be lateral to ground water flow. Limited number of data (4 wells) do not allow for a more defendable determination of ground-water flow directions. The downgradient wells appear to be located too far from the WMA's. According to the time calculations above, and assuming operation of the units began in 1977, any impact upon the groundwater would not be noticeable until after the Affidavit of Exclusion is granted.

c. Vertical placement - Indicate on cross-sections (Attachment) the screened and gravel-packed intervals of wells and tabulate below:

Well	Screen Length	Gravel Pack Interval	Aquifer Thickness	S/U*
MW-1	5 ft	10-21 ft.	2 ft.	S
MW-2	5 ft	18-28 ft.	2 ft.	S
MW-3	5 ft	18-29 ft.	3 ft.	S
MW - 4	5 ft	18-29 ft.	4 ft.	S

*Explain in comments why vertical placement is unsatisfactory [31 TAC 335.112(a)(5)/40 CFR 265.91(c)]

Comments: The length of screen and gravel pack may be satisfactory for the selected monitored interval. However, it appears from plant borings located over 1000 feet away from the surface impoundments that a more appropriate zone for monitoring may be, if present, a 15 foot sand or clayey sand located at a probable depth of 40 ft. below the ground surface.

B. Sampling Procedures

Since HL&P is no longer sampling the monitor wells on a regular basis, facility sampling was not able to be observed. Instead, procedures used by the company during sampling were reviewed during a phone interview with Doug Chin, HL&P.

1. Facility Sampling Plan

- a. Is a Sampling Plan [31 TAC 335.112(a)(5)/40 CFR 265.92(a)] maintained at the facility (yes/no)?YES. Include a copy as Attachment _
- b. Does the plan address the following items (yes/no)?
 - 1) sample collection procedures Yes
 - 2) sample preservation and shipment Yes
 - 3) analytical procedures Yes
 - 4) chain of custody procedures Yes
- c. List deficiencies/omissions/recommended changes:

Labels should contain mode of preservation; the Plan should specify measurements of temperature and specific conductivity to be conducted in the field; the decontamination procedure for bailers is inadequate; the Plan should specify preserving TOC and phenols with acid following sample collection; the Plan should specify the periodic determination of total well depth; the Plan should specify the collection of field blanks or equipment blanks if dedicated bailers are not used for each well.

d. Does the facility follow the plan during sampling events (yes/no)? NO. If not, describe inconsistencies between the plan and observed sampling procedures:

The types of bottles used are different than as specified in the Plan; the Plan specifies field filtering prior to preserving metal samples; the COC form specified in the plan is not used; the Plan specifies a preference to use dedicated bailers.

- 2. Are wells equipped with (yes/no):
 - a. Caps Yes
 - b. Lockable caps No, screw on caps.
 - c. Annular seals Yes (to prevent contamination from surface sources)

Comments: The Plant is surrounded by a fence with controlled access.

3. Describe water level and total well depth measurement equipment and techniques: Total depth measurements have not been performed since the 5-29-84 determination. Water level elevations are performed on each well prior to purging using a rope with weight attached and graduated every 2 feet. The weight is used to "sound" the water level. A ruler graduated in 0.10 ft. increments is used to refine the measurement.

4. Well evacuation

- a. Describe well evacuation equipment and techniques: A PVC bailer is used to evacuate the well. Three casing volumes are purged from the well. The total depth of well used in the calculations is obtained from data in the 1984 Assessment Report.
- b. Describe collection and disposal methods of bailed water: . Is the observed disposal method appropriate (yes/no)? YES. The purged water is emptied into a larger bucket which is then emptied at some distance away from the well.
- c. If the same equipment is used to evacuate each well, describe decontamination procedures: YES, distilled water is used to rinse the bailer.

5. Sample collection

- a. Describe the sample collection equipment and techniques:
 A PVC bailer is used to sample the well. Sample containers are
 filled directly from the bailer.
- b. If the same equipment is used to sample each well, describe decontamination procedures: Distilled water is used to rinse the bailer.
- c. Indicate the order in which samples are taken:
 - Non Preserved samples
 - 2) preserved samples

6. Field analytical procedures

a. Complete the following table for each field analysis;

Parameter	Elapsed time*	Instrument	Field/ On-site lab
рН	?	Orion Model 611	Well Head
Conductivity	?	Lee & Northrop # 486	On-site lab

*between sample extraction and parameter analysis

- b. Describe field filtration equipment and techniques: None.
- c. Parameters filtered: None, samples are filtered in the contract lab.

7. Complete the following table for the facility's sampling program:

Container	Preservative	Parameters	S/U*
1 liter glass	ice	Ground water quality	S
1 liter glass	ice, nitric	Metals	S

*Explain in comments why the program is unsatisfactory

Comments: Table 7 is applicable for samples collected 4-24-87 during the CME.

- 8. Is the observed sampling methodology adequate for (NA/yes/no):
 - a. Indicator parameters

 No, TOC and phenols should be preserved. Conductivity should be measured at the well head.

 b. Quality parameters

 Yes
 - c. Drinking water parameters Yes
 - d. Metals

 Yes, however, the company should have considered field filtering due to the very silty nature of the water.
 - e. Volatile organics N/A
 - f. Floating immiscible organics N/A
 - g. Dense immiscible organics N/A
- 9. Describe Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) procedures used in the facility's sampling program:
 - a. QA/QC at on-site lab Equipment is not standardized on a frequent basis.
 - b. Field calibration of instruments Only occasional calibration is performed.
 - c. Duplicate and/or spiked samples and blanks None.
 - d. (Other)
- 10. Chain of Custody (C.O.C.) procedures:
 - a. Describe C.O.C. and shipping procedures: Label is equivalent to the COC tag. Sampler hand carries samples to the contract lab (Analytical Petroleum Research, APR, Dickinson, Texas). The samples are packed in ice.
 - 1) Example of C.O.C. Form or Tag Attachment Not Available.
 - 2) Example of Sample Identification Tag or Label Attachment Not available. L-2
 - 3) (Other)
 - b. Do the C.O.C. and shipping procedures minimize the possibility of tampering with the samples (yes/no)? Yes

- 11. TWC co-sampling of monitor wells complete the following if monitor wells are co-sampled with the facility operator:
 - a. Person(s) who collected samples for:

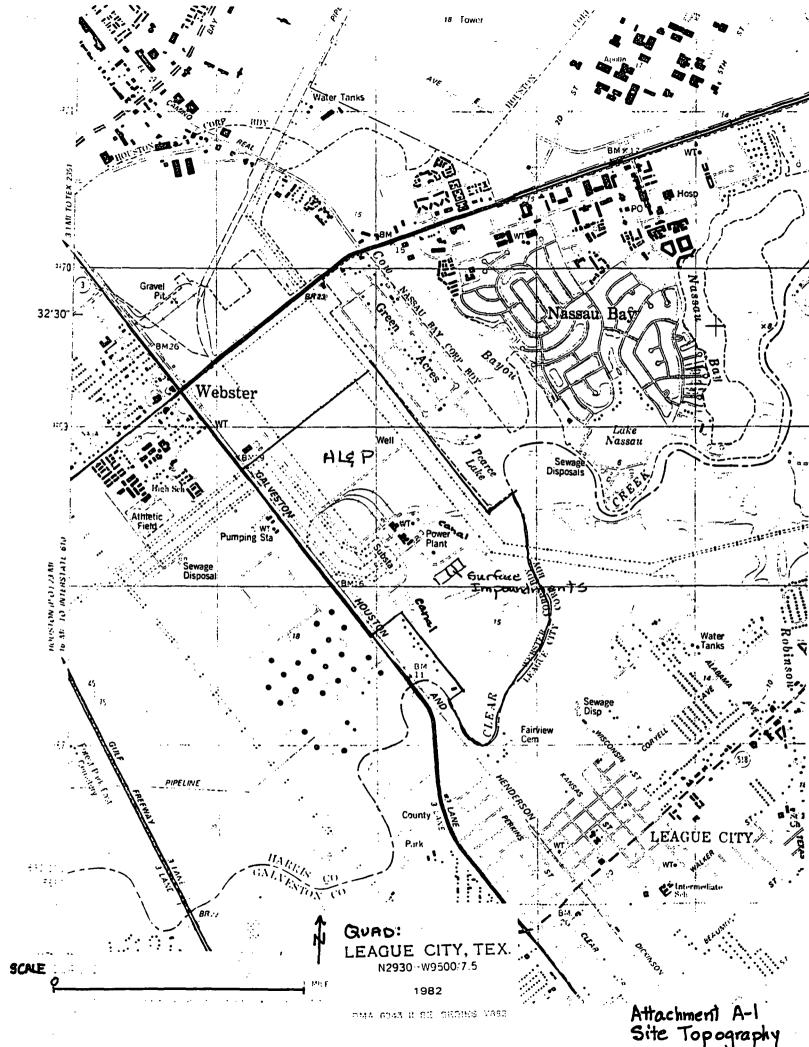
Facility - Doug Chin

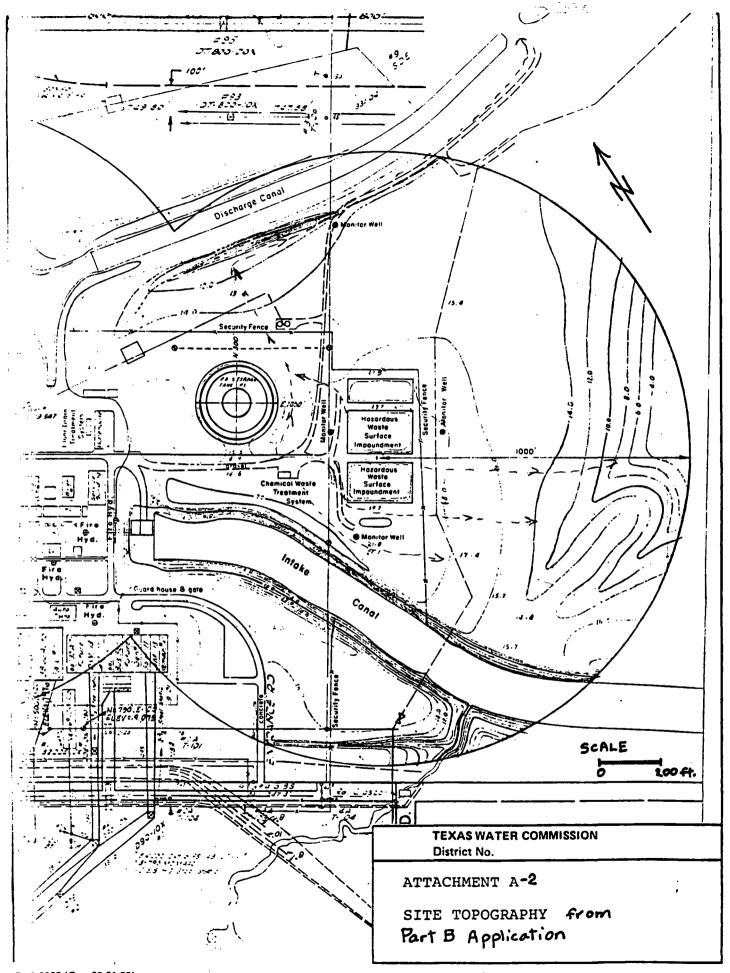
TWC - Robert Hahn

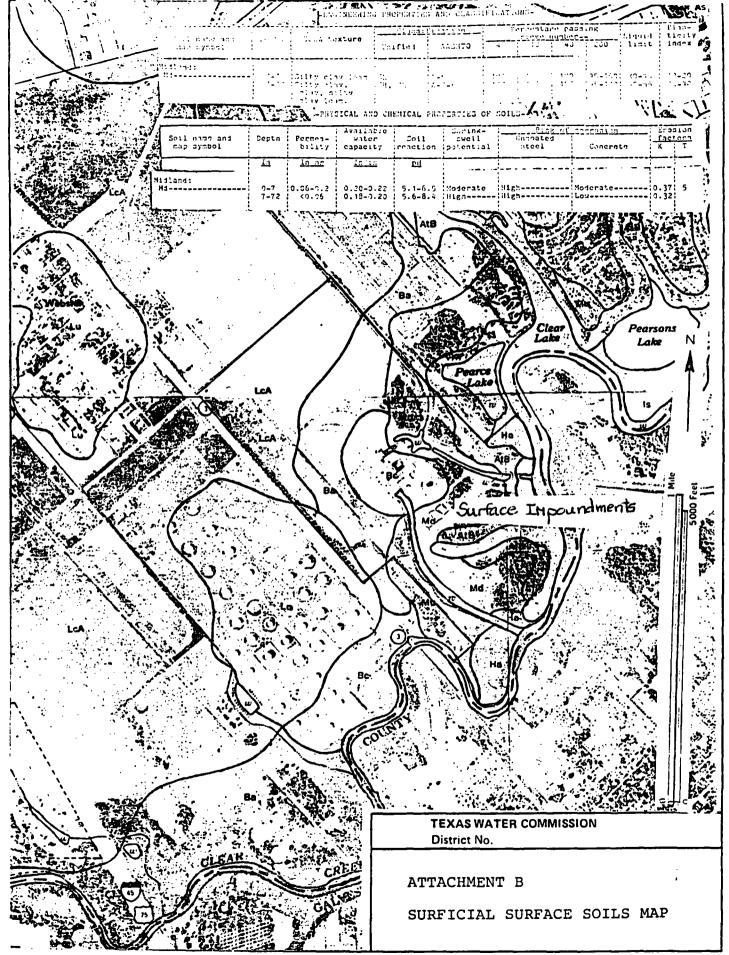
- b. Number of wells co-sampled 2 Total number of RCRA wells - 4
- c. TWC Sample Schedule Attachment M
- d. TWC Field Notes Attachment N

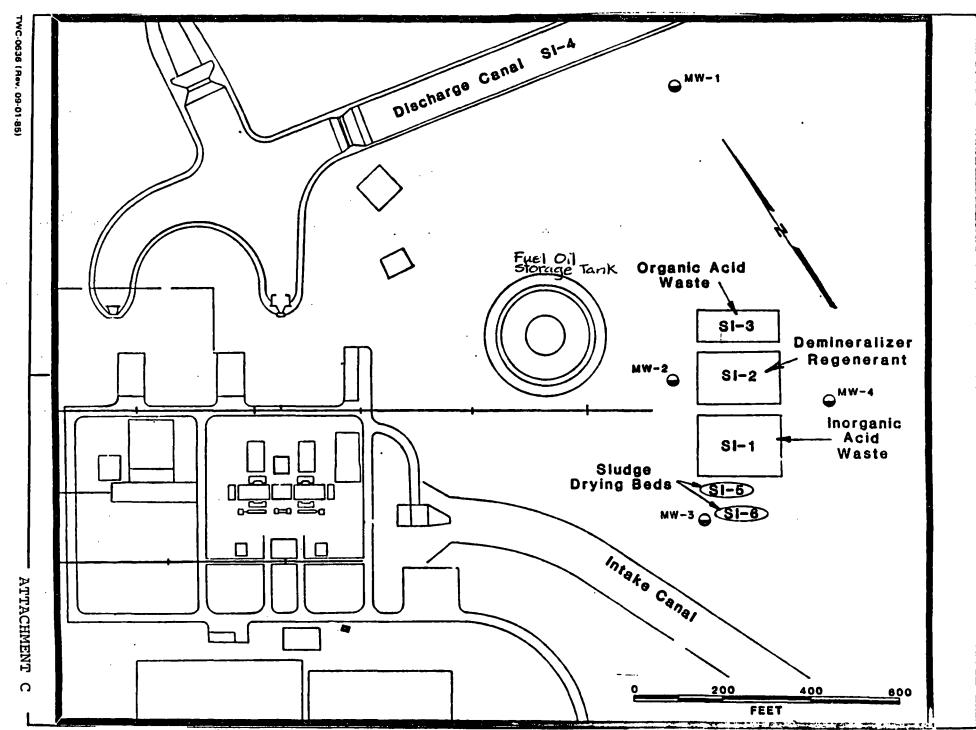
III. Response

A. List, in chronological order, activities, events and correspondence relating to groundwater monitoring in Attachment.









LOCATION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT UNITS

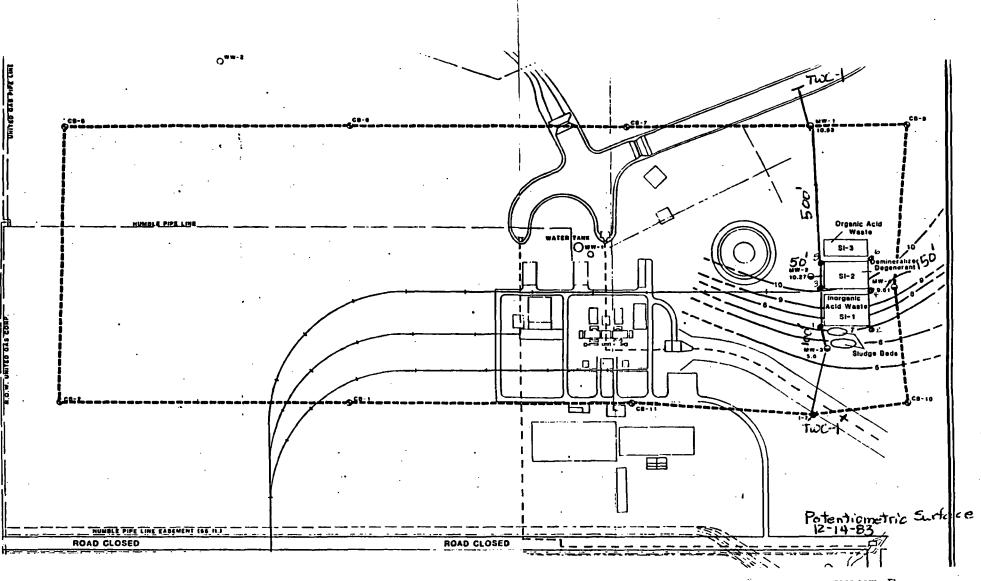
MILLACTIONCE

'TWC Solid Waste Inspection Report

TWC	Reg.	No.	3)	6	3	3
	_	-				

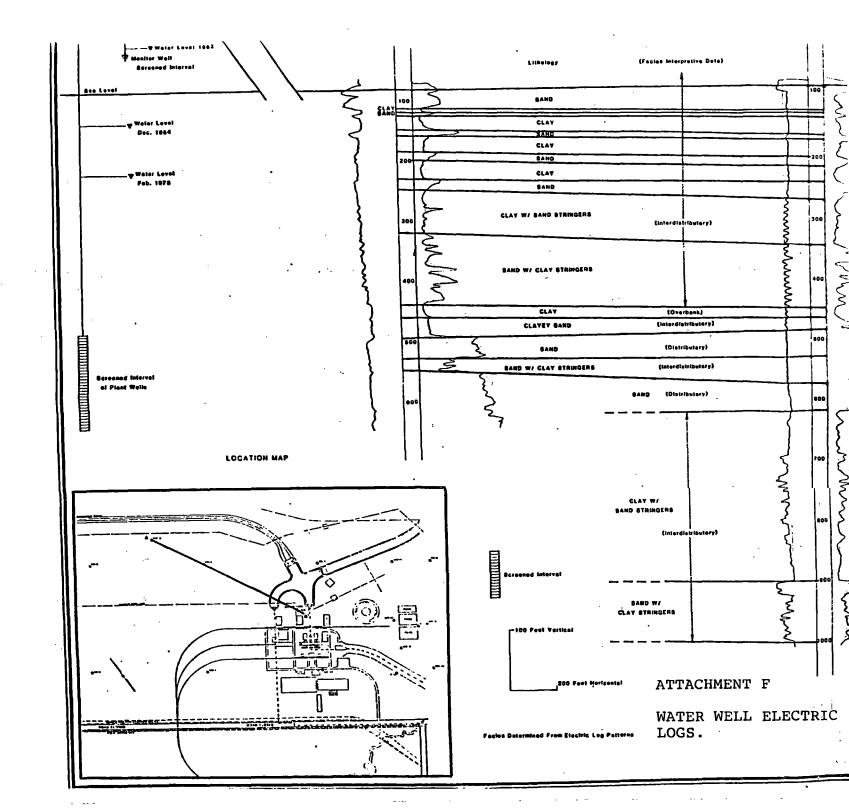
CLOSURE-i	n-PROGRESS	CHECKLIST

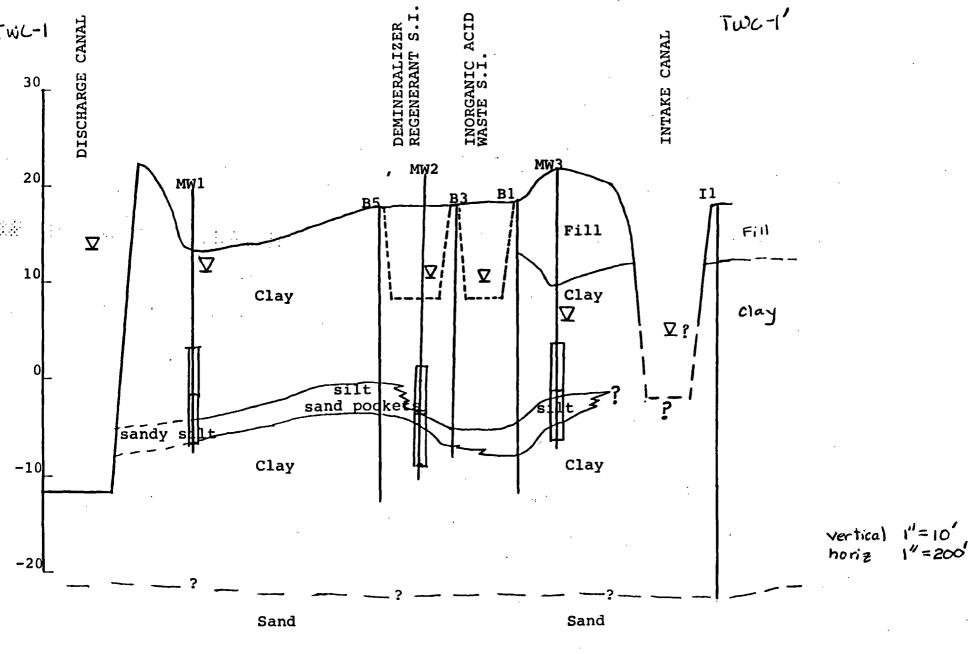
	ne	g. racii	itty 140.	
Тур	e of facility component: Surface Impoundments(2)			
1.	Is the facility component being closed a RCRA unit?	YES_X	ио	
2.	Type of closure: Full-Facility Closure X Partial Closure	,		**
	Has closure plan received TWC approval or final modification? Date of approval: August 6, 1985 Sect. 25, 1966	N/A	YES_X	ио
4.	Is this the last on-site facility to be closed which requires RCRA groundwater monitoring? N/A	YES_X	NO	
5.	Has an approved public notice of closure been published? N/A	YES X	NO	
6.	Is a public hearing required? Date of hearing: NA	YES	NO X	
7.	Has on-site closure work started? Date work initiated: June 17,1986 (Description of the started) Sept. 19,1985 (1)	Cnims	NO	
8.	Is closure work proceeding according to the work schedule in the approved closure plan?		YES_X	мо
9.	Have 180 days elapsed since TWC approval of the closure plan? N/A	YES	NO_ <u>×</u>	
	a. If Yes, Has TWC approved an extension period?	N/A	YES	NO
10.	Was District Office notified of sampling event when complete removal (clean closure) of a Land Disposal facility was to have been accomplished?	N/A	yes <u>×</u>	NO
11.	Were TWC samples taken to verify completion of closure?	YES_X	МО	
	NOTE: List chain-of-custody sample tag numbers in comments. TWO Was available SW12329,12328 12-23-86			
12.	Is the closure work completed? Date of completion: Nov. 1985 Tuly 1,1986	yes_ <u>X</u>	МО	•
13.	ullet .		МО	
	Inorganic -	Nov.19	e5.	
***	An entry in this column indicates explanation/response is neede Page 1 of 1	d.	ช9/86	



ATTACHMENT E

SITE DIAGRAM. LOCATION OF WELLS, BORINGS AND CROSS_SECTIONS.

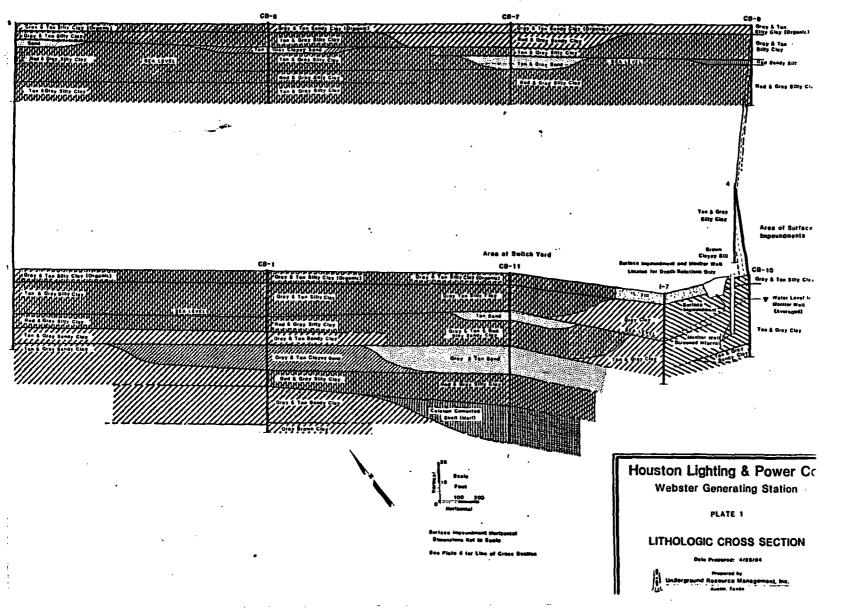




ATTACHMENT G

CROSS-SECTION SHOWING MONITOR WELLS, BORINGS LOCATIONS OF SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS AND CANAL

Area of Discharge Structure



ATTACHMENT G
COMPANY CROSS_SECTIO

ATTACHMENT H POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE

SURFA

Calculations of Average Linear Velocity

Assumptions Let K = 1.5 × 10 + cm/s slug test in MW-2

Φ = 35 % porosity, from assumptions made in HL4P Part B for Gulf Coast clayey sediments

For i = 0.001 ft/ft

Fudge Factor

 $V = \frac{Ki}{\phi} = \frac{1.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{cm/s} \cdot 0.001 \text{ ft/ft}}{35} \times 1.0348 \times 10^{6} \text{ ft/yr}}{35}$

V = 0.44 ft/yr

For i = 0.022 ft/ft

 $V = 9.75 \, ft/yr$

Assumptions Let $K = 2.7 \times 10^{-3}$ cm/s slug test in MW-3 $\phi = 35\%$ porceity

For i = 0.001 ft/ft

V= 7.98 ++/yr

For i = 0.022 ft/f+

v= 175.6 ft/yr

TEXAS WATER COMMISSIONDistrict No.

ATTACHMENT I CALCULATIONS OF LINEAR VELOCITY

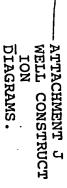




TABLE 7

Monitor Well Data
Webster Generating Station

34. N

Measurement	Monitor Well No. 1	Monitor Well No. 2	Monitor Well No. 3	Monitor Hell No. 4
Location (Local Flow)	Updip	Downd 1 p	Downdip	Downdip
Top of Casing Elevation (ft. MSL)	19.48	21.11	21.94	21.43
Total Depth (ft.)	21	28	29	28
—Total Depth (ft. MSL)	-1.52	-6.89	-7.06	-6.57
Screened Interval (ft. below ground level)	15 - 20	22 - 27	23 - 28	22 - 27
Screened Interval (ft. MSL)	4.480.52	-0.895.89	-1.066.06	-0.575.57
Static Water Level (12/17/83) (ft. below casing point)	8.95	10.84	16.34	11.92
Static Water Level (12/17/83) (ft. MSL)	10.53	10.27	5.6	9.51
Associated Surface Impoundments*	Discharge Channe	SI-2	\$1-1	SI-1, SI-2, and SI-3
Surface Impoundment Water Levels (12/14/83) (ft. MSL)	12.82	11.19	10.02	10.02/11.29/10.41

These may not be correct.

^{*}See Figure 13 for Surface Impoundment Location

TWC Reg. No. 57 (7.5.5
TEXAS WATER COMMISSION Solid Waste Compliance Monitoring Inspection Report
Co lise Only
INSPECTION COVER SHEET JAN 0 5 1987 C1 1 - 87 LLS
JAN U 5 1987 [C/7 - 87] CLS
TWC Dist. 7 369
EPA ID No. TYD cock 37 GOVT. Facility GOVT. Facility
NAME OF COMPANY Houston lighting of Parks Webster Station
MAILING ADDRESS P.O. BOX 1700 Houston 77001 Tel(7/3)922-2217
SITE LOCATION 19301 Old Galveston Rol Tel.
COUNTY Harris TYPE OF INDUSTRY electrical generation status
GENERATOR CLASSIFICATION: Industrial Municipal
GENERATOR CLASSIFICATION: INDUSCRIAL MUNICIPAL
Part A Application submitted to the State ? Yes V No To EPA ? Yes V No
Affidavit of Exclusion submitted to the State ? Yes No If yes, Date
Was a written exclusion granted by TWC? Will this facility require a RCRA permit? Yes Now If yes, Date Yes Now
AMBRING 19.000 11111.0010000 /11 MIN
CURRENT WASTE MANAGEMENT (Haz"H", Class I NonHaz"NH", Class II-"II", Class III-"III")
Generator H NH II Treatment Storage Disposal Transporter
HW Exemptions: 90-Day Storage Other WWT
COC . Maka) IN Concretion Don Manths (199 ha 1999 has
SQG: Total HW Generation Per Month: <100 kg 100-1000 kg
H W Facilities (circle appropriate codes): C T SI WP LT LF I TT TR WDW O
N H Pacilities (circle appropriate codes): C T SI WP LT LF I TT TR WDW O
w in Facilities (circle appropriate codes): (C) I SI WF LI LE I II IR WEN O
Anomalies in the above information will be addressed by: (a) Enforcement in progress,
(b) Central Office, (c) District Office, (d) Owner/Operator
Type of Inspection (circle): EV ER EC CL GW (SA) CD FO OT FE SQ SW
Type of improvement (enterty). In the case of the case
Inspector's Name and Title raula The Horal Hazardnus & Solid Waste Specialist
Inspection Participants Banna Don - Hlan
Date(s) of Inspection 7-1-86,
Approved: Sandrald Varker for Signed: Toular Chellor 10-21-86
District Manager Trafficulties Inspector Date

TWC	Reg.	No.	:	,	Ĺ

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION Solid Waste Inspection Report CONTENTS SHEET

COMPANY NA	ME Houston Louisson Follows Likeston
,	Code Sheet (Ø814)
	Inspection Cover Sheet 2b. Special Insp. Cover Sheet (HB.2358
4	Generators Checklist 3b. Small Quantity Gen. Checklist General Facilities Checklist
⁵ .	Transporters Checklist
*6.	Component Facility Checklists
	A. Containers (C) B. Tanks (T) C. Surface Impoundments (SI) D. Waste Piles (WP) E. Land Treatment (LT) F. Landfills (LF) G. Incinerators (I) H. Thermal Treatment (TT) I. Chemical, Physical, or Biological Treatment (TR) J. Other (O)
⁷ .	Closure/Post-Closure Checklist 7b. Closure-In-Progress Checklist
8.	Groundwater Monitoring Checklist Group
9.	Notice of Violation (NOV) Letter
10.	Interoffice Memorandum (IOM)
11.	Registration
12.	Maps, Plans, Sketches
13.	Photographs/Slides
14.	Other (describe) sample results from Chosure of
* If a req	wired Checklist is omitted, explain: Olarus in Page Checklist
	been previously numented.
	,
	·

Texas Water Commission

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO : Russ Kimble, Chief, Reports and Manage- DATE: December 23, 1986

ment Section, Hazardous and Solid Waste Division

THRU Luis Campos, Hazardous & Solid Waste Coordinator,

Field Operations Division

FROM : Paula Thetford, Hazardous and Solid Waste

Specialist, Deer Park Office

SUBJECT: Houston Lighting & Power - Webster Station

ISW Reg. No. 31633

On July 1, 1986, a closure inspection was conducted at a surface impoundment at HL&P - Webster Station. Two composite samples were taken; the results of which are tabulated below:

SW	12329:	pH=7.0	EP-tox m	EP-tox metals (ug/l)		
		_	Arsenic	11.5		
	•	•	Barium	326		
		-	Cadmium	18		
			Chromium			
			Lead	≼1 0		
			Mercury	0.2		
			Selenium	n 20.1		
			Silver	2		
			•			
SW	12328:	pH=7.6		metals (ug/l)		
			Arsenic	5.4		
			Barium	200		
				390		
			Cadmium	10		
				10 n 16		
			Cadmium	10 n 16 12		
			Cadmium Chromium	10 n 16 12		
			Cadmium Chromium Lead	10 16 12 <0. 2		

This information is provided for file data.

Signed: Paula & Mille

Approved: Ty Conne

TK/PRT/amh

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES TOWN 0:000 NO. SW 12329 Site Name HL & P Webster Station Site Location 19:301 Old Galveston Rol Boiler Blowdown Surface Impounding Country Harris Basin 1101 Method of Collection The 3-part compast was town taken Using a clear interest space for place the sample Time Collected 11:30 (O. pm) Date Shipped Add. COC #5	
S.W. Registration Permit Number Page Fla.	
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES TOWR-0849 NO. SW 12329 District 7 Org. No. 331 Work No. 9091 Lab TRA Material Sampled: Solid waste (W); Liquid waste (L); Soil (E); Well (M); Stream (S); Other (O) Comments M. Sample was taken 18" benath the surface continued on back (Continued on back) Continued on back (Continued on back) Continued on back (Continued on back)	
30 Code 35 Parameter Value 44 Code 49 Parameter Value 58 Code 63 Parameter Value 71	

NO. SW 12328 DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES TOWN 0849 District 7	Org. No. 33/ Work No. 909/ Lab TRA
NO. SW 12328 Site Name 4200 - Webster Station	Point of Collection Demineralizer Regenerant
Site Location 19.301 Old Galveston Pol	
	Briler Blandown Surface Impoundment
Webster 77001	Clay Liner - 2-4" bureath curface.
County 1400's Basin 1101	Type facility: [] Drum; [] Tank: V Impoundment; [] Landfill
Method of Collection The 4-part composite sample was taken	☐ Waste pile; ☐ Landfarm; ☐ Other
using a clean metal scoop to place the clay in	Time Collected //: 35 (@. pm) Date Shipped
an untreated glass for with a tellon lined lid.	Add. COC is
	ODOR: 🗌 Yes; 🎜 No: Describe
S.W. Registration Permit Number Page No. 1 10 10 16 19 21 22 23 24 25	
1 9 10 N/A 16 19 21 22 23 24 25 3 / 4 33	(Cellector's Sigrature)
	·
30 Code 35 Parameter Value 44 Code 49 Parameter Vil	ce 38 Code 63 Parameter Value 71
	ELD OPERAT
	LIFE ST RECT
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES TDWR-0849 NO. SW 12328 District Org. No3.3/ Work No Lab	
Comments The sample was taken 2 -4" from surface of 15 a	
4-part Composit	Other
(continued	on back) DELEACHATE: LEP Toxicity Series: TDWR
30 Code 35 Parameter Value 44 Code 49 Parameter V	alue 58 Cada 63 Parameter Value 71
(pH) EP-tox series	LEAD EPTOX YR
0 0 4 0 3 7 . 6	010511112
COD BARIUM EP TUX IN	ALL MERCURY EPTUL MILL.
0 0 3 4 0	39071900111 <0.12
	all SELENIUM EP TOX 41/2
00680	15.401147 22.4
<u></u>	uyll SILVER ET TUX "YIL
CHROMIUM EPILX	11001077
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	116

Reference 7

File III A
TWO Reg. No. SALESS

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION

Solfd Waste Compliance Monitoring Inspection Report
C.O. Use Only ORTEMENT AND FIELD OPERATE INSPECTION COVER SHEET
TWC Dist. 7
EPA ID No. TX DOOO8 3 7369 COMMERCIAL WASTE Facility GOVT. Facility
NAME OF COMPANY Houston Lighting & BWER - WEBSTER Station
MAILING ADDRESS PO. Box 1700 - W.F. Mc Guir. Houston TX 77001 Tel (713) 922-2186
SITE LOCATION 19301 Old Stalveston Rd, Webster Tel.
COUNTY there Type of Industry electrical generating station
GENERATOR CLASSIFICATION: Industrial Municipal
Part A Application submitted to the State? Affidavit of Exclusion submitted to the State? Yes No Ye
CURRENT WASTE MANAGEMENT (Haz"H", Class I NonHaz"NH", Class II-"II", Class III-"III"
Generator H, MH, TT Treatment // Storage // MILL Disposal Transporter
(when facility closure is complete) *SQG_:Total HW Generation Per Month: <100 kg100-1000 kg
H W Facilities (circle appropriate codes): CT SI WP LT LF I TT TR WDW O
N H Facilities (circle appropriate codes): © T SI WP LT LF I TT TR WDW 0
Anomalies in the above information will be addressed by: (a) Enforcement in progress (b) Central Office, (c) District Office, (d) Owner/Operator
Type of Inspection (circle): (EV) EB EC CL CW SA CD FO OT FE SQ 3W
Inspector's Name and Title Paula The Hord, Hazardous of Solid Laste Specialist
Inspector's Name and Title Paula The ford, Hazardous & Solid & laste Specialist Inspection Participants Richard Bys, Bachara Docf, Debbie Poters, Richard Pacham - HLC'F
Date(s) of Inspection $7/9/80$
Approved: Signed: Houle R Thothern 7/14/8/s District Manager Signed: Houle R Thothern 7/14/8/s District Manager

Inspector

^{*} SQG- Small quantity generator, <1000 kg. of hazardous waste per month.

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION Solid Waste Inspection Report CONTENTS SHEET

COMPANY NE	ME Houston Lighting of Power Libbster
	Code Sheet (Ø814)
<u>/</u> 2.	Inspection Cover Sheet
3.	Special Inspection Cover Sheet (HB.2358)
4.	Generators Checklist
5.	Small Quantity Generator Checklist
6	General Facilities Checklist
*7.	Component Facility Checklists
	A. Containers (C) B. Tanks (T)-part of the WW Treatment System C. Surface Impoundments (SI) D. Waste Piles (WP) E. Land Treatment (LT) F. Landfills (LF) G. Incinerators (I) H. Thermal Treatment (TT) I. Chemical, Physical, or Biological Treatment (TR) J. Other (O)
	Closure and Post-Closure ChecklistClosure-In-Progress Checklist Groundwater Monitoring Checklist
<u></u>	Notice of Violation (NOV) Letter
11.	Interoffice Memorandum (IQM)
12.	Registration
13.	Maps, Plans, Sketches
14.	Photographs/Slides
15.	Other (describe)
* If a requ	uired Checklist is omitted, explain: The groundunter montoning
checklist	is omitted because groundwater monitoring will cross
upon fo	cility closure in 2-3 weeks), as stated and approved
in the of	acility clasure plan.

GENERATORS CHECKLIST

Sec	tion A - Notification and Waste Determination (335.6, .62, .63)
1.	llas generator completed an appropriate hazardous waste determination for each solid waste produced? YES V NO
2.	Check the method used for determination:
	 a. Listed as a hazardous waste in 40 CFR Part 261, Subpart D. b. Process or materials knowledge. c. Tested for characteristics as identified in 40 CFR Part 261, Subpart C (If equivalent test method is used, attach a copy).
מטו	E: If a hazardous determination has not been made or appears to be incorrect, the inspector should obtain a sample of the waste for analysis and explain in comments.
3.	Has the facility received an EPA ID number? N/A YES y NO
4.	Is notification of waste streams generated correct? YES V NO
5.	Do all waste management (TSD) methods in use agree with Registration? YES NOV
6.	Does this Eacility generate, treat, store, or dispose of PCB wastes? YES NO V If yes, :lescribe storage and disposition:
7.	Does this facility generate used oils? If yes, describe storage and disposition:
	Waste oils (class I and II) are stored in a 500 gallon tank. Incated in the container storage area.
8.	Does this facility generate spent solvents? If yes, describe storage and disposition:
	spent solvents are drummed and shipped to Rollins.
9.	Does this facility utilize sumps in the management of hazardous waste? If yes, describe use:

^{***} An entry in this column indicates corrective action/response is needed

<u>Sec</u>	ction B - Special Conditions (335.75)			**1
1.	If generator has received from or transported to a foreign entity any hazardous waste, has the appropriate notice been filed with the EPA Regional Administrator?	N/A/	YES	NO
2.	Was the waste manifested and signed by the foreign consignee?	N/A_V	YES	NO
٦.	Has confirmation of waste transport out of the country been received by the generator?	N/A_1/	YES	NO
Sec	etion C - Recordkeeping and Reporting (335.9, .10, .13, .70-71)			
1.	Does the generator maintain the following records and reports (if applicable) for the necessary three years?			
	 a. Shipping Manifests b. Monthly off-site shipment summaries c. Monthly on-site land disposal summaries d. Monthly waste receipt summaries e. Tests and analyses f. Annual reports 	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	YES	NO NO NO
2.	Has generator submitted exception reports to TWC for any original (white) copies of manifests <u>not</u> received back?	N/A V	YES	NO
٦.	Have any spills, unauthorized discharges or threats of such discharges occurred?	YES_V	NO	
	If yes, have they been reported?(335.4, .453)	N/A	YES	NO_V
	Have they been remedied?(335.453) Explain. SLL lownerds	N/A	YES	NO
	+++ IF GENERATOR DISPOSES OF WASTES ON-SITE ONLY, WRITE N/A	IN SEC	TION D+	++
Sec	tion D - Pretransport and Manifest Requirements (335.61-68)			•
1.	Identify primary off-site disposal facilities:			
	BFI, Rollins			
				
2.	Are off-site disposal facilities permitted or operating under interim status standards?	N/A	YES_	NO
٦.	Are TWC manifests properly completed?	N/A	YES_ <u>/</u>	NO
		. COMPO	1800 LJ	

Signed:

Section P - (Continued)

4. Do containers used to hold waste(s) meet DOT packaging requirements (49 CFR Parts 173, 178, 179) before heing offered for transport (if circumstances observed)?

N/A VYES NO

5. Does generator label and mark each package in accordance with 40 CFR Part 172 (if circumstances observed)?

N/A YES NO

6. Is each container of 110 gallons or less marked with the required hazardous waste warning label?
Thus were no drums containing what at the time of inspection.

N/A YES NO

7. Does generator placard off-site waste shipments in accordance with DOT regulations (49 CFR Part 172, Subpart F)? (if circumstances observed)

N/A YES NO

Section E - Accumulation Time Exemption (335.69)

Mote: A facility may accumulate and store hazardous wastes in containers or tanks for up to 90 days without a permit.

1. Is the beginning date of Accumulation Time clearly indicated on each container?

N/A / YES NO

There were no drume containing wastes at the time of inopection.

N/A YES NO

Note: Attach a Container Storage Area Checklist for each container storage area.

Note: Attach a Tanks Checklist for each tank or each group of similar tanks.

Note: If this is a T/S/D Facility, proceed to General Facilities Checklist.

COMMENTS SHEET

contion A 15: The boiler or industrial furnace. (Facility No. 03) is
not being used to dispose of any wastes; and according to short
personnel, will not be used in the future. Also, two surface
impoundments (Facilities No 01 and 02) are in the process of
being closed.
·
Gottion C 13: During inspection of the manifests, it was found
that approximately 150 cubic yords of sodium hydroxide contamina
material was removed from the start site. According to plant
personal, a courte line broke, spelling approximately months of
sodium hydroxide on the plant site. The sodium hydroxide
contaminated material was soil removed from the area. This soil was not reported.
with this provided is the article and distribution and department and the provided provided and the provided
_
Section /

GENERAL FACILITIES CHECKLIST

Se	ection A - General Site Information			***
1.	Are any solid waste facilities located in the 100-year floodplain?		NO_/	YES
2.	Describe land use within one mile <u>Alsidential</u> , <u>nonmencial</u> ,	runal		
3.	Are there any closed or abandoned solid waste facilities? Thou sawface impoundments and the contactive danage area. The process of being closed.		NO 1/	YES
4.	Has proof of deed recordation of all on-site solid waste Land Disposal facilities been provided to TWC?	_	YES	NO
5.	Are all solid waste facilities compliant with TAC general prohibiti	ons?	YES	_ NO
NOT	T: Attach Plant Map showing site orientation, waste management faci and major topographic features. Each facility component checkli should have a map or sketch attached.			
	+++ STOP & SIGN HERE IF THERE ARE NO RCRA FACILITIES ON-SI	TE ++	+	
	Signed:			
Sec	Signed: etion B - Personnel Training			
		N/A	yes 🖊	
1.	tion B - Personnel Training Does the owner/operator maintain proper personnel	N/A	YES /	NO
1.	Does the owner/operator maintain proper personnel training records at the facility?	N/A		
1.	Does the owner/operator maintain proper personnel training records at the facility? Do personnel training records include: a. Job title and written job description of each position b. Description of type and amount of training	N/A N/A N/A		NO NO NO

Section (C -	Preparedness	and	Prevent:	ion

1.	in the comments sheet.	enviro	orment	
2.	Is the facility equipped with:			***
	a. <u>Internal communication</u> or alarm system within easy access b. <u>Communication system to call off-side emergency assistance</u> c. Fire, spill control, and decontamination equipment d. Adequate fire-water supply (volume and pressure) located anound transformers and Metrical equipment		YES / YES / YES / YES /	NO
3.	Is the above-noted emergency equipment regularly tested? Fire extinguishers checked annually sprinkler system checked annually		YES	NO
4.	Is aisle space sufficient to allow unobstructed movement of personnel and equipment?		YES	NO
5.	Has the owner/operator attempted to familiarize local response authorities with the facility layout, entrances and evacuation routes, hazardous waste properties and hazards, and the work location of facility personnel?	N/A	YES	NO V
5.	If more than one law enforcement or fire department responds, has a primary authority been designated? The plant is located in the city limits of Webster.	N/A	YES_Y	NO
7.	Has the owner/operator attempted to reach agreements with State emergency response teams, emergency response contractors and equipment suppliers?	N/A	YES V	NO
Я.	Has the owner/operator attempted to make arrangements with local hospitals to familiarize them with the hazardous wastes handled and the injuries that could result from fires, explosions, or releases from the facility?	N/A	YES	NO V
9.	If State or local authorities have declined to enter into the above-noted agreements, has the owner/operator documented this?	N/A <u>/</u>	YES	NO
Sec	ction D - Contingency Plan and Emergency Procedures	- -		
1.	Is a contingency plan to minimize dangers from accidental release from hazardous waste facilities maintained on site? Su comment		YES V	NO
2.	Does the contingency plan contain:			
	 a. Description of emergency response actions b. Names of emergency coordinators on-site or on c. Location of emergency equipment d. Evacuation plans 	-call	YES / YES / YES /	NO
	+++ STOP & SIGN HERE IF FACILITY QUALIFIES FOR THE 96-DAY STORAG			
T	The facility will be a 40-day storage exempt facility	ty in	2-3 W	UCL

Page 2 of 5

Ø3/86

Sec	tion E - Waste Analysis		***
1.	Is a written waste analysis plan maintained at the facility?	YES	NO
2.	Does the plan include the following:		
	a. Detailed physical and chemical analysis of all haz. wastes	YES_	NO
	h. Rationale for selection of analytical parameters	YES	NO
	c. Test methods used	YES	_ NO
	d. Sampling methods used	YES	NO
	e. Frequency the initial analysis will be reviewed or repeated	YES	NO
	f. Waste analyses that generators have agreed to provide N/A	YES_	NO
3.	For disposal facilities receiving wastes from off-site, is each incoming waste shipment inspected and, if necessary, analyzed to check it against the manifest? N/A	YES_	_ NO
Sec	tion F - Security		
	Does the facility provide adequate security to minimize the possibility of unauthorized entry by persons or livestock?	YES	_ NO
2.	Is security of the active portion of the facility provided through:		
	a. 24 Hr surveillance or		
	b. Perimeter barriers and means to control entry	YES	NO
3.	Does facility post a "Danger-Unauthorized Personnel Keep Out" sign at approaches to active portions of the facility?	YES	NO

Sec	ction G - General Inspection Requirements			***
1.	Is a written inspection schedule maintained at the facility?	N/A	YES	NO
2.	Does the schedule provide for inspection of the following:			
	a. Monitoring equipment		YES	NO
	b. Safety and emergency equipment		YES	NO
	c. Security devices		YES	NO
	d. Operating and structural equipment		YES	NO
3.	Does the schedule identify the following types of problems to be looked for during the inspection:			
	a. Malfunction and deterioration		YES	NO
	b. Operator error		YES	NO
	c. Discharge or threat of discharge		YES	_ NO
4.	Does owner/operator maintain inspection logs which include:			
	a. Date and time of inspection		YES	NO
	b. Name of inspector		YES	NO
	c. Notation of observation		YES	_ NO
	d. Date and nature of repairs and remedial acti	on	YES	_ NO
5.	Have malfunctions or other deficiencies			
	noted in the inspection log been corrected?	N/A_	YES	NO
۶.	Are inspection log records maintained for three years?		YES	NO
Sec	ction H - Requirements for Ignitable, Reactive or Incompatible Wa	stes		
	The second secon	0000		
1.	Does owner/operator take precautions to prevent accidental			
	ignition or reaction of ignitable or reactive wastes?	N/A	YES	_ NO
2.	Are smoking and open flame confined to designated smoking areas?	N/A	YES	NO
	Are "No Smoking" signs posted in areas			
	with ignitable or reactive wastes?	N/A	YES	_ NO

Section I - Manifest System, Recordkeeping and Reporting			***
1. Does owner/operator comply with manifesting requirements?	N/A_	YES_	NO
2. For wastes received from off-site:			
a. Is waste transported by rail or water (bulk) accompanied by a properly executed shipping papers?	N/A	_ YES	_ NO
b. Have all shipments been consistent with the manifests?	N/A_	YES_	NO
c. Are unmanifested wastes reported to TWC?	N/A_	YES_	NO
d. Have manifest discrepancies been reconciled with the generator and transporter?	N/A	_ YES	_ NO
Section J Operating Record			
1. Is a written operating record maintained at the facility?	N/A_	_ YES	NO
Poes the operating record reflects the following:			
a. Description and quantity of each hazardous waste received and methods and date of treatment/storage/disposal at the facility.	N/A_	YES	NO
b. Location and quantity of each hazardous waste within the facility.	N/A	YES_	NO
c. Records and results of waste analyses and trial tests	N/A	YES_	_ NO
d. Summary reports of all incidents requiring implementation of the Emergency Contingency Plan.	N/A	_ YES	NO
e. Closure Cost estimates for all facilities.	N/A	YES	NO
f. Post-Closure cost estimates for all disposal facilities.	N/A_	YES	NO
Section K - Financial Assurance			
1. Did preinspection call to Central Office confirm that tacility has submitted current financial assurance documentation?	N/A	YES_	NO
2. If Yes, indicate the documents submitted and their respective value	es:		<u>.</u>
Sudden Liability- Amount: \$ per occurance, Non-sudden Liability- Amount: \$ per occurance,	\$		_annual _annual
Closure Assurance - Amount: \$ Post-Closure Assurance - Amount: \$			
Corrective Action- Amount: \$			
3. Did Financial Assurance Officer report that documentation is adequate	ate? N/A	YES	NO

TWC Reg. No. <u>31633</u>

Checklist General facilities

COPPENTS SHEET

ection C158, 99: HLCP personnel have not formally contacted	_
local response authorities for the purpose of familiarizing their	
with the open don't Amount have not been wrode to	_
with the power plant. Amangements how wat been wrade to	_
familiarize local hospitals with the trigordous unstir handlid	_
at the plant and possible injuries associated with the waste.	_
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TWC	Reg.	No. 3/1633
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TWC Solid Waste Inpection Report (TAC 335.241-247) CONTAINER STORAGE AREA CHECKLIST

Reg. Facility No.05

Class of Wastes (HNH...)

NOTE: TAC rules 335.241-247 apply to interim status and 90-Day Storage exempt facilities.

1.	Are containers in good condition?	YES V NO
2.	Are the containers compatible with the wastes being stored?	YES L NO
3.	Are containers kept closed and stored in a safe manner?	YES NO_
4.	Are containers inspected weekly for leakage and deterioration?	YES NO
5.	Are containers holding ignitable or reactive wastes kept at least 15 meters (50 ft.) from the facility's property line?	N/A YES / NO_
6.	Are containers holding incompatible wastes separated by a physical barrier or sufficient distance?	N/A VYES NO
7.	Does the storage area have containment protection?	YES NO

8. Describe the Container Storage Area using comments sheet and/or photos:

The container storage area recently uninvent closure as a storage facility certification by a registered PE is pending. A 500-gallon tank containing the waste oils (class I of II) is bratis in the container storage area, and is about 1/2 full. Also located in the area are 2 empty 55-gallon drums, one marked "waste solvent", and mother to be removed from the area. Labeling and inspection requirements for containers to be held there in the jutime were discussed with HL of P personnel.

^{***} An entry in this column indicates corrective action/response is needed.

IEXAS WATER COMMISSION

Coloton 5

Paul Hopkins, Chairman Lee B. M. Biggart, Commissioner Ralph Roming, Commissioner



Larry R. Soward, Executive Director

Mary Ann Hefner, Chief/Clerk James K. Rourke, Jr., General Counsel

April 4, 1986

14 July 86

Jaylementation Date

Mr. Melvin G. Warthan Manufacturing, Supply and Distribution Chemical Enterprises, Inc. 8582 Katy Freeway, Suite 202 Houston, Texas 77024

Dear Mr. Warthan:

Re: The assessment of pesticide contamination at the Chemical Enterprises, Inc., Odessa Facility Solid Waste Registration No. 34599

The staff of the Enforcement Unit has reviewed the subject pesticide contamination assessment submitted with your letter of November 22, 1985. We note that this assessment satisfactorily sets out to measure the known area of contamination at the facility. The Texas Water Commission (TWC) approves the immediate implementation of the assessment with the following additions:

- 1. Section I.B. of the assessment states that "a surface soil sample will be collected at each intersection of the grid lines." The Commission recommends that the first six inches of soil be removed prior to collecting a surface soil sample at each intersection of the grid lines.
- 2. Section I.C. of the assessment states that "two subsurface samples will be collected at depths of three feet and six feet at selected stations at each of the two landfills." The Commission recommends that Chemical Enterprises take subsurface samples at depths of one foot and two feet and take any additional deeper subsurface samples that may be necessary to adequately determine the extent of contamination.
- 3. In addition to collecting subsurface samples at a depth of one foot at selected stations from the Playa Lake area on the plant side and from the Playa Lake east of the plant area, the TWC recommends that surface samples be collected at each grid point. If contamination is found at a depth of one foot, Chemical Enterprises should continue to collect deeper samples until background concentrations are reached.

Mr. Melvin G. Warthan Page 2

4. Submit an updated schedule for completion of the cleanup. In addition, submit monthly status reports to the TWC outlining the cleanup progress.

The Commission request that Chemical Enterprises, Inc. immediately implement the subject plan. Please notify the TWC Central Office and TWC District Office of the implementation date.

Should you have any questions or comments please do not hesitate to contact Ms. Nancy J. Bolz of my staff at 512/463-8564.

Sincerely,

Merton J. Coloton, P.E., Chief Hazardous and Solid Waste Enforcement Section Hazardous and Solid Waste Division

NJB/da

cc: Texas Water Commission District 10 Office
Dallas Cantwell, President, Chemical Enterpises
James Baker, Ph.D., Rollins Environmental Services Inc.
Darless Goolsby, Chemical Enterprises, Inc.

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION

Paul Dopkins, Chairman Ralph Roming, Commissioner John O. Houchins, Commissioner



July 16, 1986

Larry R. Soward, Executive Director

Mary Ann Hefner, Chief Clerk

James K. Rourke, Jr., General Counsel

Mr. W. F. McGuire Manager Environmental Protection Department Houston Lighting and Power P.O. Box 1700 Houston, Texas 77001

Dear Mr. McGuire:

RE: Registration No. 31633-Webster Station Industrial Solid Waste Compliance Inspection

On July 9, 1986, Paula Thetford of this office conducted an industrial solid waste inspection of your facility. The following deficiencies were noted:

1. Texas Administrative Code (TAC), Section 335.6(c) - Notification Requirements

As discussed with your personnel, the Registration will need to be updated upon certification of closure of your waste management facilities. At this time please include any additional changes that should be made in order to accurately reflect current waste handling practices. A request to amend the registration should be sent to:

Texas Water Commission Attention: Mr. Dick Martin P.O. Box 13087 Austin, Texas 78711

2. TAC Section 335.112 - Preparedness and Prevention

Arrangements should be made to familiarize police and fire departments with the layout of the facility. Also, local hospitals should be made familiar with the hazardous wastes handled at the facility and the related injuries which could occur.

In addition, during inspection of your shipping manifests, it was found that 150 cubic yards of sodium hydroxide contaminated material was removed from your facility. Further discussion revealed that the contaminated material was soil contaminated by a recent spill of sodium hydroxide. Please be advised that the <u>State of Texas Oil and Hazardous Substances Spill Contingency Plan</u>, Section 2.2 requires immediate reporting of any spill of a hazardous substance to the TWC.

Mr. W. F. McGuire Houston Lighting & Power Page 2, July 16, 1986

Please respond to this office in writing by August 15, 1986 with your plans and implementation schedule which will ensure corrective action of the above listed deficiencies by September 15, 1986. If you have any questions, please contact Paula Thetford of this office.

Sincerely,

Tom Kearns Manager

Hazardous and Solid Waste

Southeast Region

TK/PT/np

DH0550

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION NOTICE OF REGISTRATION INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE GENERATION/DISPOSAL

THIS IS NOT A PERMIT AND DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AUTHORIZATION OF ANY WASTE MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES OR FACILITIES LISTED BELOW. REQUIREMENTS FOR SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ARE PROVIDED BY TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE SECTION 335 OF THE RULES OF THE TEXAS WATER COMMISSION (TWC). CHANGES OR ADDITIONS TO WASTE MANAGEMENT METHODS REFERRED TO IN THIS NOTICE REQUIRE WRITTEN NOTIFICATION TO THE TWC.

DATE OF NOTICE: 05-09-86

REGISTRATION DATE: 12-14-79

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31633

EPA I.D. NUMBER: TXDD00837369

THE REGISTRATION NUMBER PROVIDES ACCESS TO STORED INFOR-MATION PERTAINING TO YOUR OPERATION. PLEASE REFER TO THAT NUMBER IN ANY CORRESPONDENCE.

COMPANY NAME: HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER CO. MAILING ADDRESS: WEBSTER GENERATING STATION

P 0 BOX 1700 - W.F.MCGUIRE

HOUSTON, TEXAS 77001

GENERATING SITE LOCATION:

19301 OLD GALVESTON RD, WEBSTER, TX

CONTACT PERSON: W F MCGUIRE

PHONE: (713) 922-2186

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES: LESS THAN 100

THE DISTRICT: 07

REGISTRATION STATUS: ACTIVE REGISTRATION TYPE: GENERATOR

HAZARDOUS WASTE STATUS: GENERATOR/TSD FACILITY

I. WASTE GENERATED:

WASTE NUMB E		CL A S S	CODE	DISPOSITION
001	OILS, WASTE	1	110450	ON-SITE / SOLD FOR R ECOVERY/SECONDARY US E
002	MISC. INORGANIC SLUDGES	11	240540	OFF-SITE
003	ASBESTOS	I	170750	ON-SITE/OFF-SITE
004	BRICK, REFRACTORY (SPENT)	1	170300	ON-SITE/OFF-SITE
005	SOLVENTS, SPENT	IH	910100	ON-SITE / SOLD FOR R ECOVERY/SECONDARY US

2

AOTICE OF REGISTRATION (CONTINUED)
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31633
COMPANY NAME: HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER CO.

DESCRIPTIONS): DDD2

DESCRIPTIONS): DOOR

SANDBLASTING GRIT

018

Ε EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS): DOD1 006 PAINT THINNER OFF-SITE IH 910110 EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS): F003. F005 007 WASTEWATER DEMINERALIZER ACID IH 902570 ON-SITE REGENERATION EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS): DOD2 800 WASTEWATER DEMINERALIZER BASE IH 902560 ON-SITE REGENERATION EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS1: DOOZ 009 DEMINERALIZER REGENERANT SLUD ΙI OFF-SITE 241470 GE 010 METAL CLEANING WASTE, INORGANI 903070 ON-SITE IH EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS): DOD2 SLUDGE CONTAINING INORGANICS 011 11 241210 OFF-SITE 012 METAL CLEANING WASTE, ORGANIC II ON-SITE/OFF-SITE 215290 013 SLUDGE CONTAINING ORGANICS II 248990 OFF-SITE OILS, WASTE 014 ON-SITE / SOLD FOR R 11 210450 ECOVERY/SECONDARY US 015 OILY WASTE, MISCELLANEOUS II 283230 ON-SITE/OFF-SITE OILY WASTE, MISCELLANEOUS 016 183230 ON-SITE/OFF-SITE 017 SODIUM HYDROXIDE CONTAMINATED IH 976330 OFF-SITE MATERIAL EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 4D CFR PART 261 FOR

IH

EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR

973280

OFF-SITE

3

STATUS

FOTICE OF REGISTRATION (CONTINUED)

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31633 COMPANY NAME:

HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER CO.

019 MERCURY CONTAMINATED WASTE IH 978850

EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR

DESCRIPTIONS): DOD9

TANK BOTTOMS. FULL OIL 020 152920 OFF-SITE/SECONDARY U I

SE

021 SANDBLASTING GRIT ΙI 273280 OFF-SITE

DEMINERALIZER RESIN BEADS.SPEN OFF-SITE 022 11 270131

FAC NO.

023 FLUE DUST ΙI OFF-SITE 271430

024 ACID CONTAMINATED MATERIAL OFF-SITE IH 979290

EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR

DESCRIPTIONS):

II. SHIPPING/REPORTING: NOT APPLICABLE

III. ON-SITE WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES:

FACILITY

01	SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT	-ACTIVE CLOSURE-in-progress			
	STORAGE				
	OF WASTE NUMBER(S) 007, 008				

- ACTIVE CLOSURE-IN Prograss SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT 02 STORAGE OF WASTE NUMBER(S) 010
- ACTIVE -> now used BOILER OR INDUSTRIAL FURNACE LENERGY PRODUC 03 PROCESSING/DISPOSAL
- ACTIVE SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT 04 OF WASTE NUMBER(S) 012 - Class IT works
- ACTIVE 05 MISCELLANEOUS STORAGE CONTAINERS STORAGE OF WASTE NUMBER(S) 001, 003, 004, 005, 006, 014, 015, 016

UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED ABOVE, FACILITIES ARE LOCATED AT 19301 OLD GALVESTON RD. WEBSTER, TX COUNTY OF HARRIS

OF WASTE NUMBER(S) 001, 005, 014

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31633

COMPANY NAME: HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER CO.

IV. RECORDS.

A. FOR PURPOSES OF FILING ANNUAL REPORTS PURSUANT TO TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE SECTION 335 OF THE RULES OF THE TWO PERTAINING TO INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT, RECORDS SHOULD BE MAINTAINED FOR STORAGE, PROCESSING AND/OR DISPOSAL OF THE FOLLOWING WASTE(S) LISTED IN PART I:

CO1 110450 OILS, WASTE

CO3 170750 ASBESTOS

GO4 170300 BRICK, REFRACTORY (SPENT)

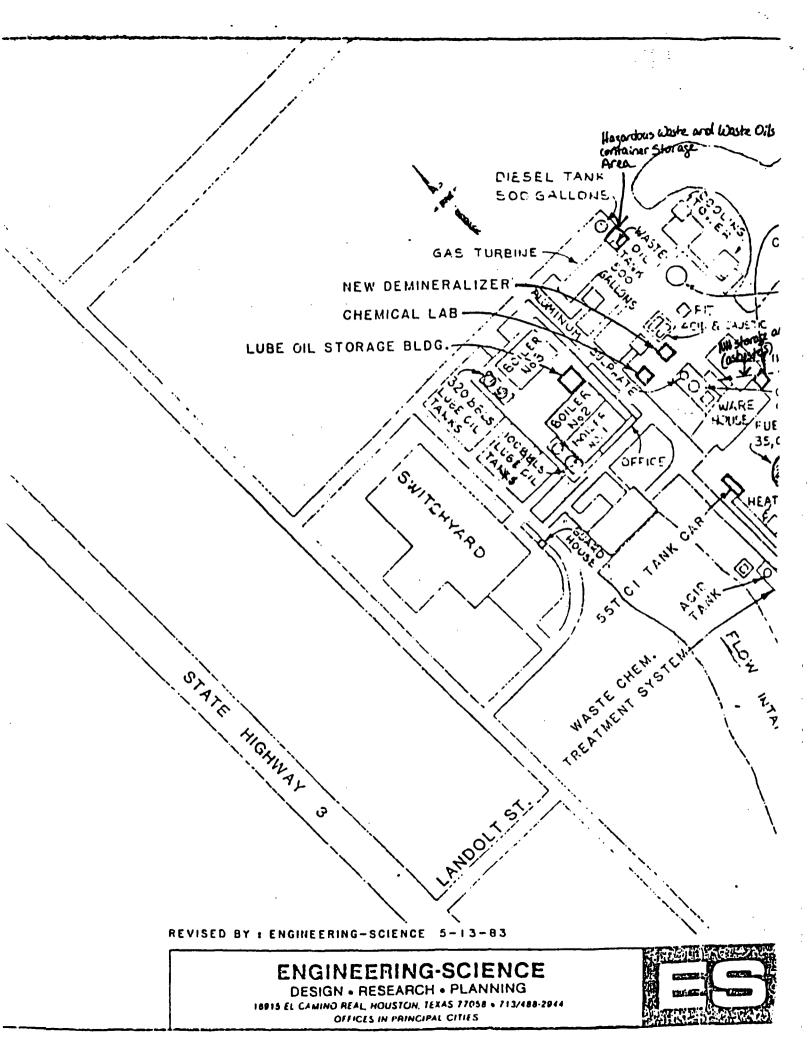
COS 910100 SOLVENTS, SPENT

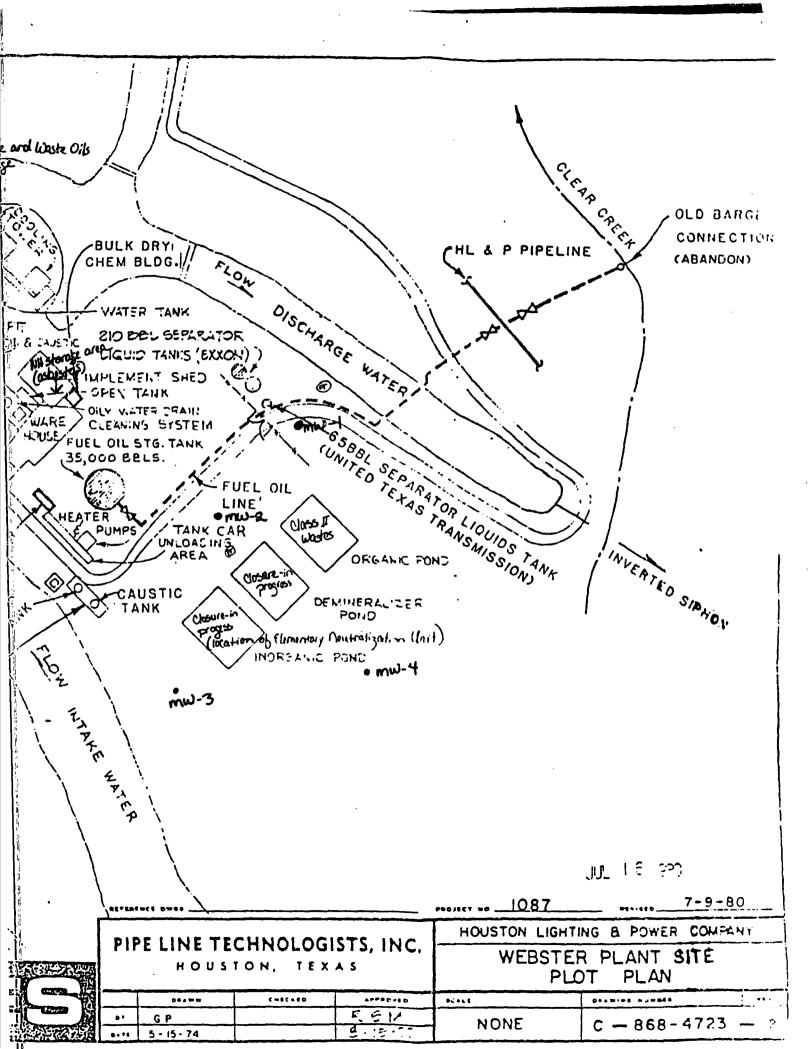
CO7 902570 WASTEWATER, DEMINERALIZER ACID REGENERATION

CO8 902560 WASTEWATER, DEMINERALIZER BASE REGENERATION

C10 903070 METAL CLEANING WASTE, INORGANI

G16 183230 OILY WASTE, MISCELLANEOUS





1-4

The Light company

COMPANY Houston Lighting & Power P.O. Box 1700 Houston, Texas 77001 (713) 228-9211

May 6, 1985

Mr. Jay Snow, P.E. Chief, Solid Waste Section Texas Department of Water Resources P. O. Box 13087, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711

Dear Mr. Snow:

SUBJECT: WEBSTER GENERATING STATION - TDWR NO. 31633
Supplement to Closure Plan for Hazardous Waste
Surface Impoundments

A closure plan for hazardous waste surface impoundments at this facility was submitted on February 11, 1985. Your letter of April 15, 1985, discussed deficiencies in the closure plan and requested additional information for use in your evaluation. Attached is a supplement to the closure plan which addresses the comments in your letter.

Your expeditious review and response to the enclosed material will be appreciated since, as stated in the closure plan, HL&P intends to initiate closure on or about June 1, 1985, pending TDWR review and approval.

Please contact Dr. R. D. Groover, 713/922-2195, if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

W. P. McGuire, Manager Environmental Protection Dept.

BAD/rmg Attachment

TO AS DEPARTMENTS OF WATER RESERVED.

1700 N Constant

Austin, Texas

TEXAS WATER DEVELOPMENT BOARD
Louis A. Beecherl, Jr., Chairman
George W. McCleskey, Vice Chairman
Glen E. Roney
Lonnie A. "Bo" Pilgrim
Louie Welch
Stuart S. Coleman



Charles E. Nemir Executive Direct :

May 16, 1985

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION
Paul Hopkins, Chairman
Lee B. M. Biggart
Ralph Roming

Mr. W. F. McGuire, Manager Environmental Protection Dept. Houston Lighting and Power P. O. Box 1700 Houston, Texas 77001

Dear Mr. McGuire:

Re: Proposed Wastewater Treatment Tank Solid Waste Registration No. 31633 Webster, Texas Facility

This is in response to your correspondence received April 22, 1985 which transmitted the plans and specifications for the proposed fiberglass-lined concrete storage tank. As indicated in your letter, this tank will temporarily store demineralizer regenerant wastewater and boiler blowdown prior to treatment in the existing wastewater treatment facility.

The plans were reviewed for conformance with American Concrete Institute (ACI) and American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standards relating to the materials of construction and the requirements for reinforcing steel. Our review indicates that the proposed tank meets the definition of a "Wastewater Treatment Unit" pursuant to Texas Administrative Code (TAC) 335.42 and appears to be exempt from hazardous waste permitting requirements. We anticipate this decision will expedite your construction plans.

Should you require any additional assistance, please contact Ms. Kathleen DeMarinis at AC512/463-8184.

Sincerely,

Ray Henry Amstin, Head

Ray Hun austri

Storage and Processing Facilities Unit

Solid Waste Section

DO:lab

cc: TDWR District 7 - Deer Park

May 13, 1985

Mr. Jay Snow, P.E. Chief, Solid Waste Section Texas Department of Water Resources P. O. Box 13087, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711

SUBJECT: CLOSURE PLANS FOR CONTAINER STORAGE AREAS

S. R. Bertron Generating Station
H. O. Clarke Generating Station
Greens Bayou Generating Station
P. H. Robinson Generating Station
Webster Generating Station
TDWR No. 31634
TDWR No. 31638
TDWR No. 31633
TDWR No. 31633
TDWR No. 31636

Dear Mr. Snow:

Discussions between Mr. Ray Austin, Mr. Jim Feeley (TDWR) and Dr. R. D. Groover (HL&P) indicate that, to achieve full-facility closure and generator-only status for the above-referenced facilities, closure plans for container storage areas are required eventhough the storage areas will continue in use under the "Accumulation Time" storage exclusion (31 TAC, Section 335.69). Transmitted herewith are three (3) copies of closure plans for the container storage areas. The current status of each generating station is briefly summarized below:

S. R. Bertron

All hazardous waste surface impoundments have been closed under TDWR-approved closure plans; an affidavit for exclusion from hazardous waste permitting is in preparation.

H. O. Clarke

All hazardous waste surface impoundments have been closed under TDWR-approved closure plans, and an affidavit of exclusion from hazardous waste permitting was submitted on March 12, 1985.

Greens Bayou

The demineralizer regenerant impoundment has been closed under a TDWR-approved closure plan. After completion of a fiberglass-lined concrete tank, the inorganic impoundment will be closed and an affidavit of exclusion from hazardous waste permitting will be submitted.

Houston Lighting & Power Company

Mr. Jay Snow May 13, 1985 Page 2

P. H. Robinson

Closure plans for three hazardous waste surface impoundments have been submitted to TDWR. Upon final approval, closure activities are scheduled to begin in the summer of 1985.

Webster

Closure plans for two hazardous waste surface impoundments have been submitted to TDWR. Upon final approval, closure activities are scheduled to begin in the summer of 1985.

T. H. Wharton

The inorganic metal cleaning impoundment has been closed under a TDWR-approved closure plan. After completion of a fiberglass-lined concrete tank, the demineralizer regenerant impoundment will be closed and an affidavit of exclusion from hazardous waste permitting will be submitted.

Should you have any questions pursuant to these container storage area closure plans, please contact Mr. R. T. Bye at 922-2201.

Sincerely,

for

W. F. McGuire, Manager Environmental Protection Dept.

RDG/rmr Attachments

CLOSURE PLAN

FOR

S. R. BERTRON HAZARDOUS WASTE CONTAINER STORAGE AREA

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Background - Houston Lighting & Power Company (AL&P) operates a hazardous waste container storage area at the S. R. Bertron Electric Generating Station. The drum storage area is located in the north side of the Construction Warehouse in one tenth of a metal storage building. The remainder of the building is used for construction storage. The area is clearly identified as a hazardous waste storage area by signs on the building.

In accordance with the requirements of 31 TAC, Section 335, Subchapter J, and 40 CFR 264.1787 this closure plan identifies the

facility. Accumulation time after closure for hazardous waste will be less than 90 days.

This facility currently stores bagged asbestos and 55 gallon drums of liquid and solid hazardous and nonhazardous wastes. These wastes include refractory brick, spent solvents, paint thinner, waste oils, miscellaneous oily wastes, and sandblasting grit.

All spials and leaks are cleaned up promptly using absorbants and surfactants when necessary.

2.0 MIGRATION ASSESSMENT

Sarface Water - There is little potential for surface water contamination resulting from operation of the container storage

55 gallon drum and disposed of at an off-site Classif disposal facility.

5.0 TOTIFICATION

Mr. Merton J. Coloton, Supervisor, TDWF District 7, will be notified ten (10) days prior to the commencement of closure in the event that TDWR District 7 personnel sesire to observe closure activities.

6.0 CLOSURE CERT FIXCATION

Following completion of all closure activities, a registered professional engineer will provide a written certification documenting that closure has been completed in accordance with this plan.

This written certification will be submitted to the TDWR.

7.0 POST-CLOSURE ACTIVITES

The storage area will continue to be used for containerized hazardous and nonhazardous wastes. An inventory of accumulation dates will be maintained to insure that hazardous wastes remain on-site for less than 90 days.

CLOSURE PLAN FOR WEBSTER HAZARDOUS WASTE CONTAINER STORAGE AREA

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Background - Houston Lighting & Power Company (HL&P) operates a hazardous waste container storage area at the Webster Electric Generating Station. The container storage area is located adjacent to the waste oil tank at the east end of the gas turbine building.

In accordance with the requirements of 31 TAC, Section 335, Subchapter J, and 40 CFR 264.178, this closure plan identifies the steps necessary to close the container storage facility. Pollowing closure, the area will continue to be used as a container storage facility. Accumulation time after closure for hazardous waste will be less than 90 days.

This facility currently stores 55 gallon drums of liquid and solid hazardous and nonhazardous wastes. These wastes include refractory brick, spent solvents, paint thinner, waste oils, miscellaneous oily wastes, and sandblasting grit.

All spills and leaks are cleaned up promptly using absorbants and surfactants when necessary.

2.0 MIGRATION ASSESSMENT

Surface Water - There is little potential for surface water contamination resulting from operation of the container storage area. The area is housed on a concrete pad and all spills or leaks are cleaned up promptly.

Subsurface Migration - The floor of the area is reinforced concrete. Any material spilled or leaked onto the floor is cleaned up promptly. Potential for subsurface migration of wastes from this facility is nil.

3.0 CLOSURE PROCEDURE AND SCHEDULE

Closure of the container storage area will begin on or about August 1, 1985, (pending TDWR approval) and will consist of the following steps:

- 1. Prior to closure all wastes stored in the facility will be transferred off-site to a Class I disposal facility.
- The floor will be cleaned using brushes, solvents and an all purpose surfactant.
- 3. Absorbent material will be used to pick up the surfactant.
- 4. The cleaned area will then be rinsed three times with water. All water will be picked up by wet-vacuum or with sponge mops.
- 5. All materials and liquids will be placed in a 55 gallon drum for off-site disposal.

4.0 MISCELLANEOUS PROCEDURES

<u>Safety</u> - Protective clothing will be worn during cleaning to provide worker protection.

Material Disposal - All materials, liquids, and protective clothing used during closure of the storage area will be placed in a 55 gallon drum and disposed of at an off-site Class I disposal facility.

5.0 NOTIFICATION

Mr. Merton J. Coloton, Supervisor, TDWR, District 7, will be notified ten (10) days prior to the commencement of closure in the event that TDWR District 7 personnel desire to observe closure activities.

6.0 CLOSURE CERTIFICATION

Following completion of all closure activities, a registered professional engineer will provide a written certification documenting that closure has been completed in accordance with this plan.

This written certification will be submitted to the TDWR.

7.0 POST-CLOSURE ACTIVITES

The storage area will continue to be used for containerized hazardous and nonhazardous wastes. An inventory of accumulation dates will be maintained to insure that hazardous wastes remain on-site for less than 90 days.

SUPPLEMENT TO

CLOSURE PLAN FOR TWO HAZARDOUS WASTE IMPOUNDMENTS AT THE WEBSTER GENERATING STATION TOWN NO. 31633

HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER COMPANY
HOUSTON, TEXAS

JULY 1985

SEQUENCE OF SAMPLING

For purposes of waste classification prior to disposal as outlined in Sec. 3.3, Sludge Thickness and Analysis and Clay Liner Testing, a composite sample of the sludge and first foot of clay liner will be collected and analyzed for pH and the EP Toxicity metals. All the sludge and one (1) foot of clay material from the surface of the clay liner will be removed and disposed prior to further sampling the clay liner.

ADDITIONAL ANALYTICAL COMPARISONS AND ANALYSES

In addition to the pH and EP metals toxicity analyses specified in Section 3.3 and the supplement submitted May 6, 1985, seven surface samples of the exposed clay liner and sidewalls will be collected and an analysis for total metals will be performed for the eight EP toxicity metals to demonstrate absence of hazardous waste constituents. Sample collection points will be as described in the May 6 supplement.

These results will be compared to three (3) background samples taken in the vicinity of the impoundments and known literature values for soil samples. These background samples will be composites of the top two feet of soil. If the liner total metals concentrations are within the range of these background samples and known natural soil variations, the impoundments will be considered decontaminated of hazardous waste constituents.

In addition, a 24-hour modification of the TDWR leachate test will be performed on the liner samples from the inorganic metal cleaning impoundment. These samples will be analyzed for sulfate and chloride. These results will be compared to values for background soil samples and to groundwater monitoring data available from the groundwater monitoring program at the power plant. If the leachate concentrations are not significantly different from the background soil and groundwater data, the impoundments will be considered free of Class II waste.

ADDITIONAL SOIL BORINGS

addition to the four shallow borings in the In demineralizer impoundment specified in Section as two (2) additional borings will be POST-CLOSURE ACTIVITIES, placed in the sidewall of the impoundment near the sampling locations identified in the May 6 supplement. All six borings will be used to verify the liner characteristics as specified TDWR Technical Guideline No. If the liner in characteristics are not in accordance with TDWR Guideline No. the clay liner will be reworked and recompacted or additional clay will be placed as necessary to meet guideline recommendations.

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

1700 N. Congress Avenue Austin, Texas

TEXAS WATER DEVELOPMENT BOARD

Louis A. Beecherl, Jr., Chairman George W. McCleskey, Vice Chairman Glen E. Roney Lonnie A. "Bo" Pilgrim Louie Welch Stuart S. Coleman



TEXAS WATER COMMISSION
Paul Hopkins, Chairman
Lee B. M. Biggart
Ralph Roming

mD DeMarinis

Austin

Mr. W. F. McGuire, Manager Environmental Protection Dept. Houston Lighting and Power P. O. Box 1700 Houston, Texas 77001

Dear Mr. McGuire:

Re: Proposed Wastewater Treatment Tank Solid Waste Registration No. 31633 Webster, Texas Facility

This is in response to your correspondence received April 22, 1985 which transmitted the plans and specifications for the proposed fiberglass-lined concrete storage tank. As indicated in your letter, this tank will temporarily store demineralizer regenerant wastewater and boiler blowdown prior to treatment in the existing wastewater treatment facility.

The plans were reviewed for conformance with American Concrete Institute (ACI) and American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standards relating to the materials of construction and the requirements for reinforcing steel. Our review indicates that the proposed tank meets the definition of a "Wastewater Treatment Unit" pursuant to Texas Administrative Code (TAC) 335.42 and appears to be exempt from hazardous waste permitting requirements. We anticipate this decision will expedite your construction plans.

Should you require any additional assistance, please contact Ms. Kathleen DeMarinis at AC512/463-8184.

Sincerely,

Ray Henry Austin, Head Storage and Processing Facilities Unit Solid Waste Section

KMD: lab

cc: TDWR District 7 - Deer Park



IWC	Reg.	No	31633
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TEXAS WATER COMMISSION Solid Waste Compliance Monitoring Inspection Report

TESPECTION COVER SHEET

	126-86 LLS
	The so LLS
EPA ID No. TXD000237349 Commercial Waste Facility	Govt. Facility
NAME OF COMPANY HUSton Lighting & Power Co - Webser Station	
MAILING ADDRESS PO BOX 1700-WF McGuire, Houston, TX 7.7001	
SITE LOCATION 19301 Old Galveston Rd., Webser	annumbrie fing
COUNTY Harns Type of Industry Electric Power Gen	eration
Part A Application submitted to the State ? Yes / No To I Affidavit of Exclusion submitted to the State ? Yes / No Was a written exclusion granted by TWC? Yes No / If y Will this facility require a permit ? Yes No /	EPA ? Yes No
Current Waste Management (HazH, Class I NonHazNH, Class II, III	or check as appropriate
Generator H, NILL Treatment H Storage H, NH, TT Disposal	Transporter
HW Exemptions: SQG 90-Day Storage 1 Other WW Treating	nerut
NW Facilities (circle appropriate codes): © T SP UP LT LF I	TT TR WDW O
NH Facilities (circle appropriate codes): C T (SI) WP LT LF. I	TT TR WDW O
Anomalies in the above information will be addressed by : (a) Enforce (b) Central Office $\sqrt{}$, (c) District Office $\sqrt{}$, (d) Owner/Operation	cement in progress
Inspection Information:	en en
Type of Inspection (circle): EV FB EC CL GW SA CD	FO OT FE SM
Inspector's Name and Title Karen L. Bleam - Hazardrus & Blin Was	k Specialist -
Inspection Participants Richard Bye	
Inspection Date(s)Otoler /3, 1985	
Approved: District Manager Signed: January	Pleam
Date: 12-12-85	

TWC-Reg. No. 3/633
TEXAS WATER COMMISSION
Solid Waste Compliance Monitoring Inspection Report
CONTENTS SHEET

FACILIT	ry n	AME Houston Lighting & Power Co Webster Station
	1.	Code Sheet (Ø814)
/	2.	Inspection Cover Sheet
	3.	Generators Checklist
	4.	Small Quantity Generator Checklist
	5	General Facilities Checklist
	6.	Component Facility Checklists*
		A. Containers (C)
		B. Tanks (T)
		C. Surface Impoundments (SI)
		D. Waste Piles (WP)
		E. Land Treatment (LT)
		F. Landfills (LF)
		G. Incinerators (I)
		H. Thermal Treatment (TT)
		I. Chemical, Physical, or Biological Treatment (TR)
		J. Other (O)
	6.	- Jn-figress Closure a nd Post Closur e Checklist
	7.	Groundwater Monitoring Checklist
	8.	Notice of Violation (NOV) Letter
	9.	Interoffice Memorandum (ICM)
:	10.	Registration
	ll.	Maps, Plans, Sketches
	12.	Photographs/Slides
	13.	Other (describe) corresiondence regarding elosure
		uired Checklist is omitted, explain:

TWC Solid Waste Inspection Report (40 CFR Part 264 Subpart G; Part 265 Subpart G) CLOSURE-In-PROGRESS CHECKLIST

TWC Reg. No. 3/633

Reg. Facility No. OS

NOLE	closing a hazardous waste management facility.	SS OT		
1.	Type of facility: <u>Contourer Storage Area</u>			1: k 2:
2.	Has the closure plan received TWC approval or final modification?	N/A	YES_V	
	Date of approval: 09/23/35	•		
3.	Identify the type of closure: Final Closure			
	Partial Closure			-
4.	If this is a partial closure, is this the last facility to be closed requiring RCRA ground water monitoring? N/A	YES	NO_	٠
5.	If this is an interim status facility:		• •	
	a. Has an approved public notice of closure been published?	N/A	YES /	NO
	Date published: <u>07/26/</u> 85		. ,	
	b. Is a public hearing required ? N/A	YES	NO_ <u>/</u>	•
	Date of hearing:/		,	
6.	Has on-site closure work started ? N/A_	YES	NO	
	Date work initiated: 10/18/85			
7.	Is the on-site closure work proceeding in accordance with the work schedule established in the approved closure plan?	N/A	YES_/	NO
8 .	Have 180 days elapsed since TWC approval of the closure plan? N/A	YES	NÖ 🗸	
	a. If yes, has the Executive Director approved a closure period of greater than 180 days ?	N/A <u>/</u>	YES	NO
9.	complete removal of land facility was to have been	_/ YES	NO	
10.	Were TWC samples taken during the inspection to verify completion of closure ?	✓ YES	NO	
	NOTE: List chain-of-custody tag numbers in comments section.			

Reg./Parmit No. 316.33	
COMMENTS SHEET	
Section / Paragraph : The hazardous wask container storage	
area was closed occording to the outlined closure plan. All containers in	
storage were disposed of at Pollins and the resulting cleaning materials and	<u>L</u>
contaminated equipment were disposed of at BFI as class II wosks, HLEI	
will respen the facility as a less-than-90-day storage facility One	
hazardous waste impoundment has been closed, leaving one impoundment	<u>+</u>
to be closed before HLEP-Webster will be exempt from needing a	
permit under the 90 day storage and wastwater treatment exemptions	
	1
·	
,	
·	

Checklist Closure-in Progress

Date 12-12-95

TRYTICAL OF PESTSTRATION.

PESISTRATION NUMBER : TIMES

COMPANY NAME: HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER CO.

Da 0550

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION MOTICE OF REGISTRATION INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE GENERATION/DISPOSAL

08-29-85

THIS IS NOT A PERMIT AND BOES NOT CONSTITUTE AUTHORIZATION OF ANY WASTE MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES OR FACILITIES LISTED BELOW. REQUIREMENTS FOR SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ARE PROVIDED BY TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE SECTION 335 OF THE RULES OF THE TEXAS WATER COMMISSION (TWO). CHANGES OR ADDITIONS TO WASTE MANAGEMENT METHODS REFERRED TO IN THIS NOTICE REQUIRE WRITTER NOTIFICATION TO THE TWO.

DATE OF NOTICE: U8-3U-85

REGISTRATION DATE: 12-14-79

PEGISTRATION NUMBER: 31633

EPA I.D. NUMBER: TXDDDD837369

ECOVERY/SECONDARY US

THE REGISTRATION NUMBER PROVIDES ACCESS TO STORED INFOR-MATION PERTAINING TO YOUR OPERATION. PLEASE REFER TO THAT NUMBER IN ANY CORRESPONDENCE.

COMPANY NAME: HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER CO-MAILING ADDRESS: WEBSTER GENERATING STATION POBOX 1700 - W-F-MCGUIRE

HOUSTON, TEXAS 77001

GENERATING SITE LOCATION:

19301 OLD GALVESTON RD, WEBSTER, TX

CONTACT PERSON: W F MCGUIRE

PHONE: (713) 922-2186

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES: 50 - 99

TWC DISTRICT: D7

REGISTRATION STATUS: ACTIVE PEGISTRATION TYPE: GENERATOR

HAZARDOUS WASTE STATUS: GENERATOR/TSD FACILITY

I. WASTE GENERATED:

WAST NUMB	••	· •	CLASS	conr	DISPOSITION		
001	OILS, WASTE		1	116450	ON-SITE / SOLD FOR R ECOVERY/SECONDARY US		
002	MISC. INORGANIC SEUDGES		ΙI	2,40540	CFF-SITE		
003	ASBESTOS		1	170750	ON-SITE/OFF-SITE		
004	BRICK, REFRACTORY (SPENT)		I	170350	ON-SITE/OFF-SITE		
005	SOLVENTS, SPENT		Į!	910100	ON-SITE / SOLD FOR R		

ſ_

EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS): DOOL

006 PAINT THINNER

OFF-SITE IH 910110

EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS): F003, F005

902570 037 WASTENATER DEMINERALIZED ACID I H ON-SITE REGENERATION

> EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS): DBD2

WASTEWATER DEMINERALIZER BASE 902560 008 IΗ ON-SITE RESENERATION

> EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS): 0002

009 DEMINERALIZER REGENERANT SLUD II 241470 OFF-SITE GΞ

HETAL CLEANING WASTE, INORGANI 903070 010 IH ON-SITE

> EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. CREFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS): DOD2

SLUDGE CONTAINING INORGANICS 011 II 241210 OFF-SITE

METAL CLEANING WASTE, ORGANIC 215293 012 ΙI ON-SITE/OFF-SITE

SLUDGE CONTAINING ORGANICS 249990 OFF-SITE 013 ΙI

ON-SITE / SOLD FOR R 014 OILS. WASTE II 210450 SCOVERY/SECONDARY US

E

- WASTE, HISCELLANEOUS 115 OILY ΙI 283230 ON-SITE/OFF-SITE

ON-SITE/OFF-SITE WASTE, MISCELLAMEOUS 183230 016 OILY

017 SODIUM HYDROXIDE CONTAMINATED 976330 NO LONGEP GENERATED ΙH MATERIAL

> EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS): DON2

018 SANDBLASTING GRIT 973280 OFF-SITE IΗ

> EPA HAZARDOUS VASTE NOS. (REFER TO 40 CFR PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS): 0008

PAGE

PEGISTRATION NUMBER: (SONTTING)
COMPANY NAME: HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER CO.

DIS MERCURY CONTAMINATED WASTE JH 979850 OFF-SITE

EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE MOS. (REFER TO MD CER PART 261 FOR DESCRIPTIONS): 0009

DZO TANK BOTTOMS, FUEL OIL

I 152920 OFF-SITE/SECONDARY U

٢E

C21 SANDBLASTING GRIT

II 273280 OFF-SITE

II. SHIPPING/REPORTING: PURSUANT TO TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE SECTION 335 OF THE RULES OF THE TWO PERTAINING TO INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT. ISSUANCE OF MANIFESTS AND MONTHLY REPORTING ARE PEQUIRED FOR OFF-SITE STORAGE/PROCESSING/DISPOSAL OF THE FOLLOWING CLASS I WASTES LISTED IN PART I.

PREPARE A MONTHLY WASTE SHIPMENT SUMMARY AND SUBMIT IT ALONG WITH THE GREEN COPY OF THE MANIFEST(S) FOR EACH MONTH THAT SHIPMENTS OF THE FOLLOWING HASTE(S) ARE MADE. NO MONTHLY WASTE SHIPMENT SUMMARY IS REQUIRED FOR MONTHS WHEN SHIPMENTS ARE NOT MADE.

DOS 170750 ASBESTOS

004 170300 EPICK, REFRACTORY (SPENT)

006 910110 PAINT THINNER

016 183230 OTLY WASTE, MISCELLANEOUS

DIR 973280 SANDBLASTING GRIT

C19 978850 MERCURY CONTAMINATED WASTE

OF WASTE NUMBER(S) COI, GRS. CIA

020 152920 TANK POTTOMS. FUEL CIL

III. OM-SITE WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES:

FAC ::0	• FACILITY	STATUS
01	SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT	ACTIVE
	OF WASTE NUMBER(S) NOT, COS	
02	SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT	ACTIVE
	STORAGE	
	OF WASTE NUMBER(S) DIC	
0.3	BOILER OR INDUSTRIAL FURNACE (ENERGY PRODUC	ACTIVE
	PROCESSING /DISPOSAL	701 [12

COMPANY NAME: HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER CO.

94 SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT STORAGE OF WASTE NUMBER(S) 012 ACTIVE

25 MISCELLAMEOUS STORAGE CONTAINERS STORAGE OF WASTE NUMBER(S) 001, 003, 004, 005, 006, 014,

015, 016

ACTIVE

UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED ABOVE, FACILITIES ARE LOCATED AT 19301 OLD GALVESTON RD, WEBSTER, TX COUNTY OF HARRIS

RECORDS. IV.

FOR PURPOSES OF FILING ANNUAL REPORTS PURSUANT TO TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE SECTION 335 OF THE RULES OF THE TWC PERTAINING TO INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT, RECORDS SHOULD BE MAINTAINED FOR STORAGE, PROCESSING AND/OR DISPOSAL OF THE FOLLOWING WASTE(S) LISTED IN PART I:

001 110450 OILS, WASTE

003 170750 ASBESTOS

004 170300 BRICK, REFPACTORY (SPENT)

UDS 910100 SOLVENTS, SPENT

GD7 902570 WASTEWATER DEMINERALIZER ACID REGENERATION

008 902560 WASTEWATER DEMINERALIZER BASE REGENERATION

010 903070 METAL CLEANING WASTE, INORGANI

016 183230 CILY WASTER MISCELLANEOUS



COMMODINY Houston Lighting & Power P.O. Box 1700 Houston, Texas 77001 (713) 228-9211

May 13, 1985

Mr. Jay Snow, P.E. Chief, Solid Waste Section Texas Department of Water Resources P. O. Box 13087, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711

Sie de me about lu

SUBJECT:

CLOSURE PLANS FOR CONTAINER STORAGE AREAS S. R. Bertron Generating Station TDWR No. 31637 H. O. Clarke Generating Station Greens Bayou Generating Station P. H. Robinson Generating Station

TDWR No. 31635 TDWR No. 31634 TDWR No. 31638 TDWR No. 31633

Webster Generating Station T. H. Wharton Generating Station

TDWR No. 31636

Dear Mr. Snow:

Discussions between Mr. Ray Austin, Mr. Jim Feeley (TDWR) and Dr. R. D. Groover (HLGF) indicate that, to achieve full-facility closure and generator-only status for the above-referenced facilities, closure plans for container storage areas are required eventhough the storage areas will continue in use under the "Accumulation Time" storage exclusion (31 TAC, Section 335.69). Transmitted herewith are three (3) copies of closure plans for the container storage areas. The current status of each generating station is briefly summarized below:

S. R. Bertron

All hazardous waste surface impoundments have been closed under TDWR-approved closure plans; an affidavit for exclusion from hazardous waste permitting is in preparation.

H. O. Clarke

All hazardous waste surface impoundments have been closed under TDWR-approved closure plans, and an affidavit of exclusion from hazardous waste permitting was submitted on March 12, 1985.

Greens Bayou

The demineralizer regenerant impoundment has been closed under a TDWR-approved closure plan. After completion of a fiberglass-lined concrete tank, the inorganic impoundment will be closed and an affidavit of exclusion from hazardous waste permitting will be submitted.

Mr. Jay Snow May 13, 1985 Page 2

P. H. Robinson

Closure plans for three hazardous waste surface impoundments have been submitted to TDWR. Upon final approval, closure activities are scheduled to begin in the summer of 1985.

Webster

Closure plans for two hazardous waste surface impoundments have been submitted to TDWR. Upon final approval, closure activities are scheduled to begin in the summer of 1985.

T. H. Wharton

The inorganic metal cleaning impoundment has been closed under a TDWR-approved closure plan. After completion of a fiberglass-lined concrete tank, the demineralizer regenerant impoundment will be closed and an affidavit of exclusion from hazardous waste permitting will be submitted.

Should you have any questions pursuant to these container storage area closure plans, please contact Mr. R. T. Bye at 922-2201.

Sincerely,

for

W. F. McGuire, Manager Environmental Protection Dept.

RDG/rmr Attachments

closure plan for Wedster Hazardous waste container storage area 31633

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Background - Houston Lighting & Power Company (HL&P) operates a hazardous waste container storage area at the Webster Electric Generating Station. The container storage area is located adjacent to the waste oil tank at the east end of the gas turbine building.

In accordance with the requirements of 31 TAC, Section 335, Subchapter J, and 40 CFR 264.178, this closure plan identifies the steps necessary to close the container storage facility. Following closure, the area will continue to be used as a container storage facility. Accumulation time after closure for hazardous waste will be less than 90 days.

This facility currently stores 55 gallon drums of liquid and solid hazardous and nonhazardous wastes. These wastes include refractory brick, spent solvents, paint thinner, waste oils, miscellaneous oily wastes, and sandblasting grit.

All spills and leaks are cleaned up promptly using absorbants and surfactants when necessary.

2.0 MIGRATION ASSESSMENT

Surface Water - There is little potential for surface water contamination resulting from operation of the container storage area. The area is housed on a concrete pad and all spills or leaks are cleaned up promptly.

Subsurface Migration - The floor of the area is reinforced concrete. Any material spilled or leaked onto the floor is cleaned up promptly. Potential for subsurface migration of wastes from this facility is nil.

3.0 CLOSURE PROCEDURE AND SCHEDULE

Closure of the container storage area will begin on or about August 1, 1985, (pending TDWR approval) and will consist of the following steps:

- Prior to closure all wastes stored in the facility will be transferred off-site to a Class I disposal facility.
- 2. The floor will be cleaned using brushes, solvents and an all purpose surfactant.
- 3. Absorbent material will be used to pick up the surfactant.
- 4. The cleaned area will then be rinsed three times with water. All water will be picked up by wet-vacuum or with sponge mops.
- 5. All materials and liquids will be placed in a 55 gallon drum for off-site disposal.

4.0 MISCELLANEOUS PROCEDURES

<u>Safety</u> - Protective clothing will be worn during cleaning to provide worker protection.

Material Disposal - All materials, liquids, and protective
clothing used during closure of the storage area will be placed in a
55 gallon drum and disposed of at an off-site Class I disposal
facility.

5.0 NOTIFICATION

Mr. Merton J. Coloton, Supervisor, TDWR, District 7, will be notified ten (10) days prior to the commencement of closure in the event that TDWR District 7 personnel desire to observe closure activities.

6.0 CLOSURE CERTIFICATION

Following completion of all closure activities, a registered professional engineer will provide a written certification documenting that closure has been completed in accordance with this plan.

This written certification will be submitted to the TDWR.

7.0 POST-CLOSURE ACTIVITES

The storage area will continue to be used for containerized hazardous and nonhazardous wastes. An inventory of accumulation dates will be maintained to insure that hazardous wastes remain on-site for less than 90 days.

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION

Paul Hopkins, Chairman Ralph Roming, Commissioner John O. Houchins, Commissioner



Larry R. Soward, Executive Director

Mary Ann Hefner, Chief Clerk James K. Rourke, Jr., General Counsel

September 23, 1985

Mr. W. F. McGuire, Manager Environmental Protection Department Houston Lighting and Power P. O. Eox 1700 Houston, Texas 77001

Dear Mr. McGuire:

Re: Solid Waste Registration No. 31633

Webster Generating Station Full Facility Closure

We have completed a review of the hazardous waste facility closure plan, as detailed in your submittal of May 13, 1985. The subject closure plan describes the proposed method of closure for one drum storage area. The closure activities described in the plan have been evaluated pursuant to Title 31 of Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Sections 335.211-335.216, including the closure performance standard of 31 TAC 335.212.

This letter constitutes approval by the Executive Director of the hazardous waste facility closure plan, as described in your referenced submittal. Upon completion of the closure activities, certifications should be submitted by the owner or operator of the subject facility and by an independent Registered Professional Engineer that the hazardous waste management facility has been closed in accordance with the approved closure plan. Once the aforementioned certifications are received, we will resume processing of your Affidavit of Exclusion.

Should you have any questions regarding this evaluation, please contact Joe Gingerich of the Hazardous and Solid Waste Permits Section at AC512/463-8187 or AC512/463-8505.

Sincerely,

Larry R. Soward Executive Director

JG:bb

cc: Bill Brown, Field Operations Liaison
TWC District 7 Office - Deer Park

SEP 271985

The Light

COMPANY Houston Lighting & Power P.O. Box 1700 Houston, Texas 77001 (713) 228-9211

1015

November 8, 1985

Mr. William N. Rhea Hazardous Waste Management Division (GH-HO) **Environmental Protection Agency** Region 6 1201 Elm Street Interfirst II Building - 28th Floor

Dallas, Texas 75270

SUBJECT: RCRA SECTION 3007 INFORMATION REQUEST

HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER COMPANY FACILITIES

Cedar Bayou Generating Station Deepwater Generating Station P. H. Robinson Generating Station

Webster Generating Station

#TXD000761841 **#TXD000837427** #TXD000837401 #TXD000837369

Dear Mr. Rhea:

Pursuant to your letter requesting additional information as required by authority of Section 3007 of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. Section 6927, we are submitting information required in Enclosure 2, Item 1, for the subject Houston Lighting & Power Company (HL&P) facilities. Part B Hazardous Waste Permit Applications and certifications of compliance with groundwater monitoring and financial assurance were submitted to the Texas Water Commission (TWC) for the subject facilities on November 6, 1985. Please note that for the remaining HL&P facilities that received your information request, hazardous waste units at the facilities have been closed and certified as per TWC approved closure plans. Additionally, for those facilities, Affidavits of Exclusion from hazardous waste permitting requirements have been submitted to the Texas Water Commission. Therefore, the information provided in this response is limited to the subject facilities.

CEDAR BAYOU GENERATING STATION FM 1405 Near Baytown TXD000761841

Hazardous waste land disposal units located at this facility consist of the following:

Mr. William N. Rhea November 8, 1985 Page 2

- One clay lined earthen surface impoundment identified as the Demineralizer Regenerant Surface Impoundment utilized for the storage/equalization of demineralizer regenerant wastewater prior to treatment in a concrete wastewater treatment system and discharged under an existing NPDES/TWC permit.
- One clay lined earthen surface impoundment identified as the West Organic Metal Cleaning Impoundment utilized for the storage of demineralizer regenerant wastewater and occasional organic metal cleaning wastes generated during boiler cleaning operations.

DEEPWATER GENERATING STATION
Light Company Road at the Ship Channel
Pasadena, Texas
TXD000837427

Hazardous waste land disposal units located at this facility consist of the following:

- Two clay lined above grade surface impoundments identified as the Demineralizer Regenerant/Boiler Blowdown Surface Impoundments utilized for the storage/equalization of demineralizer regenerant and boiler blowdown wastewaters prior to treatment in a concrete wastewater treatment system and discharged under an existing NPDES/TWC permit.

P. H. ROBINSON GENERATING STATION Highway 146

Baycliff, Texas
TXD000837401

Hazardous waste land disposal units located at this facility consist of the following:

- One clay lined earthen surface impoundment identified as the Demineralizer Regenerant Surface Impoundment utilized for the storage/equalization of demineralizer regenerant wastewater prior to being pumped to the Demineralizer Regenerant/Non-Oily Floor Drain Mixing Surface Impoundment discussed below.
- One clay lined earthen surface impoundment identified as the Demineralizer Regenerant/Non-Oily Floor Drain Mixing Impoundment utilized for the storage/equalization of demineralizer regenerant wastewater and non-oily floor

Houston Lighting & Power Company

Mr. William N. Rhea November 8, 1985 Page 3

drainage prior to treatment in a concrete wastewater treatment system and discharged under an existing NPDES/TWC permit.

One clay lined earthen surface impoundment identified as the Inorganic Metal Cleaning Surface Impoundment utilized for the occasional storage/equalization of inorganic metal cleaning waste associated with boiler cleaning operations. This wastewater is then pumped to a concrete wastewater treatment system where it is treated and discharged under an existing NPDES/TWC permit.

WEBSTER GENERATING STATION 19301 Old Galveston Road Webster, Texas 77598 TXD0008377369

Hazardous waste land disposal units located at this facility consist of the following:

- One clay lined earthen surface impoundment identified as the Demineralizer Regenerant Surface Impoundment utilized for the storage/equalization of demineralizer regenerant wastewater prior to treatment in a concrete wastewater treatment system and discharged under an existing NPDES/TWC permit.
- One clay lined earthen surface impoundment identified as the Inorganic Metal Cleaning Surface Impoundment utilized for the occasional storage/equalization of inorganic metal cleaning wastewater associated with boiler cleaning operations. This wastewater is then pumped to a concrete wastewater treatment system where it is treated and discharged under an existing NPDES/TWC permit.

Closure plans for hazardous waste surface impoundments at Webster and P. H. Robinson were approved by the TWC on August 6, 1985. Closure plans for Cedar Bayou and Deepwater were submitted to the TWC on August 2, 1985, and approval is expected shortly. Of the hazardous waste disposal units discussed above, one surface impoundment at the Webster station (inorganic metal cleaning surface impoundment) has been closed and certified (November 4, 1985), and one surface impoundment at the P. H. Robinson station (inorganic metal cleaning surface impoundment), is currently undergoing closure. The remaining surface impoundments will undergo closure in 1986.

Houston Lighting & Power Company

Mr. William N. Rhea November 8, 1985 Page 4

Should you have any questions pursuant to this matter, please contact Mr. R. T. Bye at 713/922-2201.

Sincerely

McGuire

Manager, Environmental Protection

Department

RTB/rmr

Attachments - 4 site topograpic maps

cc: Mr. Minor Hibbs; Hazardous & Solid Waste Division, TWC

nje

The Light company

COMPANY Houston Lighting & Power P.O. Box 1700 Houston, Texas 77001 (713) 228-9211

February 8, 1985

Mr. Ray Henry Austin, Head Storage and Processing Facilities Unit Solid Waste Section Texas Department of Water Resources P.O. Box 13087, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711

Dear Mr. Austin:

SUBJECT: REVISED PART A APPLICATION

WEBSTER GENERATING STATION - TDWR 31633

The August 1980 Part A application for Houston Lighting & Power Company's Webster Generating Station has been updated. The attached revisions reflect current hazardous waste management practices at this facility.

Please call R. D. Groover at (713) 922-2195 if you have any questions concerning these revisions.

Sinderely

W. F. McGulre, Manager

Environmental Protection Department

BAD/pm/L2

Attachments

cc: M. J. Coloton, TDWR District 7

Webster Generating Station Revised Part A Application

Appropriate tables/pages (attached) of the Part A application have been revised to reflect current hazardous waste management practices at Webster Generating Station.

The Part A application prepared in August 1980 listed several wastes/facility components which have been removed in the revised Part A. These wastes/components are discussed below:

1. Demineralizer Regenerant Inorganic Sludge

This sludge accumulates at the bottom of the demineralizer impoundment from storage of demineralizer regenerant. Based on EP toxicity analyses submitted to your office on April 8, 1981 (letter attached). this waste has been declassified to a Class II waste (TWC 241470).

2. Metal Cleaning and Other Inorganic Sludge

This sludge accumulates at the bottom of the inorganic impoundment from storage of hydrochloric acid boiler and equipment cleanings, and boiler blowdown. Based on EP toxicity analyses submitted to your office on April 8, 1981 (letter attached), this waste has been declassified to a Class II waste (TWC 241210).

3. Metal Cleaning Organic Acids/Metal Cleaning Organic Acids Collection Pond

This waste is generated from ammoniated citric acid or hydroxyacetic-formic acid boiler and equipment cleanings. It is stored in an impoundment prior to being injected in an energy-producing boiler for incineration. Based on EP toxicity analyses submitted to your office on April 8, 1981 (letter attached), this waste has been declassified to a Class II waste (TWC 215290). The organic impoundment has, therefore, never received hazardous waste.

4. Metal Cleaning Organic Sludge

This sludge accumulates at the bottom of the organic impoundment. Based on EP toxicity analyses submitted to your office on April 8, 1981 (letter attached), this waste has been declassified to a Class II waste (TWC 248990).

5. Chemical Waste Treatment System Sludge/Chemical Waste Treatment System & Sand Drying Beds

A concrete chemical waste treatment system is used to treat demineralizer regenerant, inorganic metal cleaning waste (when produced), and boiler blowdown prior to NPDES discharge. The sludge which accumulates in the settling chamber of the treatment system is pumped to sand drying beds for dewatering and periodic off-site disposal. Based on EP toxicity analyses submitted to your office on February 23, 1981 (letter attached), this sludge has been declassified to a Class II waste (TWC 240540).

6. Waste Oil and Sludge/Waste Oil and Sludge Collection Facility

Oily sludge generated from the oily waste treatment system is classified as a Class I nonhazardous or Class II waste, depending on the amount of oil present in the sludge. The attached EP toxicity analyses of oily waste treatment system sludge indicate that no hazardous constituents are present.

7. Asbestos in Insulation

Insulation containing asbestos is classified as a Class I non-hazardous waste (TWC 170750). Asbestos, originally listed on the Part A application, has been delisted from the hazardous waste list (CFR 40.261).

WEBSTER GENERATING STATION

Table III-I Hazardous Wastes and Management Activities

Verbal Description of Weste	TDWR Sequence Number	TDWR Waste Code Number	EPA Hazard Code	EPA Hazardous Waste No.	Off-Site Disposal		ement Activities - plicable items) On-Site Processing ²	Disposal	1984 Annual Quantity Generated (lbs)	SIC Code and Process
Demineralizer Acid and										Water
Wastewater Inorganic Metal	007 008	902570 902560	<u> </u>	D002		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		7.93x10 ^{7a}	4911 - Treatment Boiler & Cor
Cleaning Waste	010	903070	<u>C</u>	D002		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> 0</u> b	4911 - denser C'
Spent Solvents	005	910100	<u> </u>	D001 D001	<u>x</u>	<u> </u>			0	4911 - Degreasing
Paint Thinner	006	910110	I,T	F003, F005	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			0.79×10^{3}	4911 - Painting
Sandblast Grit		973280	<u>E</u>	D008	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				4911 - Painting
Liquid Paint Waste		910650	<u> </u>	D008	<u>x</u>	<u> </u>		·	0.89×10^{3}	4911 - Painting
						· 				
·				 ·						

a Total quantity discharged from demineralizer impoundment under NPDES permit (includes boiler blowdown). b Inorganic metal cleaning waste is generated infrequently. Quantity generated in 1980 was approximately 1.25X10⁶ lbs.

c Projected quantity to be generated in 1985 is approximately 1X104 lbs.

[&]quot;Storage" means the holding of solid waste for a temporary period, at the end of which the waste is processed, disposed of, or stored elsewhere.

[&]quot;Processing" means the extraction of materials, transfer, volume reduction, conversion to energy, or other separation and preparation of solid waste for reuse or disposal, including the treatment or neutralization of hazardous waste, designed to change the physical, chemical, or biological character or composition of any hazardous waste so as to neutralize such waste, or so as to recover energy or material from the waste or so as to render such waste non-hazardous or less hazardous; safer for transport, store or dispose of; or amenable for recovery, amenable for storage, or reduced in volume. The "transfer" of solid waste for reuse or disposal as used above, does not include the actions of a transporter in conveying or transporting solid waste by truck, ship, pipeline, or other means. Unless the Executive Director determines that regulation of such activity is necessary to protect human health or the environment, the definition of "processing" does not include activities relating to those materials exempted by the Administrator of the EPA pursuant to the federal Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. 42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq., as amended.

WEBSTER GENERATING STATION

Table III-2 Hazardous Waste Management Facility Component Summary Sheet

Verbal Description of Waste	Spent Solvents
Process (see last column in Table III-1)	Degreasing
TDWR Sequence Number of Waste (if assigned)	005
Indicate the facility components used for storage/pnumber of such facility components by which this	processing/disposal of the above-specified waste by entering the waste is managed.
Lagoon/Pond (unlined)	Landfarm
Lagoon/Pond (lined)	Landspreading Area
Basin (earthen, above-grade lined)	Spray Irrigation Area
Basin (earthen, above-grade unlined)	Flood Irrigation Area
Basin (earthen, below-grade lined)	Septic Tank/Drain Field
Basin (earthen, below-grade unlined)	Injection Well
Basin (concrete, above-grade lined)	Tank (surface storage)
Basin (concrete, above-grade unlined)	Tank (sub-surface storage)
Basin (concrete, below-grade lined)	Tank (surface processing)
Basin (concrete, below-grade unlined)	Tank (sub-surface processing)
Basin (other)	Tank (other)
Pit (lined)	1 Drum Storage Area (open)
Pit (unlined)	Other Container Storage Area
Incinerator	Other Container Storage Area
Open Controlled Incineration Area	Other Container Storage Area (specify type of
	of container
Boiler (energy-producing)	
Landfill (sanitary)	Weste Pile Storage Area
Landfill (surface, open)	1 Other (specify Mixed with
Landfill (other)	waste oil for pickup by) a waste oil recycling firm

Table III-2 Hazardous Waste Management Facility Component Summary Sheet

Verbal Description of Waste	Paint Thinner
Process (see last column in Table III-1)	Painting
TDWR Sequence Number of Waste (if assigned)	006
Indicate the facility components used for storage number of such facility components by which the	e/processing/disposal of the above-specified waste by entering the is waste is managed.
Lagoon/Pond (unlined)	Landfarm
Lagoon/Pond (lined)	Landspreading Area
Basin (earthen, above-grade lined)	Spray Irrigation Area
Basin (earthen, above-grade unlined)	Flood Irrigation Area
Basin (earthen, below-grade lined)	Septic Tank/Drain Field
Basin (earthen, below-grade unlined)	Injection Well
Basin (concrete, above-grade lined)	Tank (surface storage)
Basin (concrete, above-grade unlined)	Tank (sub-surface storage)
Basin (concrete, below-grade lined)	Tank (surface processing)
Basin (concrete, below-grade unlined)	Tank (sub-surface processing)
Basin (other)	Tank (other)
Pit (lined)	
Pit (unlined)	Other Container Storage Area
Incinerator	Other Container Storage Area
Open Controlled Incineration Area	Other Container Storage Area (specify type of
	of container
Boiler (energy-producing)	·)
Landfill (sanitary)	Waste Pile Storage Area
Landfill (surface, open)	Other (specify
Landfill (other))

WEBSTER GENERATING STATION

Table III-2 Hazardous Waste Management Facility Component Summary Sheet

Verbal Description of Waste

Demineralizer Acid and Base Regeneration Wastewater

Process (see last column in Table III-1)

Water Treatment

TDWR Sequence Number of Waste (if assigned)

007, 008

Indicate the facility components used for storage/processing/disposal of the above-specified waste by entering the number of such facility components by which this waste is managed.

Lagoon/Pond (unlined)	Landfarm
Lagoon/Pond (lined)	Landspreading Area
Basin (earthen, above-grade lined)	Spray Irrigation Area
Basin (earthen, above-grade unlined)	Flood Irrigation Area
Basin (earthen, below-grade lined)	Septic Tank/Drain Field
Basin (earthen, below-grade unlined)	Injection Well
Basin (concrete, above-grade lined)	Tank (surface storage)
Basin (concrete, above-grade unlined)	Tank (sub-surface storage)
Basin (concrete, below-grade lined)	Tank (surface processing)
Basin (concrete, below-grade unlined)	Tank (sub-surface processing)
Basin (other)	Tank (other)
Pit (lined)	Drum Storage Area
Pit (unlined)	Other Container Storage Area
Incinerator	Other Container Storage Area
Open Controlled Incineration Area	Other Container Storage Area (specify type of
	of container
Boiler (energy-producing))
Landfill (sanitary)	Waste Pile Storage Area
Landfill (surface, open)	Other (specify
Landfill (other))

WEBSTER GENERATING STATION

Table III-2 Hazardous Waste Management Facility Component Summary Sheet

Verbal Description of Waste	Inorganic Metal Cleaning Waste
Process (see last column in Table III-1)	Boiler & Condenser Cleaning
TDWR Sequence Number of Waste (if assigned)	010
Indicate the facility components used for storage number of such facility components by which this	processing/disposal of the above-specified waste by entering the swaste is managed.
Lagoon/Pond (unlined)	Landfarm
Lagoon/Pond (lined)	Landspreading Area
Basin (earthen, above-grade lined)	Spray Irrigation Area
Basin (earthen, above-grade unlined)	Flood Irrigation Area
Basin (earthen, below-grade lined)	Septic Tank/Drain Field
Basin (earthen, below-grade unlined)	Injection Well
Basin (concrete, above-grade lined)	Tank (surface storage)
Basin (concrete, above-grade unlined)	Tank (sub-surface storage)
Basin (concrete, below-grade lined)	Tank (surface processing)
Basin (concrete, below-grade unlined)	Tank (sub-surface processing)
Basin (other)	Tank (other)
Pit (lined)	Drum Storage Area
Pit (unlined)	Other Container Storage Area
Incinerator	Other Container Storage Area
Open Controlled Incineration Area	Other Container Storage Area (specify type of
	of container
Boiler (energy-producing))
Landfill (sanitary)	Waste Pile Storage Area
Landfill (surface, open)	Other (specify

__ Landfill (other)

Table III-2 Hazardous Waste Management Facility Component Summary Sheet

Verbal Description of Waste	Sandblast Grit
Process (see last column in Table III-1)	Painting
TDWR Sequence Number of Waste (if assigned)	
Indicate the facility components used for storag number of such facility components by which the	e/processing/disposal of the above-specified waste by entering the same of the above-specified waste by entering the same of t
Lagoon/Pond (unlined)	Landlarm
Lagoon/Pond (lined)	Landspreading Area
Basin (earthen, above-grade lined)	Spray Irrigation Area
Basin (earthen, above-grade unlined)	Flood Irrigation Area
Basin (earthen, below-grade lined)	Septic Tank/Drain Field
Basin (earthen, below-grade unlined)	Injection Well
Basin (concrete, above-grade lined)	Tank (surface storage)
Basin (concrete, above-grade unlined)	Tank (sub-surface storage)
Basin (concrete, below-grade lined)	Tank (surface processing)
Basin (concrete, below-grade unlined)	Tank (sub-surface processing)
Basin (other)	Tank (other)
Pit (lined)	Drum Storage Area
Pit (unlined)	Other Container Storage Area
Incinerator	Other Container Storage Area
Open Controlled Incineration Area	1 Other Container Storage Area (specify type of
	of container (covered bins)
Boiler (energy-producing))
Landfill (sanitary)	Waste Pile Storage Area
Landfill (surface, open)	Other (specify
Landfill (other))

WEBSTER GENERATING STATION

Table III-2 Hazardous Waste Management Facility Component Summary Sheet

Verbal Description of Waste	Liquid Paint Wastes
Process (see last column in Table III-1)	Painting
TDWR Sequence Number of Waste-(if assigned	d)
Indicate the facility components used for stora number of such facility components by which	ge/processing/disposal of the above-specified waste by entering the this waste is managed.
Lagoon/Pond (unlined)	Landfarm
Lagoon/Pond (lined)	Landspreading Area
Basin (earthen, above-grade lined)	Spray Irrigation Area
Basin (earthen, above-grade unlined)	Flood Irrigation Area
Basin (earthen, below-grade lined)	Septic Tank/Drain Field
Basin (earthen, below-grade unlined)	Injection Well
Basin (concrete, above-grade lined)	Tank (surface storage)
Basin (concrete, above-grade unlined)	Tank (sub-surface storage)
Basin (concrete, below-grade lined)	Tank (surface processing)
Basin (concrete, below-grade unlined)	Tank (sub-surface processing)
Basin (other)	Tank (other)
Pit (lined)	1 Drum Storage Area (open)
—— Pit (unlined)	Other Container Storage Area
Incinerator	Other Container Storage Area
Open Controlled Incineration Area	Other Container Storage Area (specify type of
	of container
Boiler (energy-producing)	
Landfill (sanitary)	Waste Pile Storage Area
Landfill (surface. open)	Other (specify
Landfill (other)	

Webster Generating Station Table III-4 Hazardous Waste Facility Components List

Facility Component		S	Status			Design Capacity			Date
Name	TDWR Seq. No.	Inactive	Active	Proposed	(cu yds)	(gal)	(lbs)	Years <u>Utilized</u>	in Service
Lagoon/Pond (lined)	01		<u> </u>			372,000		14	1970
erbal Description: Clay lined po	ond for the	e collecti	on of demi	neralizer r	egeneratio	n wastes prio	r to treatm	nent	
Treated waste	water is	iischarged	via NPDES	permit.	·				· .
Lagoon/Pond (lined	02		<u> </u>			270,000		7	1977
orbal Description: <u>Clay lined</u>	ond for t	h <u>e collect</u>	ion of met	al cleaning	inorganic	acid wastes	from boile:	_and	
equipment c	leaning op	erations p	rior to tr	eatment. Tr	eated wast	ewater is dis	charged via	NPDES permi	<u>.</u>
									
erbal Description:			* 4 +	•	· -				
			· .			,		•••	<u> </u>
Drum Storage Area (open)	05		X			NA		4	1980
erbal Description: <u>Drum storage</u>	area for	the colle	ction of w	aste solven	ts, waste	paint thinner	s, and liqu	id paint pri	or to
off-site dis	sposal.					·			
Other Container Storage Are	ea			<u> </u>	<u>NA</u>			NA	NA
erbal Description: Covered bins	for stor	age of bla	sting mate	rial prior	to off-sit	e disposal			
`					,				
						•			
erbal Description:							•	-	. ;
,									

TDWR-0283 (Rev. 8-1-83) Page 13 of 14

Attachment G

Webster Generating Station

Process Description for Hazardous Waste Streams

1. Demineralizer Acid and Base Regenerant Wastewater (EPA Hazard Code C)

Demineralizer regenerant waste is collected in the demineralizer impoundment. The waste is then pumped to the chemical waste treatment system for pH adjustment and suspended solids removal. Treated wastewater is discharged in accordance with the NPDES permit.

2. Inorganic Metal Cleaning Waste (EPA Hazard Code C)

Inorganic metal cleaning waste is collected in the inorganic impoundment. The waste is then pumped to the chemical waste treatment system for pH adjustment, suspended solids and metals removal. Treated wastewater is discharged in accordance with the NPDES permit.

3. Spent Solvents (EPA Hazard Code I)

Spent solvents are collected in drums or mixed with waste oil for recycling.

4. Paint Thinner (EPA Hazard Code I, T)

Paint thinner waste is collected in drums. These drums are temporarily stored prior to off-site disposal.

Sandblast Grit (EPA Hazard Code E)

Waste blasting material is collected in bins for temporary storage prior to off-site disposal.

6. Liquid Paint Wastes (EPA Hazard Code E)

Liquid paint waste is collected in drums. These drums are temporarily stored prior to off-site disposal.



ANALYTICAL PETROLEUM RESEARCH

Laboratories

HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER P. O. BOX 1700 HOUSTON. TEXAS 77001 ATTENTION: MS. ELLEN ZAMPELLO DATE: SEPTEMBER 25. 1984 INVOICE NO.: 10582

CERTIFICATE NO.: 14438

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: WEB FLOOR DRAIN OIL SUMP

(Waste Oil)

SAMPLE DATE: SEPTEMBER 7, 1984 DATE RECEIVED: SEPTEMBER 7. 1984

IGNITABILITY (FLASH POINT)

) 212 °F

CORROSIVITY

pH = 6.48

REACTIVITY

NONE

E P TOXICITY:

ANALYSIS	RESULTS MG/L	ANALYSIS	RESULTS ** = _
ARSENIC	⟨∅. ₡2	LEAD	<0. ₋
BARIUM	(0.3	MERCURY	(0. ræ
CADMIUM	(0. 01	SELENIUM	⟨Ø. ē_
CHROMIUM	⟨∅. 1	SILVER	⟨Ø. ₢_

RECEIVED SEP 28 1984



ANALYTICAL PETROLEUM RESEARCH

Laboratories

HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER P. O. BOX 1700 HOUSTON. TEXAS 77001 ATTENTION: MS. ELLEN ZAMPELLO DATE: SEPTEMBER 25. 1984 INVOICE NO.: 10582

CERTIFICATE NO.: 14439

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: WEB GAS TURBINE OIL TRAP

(Waste Oil)

SAMPLE DATE: SEPT. 7, 1984

DATE RECEIVED: SEPT. 7. 1984

IGNITABILITY (FLASH POINT)

) 212 °F

CORROSIVITY

pH = 5.15

REACTIVITY

NONE

E P TOXICITY:

ANALYSIS	RESULTS MG/L	Analysis _.	RESULTS MG/L
ARSENIC	(0.02	LEAD	⟨∅. 1
BARIUM	(0. 3	MERCURY	(0.005
CADMIUM	<0.01	SELENIUM	⟨∅. ∅1
CHROMIUM	⟨∅, 1	SILVER	<0.01

ENDRIN (0.02

(0.4 LINDANE

. (2 METHOXYCHLOR

TOXAPHENE (0.2

2,4 -DICHLOROPHENOXYACETIC ACID (2, 4-D) (1

2,4,5-TP (SILVEX) **{1** RECEIVED

SEP 28 1984

Suite 129

Dickinson, Texas 77539

Phone (713) 337-6700

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

1700 N. Congress Avenue
Austin, Texas

TEXAS WATER DEVELOPMENT BOARD

Louis A. Beecherl, Jr., Chairman George W. McCleskey, Vice Chairman Glen E. Roney W. O. Bankston Lonnie A. "Bo" Pilgrim



Charles E. Nemir Executive Director June 12, 1984

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION
Paul Hopkins, Chairman
Lee B. M. Biggart
Ralph Roming



Mr. W.F. McGuire, Manager Environmental Protection Department Houston Lighting & Power P.O. Box 1700 Houston, Texas 77001

Dear Mr. McGuire:

Re: RCRA Financial Assurance TDWR Registration Numbers 31632, 31633, 31634, 31635, 31636, 31637 31638. and 31639

The documents submitted for financial assurance of the above referenced facility(ies) have been reviewed and determined to be complete and in accordance with the applicable regulations. Any revisions or adjustments involving financial assurance of the facility(ies) should be submitted in writing to the attention of Mr. Russell Kimble of our Enforcement and Field Operations Division.

Sincerely,

Bryan W. Dixon, P.E., Chief Solid Waste and Spill Response Section Enforcement and Field Operations Division

RSK:jr

ccs: Jay Snow, Permits Division, Industrial Solid Waste Section
Texas Department of Water Resources District 7 Office



The Light company

Company Houston Lighting & Power P.O. Box 1700 Houston, Texas 77001 (713) 228-9211

May 29, 1984

Mr. Paul S. Lewis, Geologist Enforcement & Field Operations Division Texas Department of Water Resources P. O. Box 13087, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711

SUBJECT:

GROUND-WATER QUALITY ASSESSMENT PLAN, IMPLEMENTATION STUDIES S. R. Bertron Generating Station, TDWR Reg. No. 31637 H. O. Clarke Generating Station, TDWR Reg. No. 31635 Deepwater Generating Station, TDWR Reg. No. 31632 Greens Bayou Generating Station, TDWR Reg. No. 31634 P. H. Robinson Generating Station, TDWR Reg. No. 31638 Webster Generating Station, TDWR Reg. No. 31636

Dear Mr. Lewis:

Enclosed are two (2) copies each of the ground-water quality plan implementation studies for the above-referenced facilities. Please contact E. A. Feith (922-2205) or R. D. Groover (922-2195) if you have any questions concerning this material. As discussed with you previously, Mr. Feith and Mr. Froover as well as representatives of Underground Resource Management, Inc. plan to meet to discuss the reports with you on Thursday, May 31, 1984 at 10:00 a.m.

Sincerely

W. F. McGuire, Manager

Environmental Protection Department

RDG/bwt

Enclosures

Form	SENDER: Complete items 1, 2, 3, and 4. Add your address in the "RETURN TO" space on reverse.
	(CONSULT POSTMASTER FOR FEES)
١	1. The following service is requested (check ene).
Ę	Show to whom and date delivered

HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER CO. 316
WEBSTER GENERATING STATION
P O BOX 1700 - W.F.MCGUIRE
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77001
ATTN: W F MCGUIRE

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McClelland engineers, inc. / geotechnical consultants

6100 HILLCROFT / HOUSTON, TEXAS 77081 TEL 713 / 772-3701 / TELEX 762-447

SUBJECT:

Monitor Well Installation

Webster Electric Generating Station

Webster, Texas

DATE:

July 22, 1982

REPORT NO.: 0182-0119-1

TO

Houston Lighting & Power Company

12301 Kurland Drive Houston, Texas 77034

Attention: Mr. E. A. Feith

Introduction

Presented here is the report of our installation of monitor wells at your Webster Electric Generating Station in Webster, Texas. This work was performed in general accordance with our proposal dated June 1, 1982 and was verbally authorized by Mr. James Mertink on May 4, 1982.

Field Services

Four monitor wells were installed in the Webster Generating Station at the locations shown on Plate 1. The locations were selected by HL&P and were confirmed by the Texas Department of Water Resources as being acceptable. Holes for the wells were drilled with a medium-duty truck-mounted rig using wet rotary techniques. A geotechnical engineer logged the well holes based on soil cuttings and drilling characteristics. A description of the soils encountered is included in the next section of this report.

As shown on Plate 2, a monitor well consists of a 4-in.-diameter PVC riser pipe installed in a 7-in.-diameter hole. The PVC riser pipe is provided with 0.02-in.-wide slots and is surrounded by filter sand in the monitoring zone. A 1-ft-thick layer of bentonite is placed on top of the sand filter. Soil cuttings from the boring are backfilled in the annulus from the top of the bentonite to about 4 ft below ground surface. Cement grout is placed to fill the remaining annulus to the ground surface. The well is developed by blowing the water and any sediment out of the riser pipe with compressed air.

McClelland Engineers, Inc. Report No. 0182-0119-1

July 22, 1982 Page 2

General Soil Conditions

The general soil stratigraphy at each well location as determined by logging the soil cuttings in the returning wash water and by observing the drilling characteristics is given below.

Monitor Well W-1. Clay was observed to a depth of 25 ft. Underlying the clay, silty clay with seams and thin layers of sandy silt and clayey silt was found to the bottom of the hole to 29-ft depth.

Monitor Well W-2. Fill consisting of clay and silty clay with calcareous deposits was observed to a depth of 12 ft. Circulation of drilling fluid was lost at 7-ft depth due to a thin layer of highly permeable organic silt. Natural clay is present from 12-ft to the 30-ft depth drilled; the drilling indicates silt seams from 24-ft to 27-ft depth.

Monitor Well W-3. A clay profile was observed from the ground surface to the 30-ft depth of the hole. The clay was interbedded with silt from 21-ft to 22-ft depth.

Mondton Well W. 4. Clay swe observed to a depth of 17.5 ft and from

The following illustrations are attached and complete this report:

Plate 1

Site Plan

Plate 2

Monitor Well Installation Data

McCLELLAND ENGINEERS, INC.

Edward J. Ulrich, Jr., P.E.

Engineer Manager

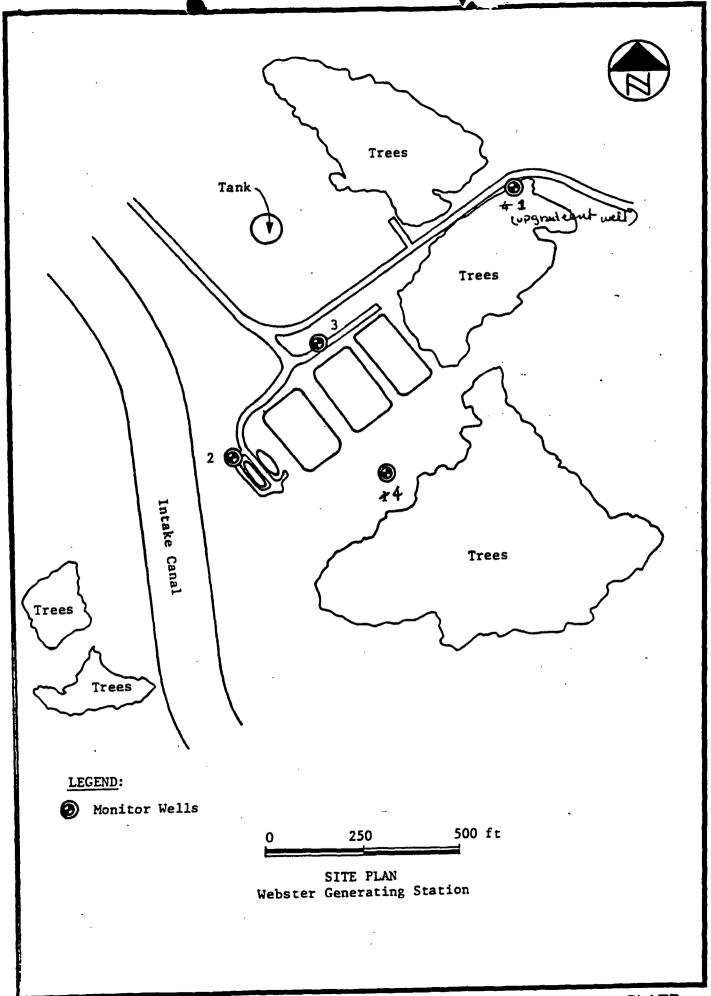
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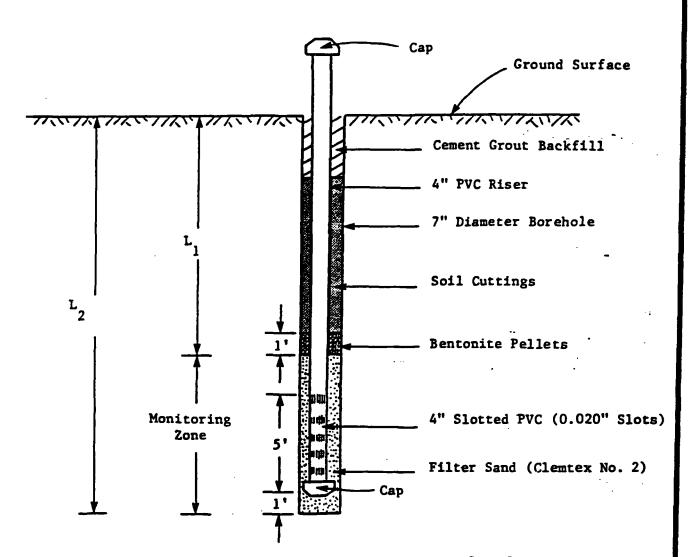
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E. J. ULRICH, JR.

35624 G

GISTER!





	Installation	ation		Granular Layer		
Well No.	Date	L ₁ , Ft	L ₂ , Ft	Description	From, Ft	To, Ft
42	5-20-82	. 18	28	Clayey Silt Seams	25	29
2	5-18-82	18	29	Silt Seams	24	27
3	5-17-82	18	28	Silt Seams	21	22
1x	5-18-82	10	21	Sandy Silt	17.5	19.5

MONITOR WELL INSTALLATION DATA Webster Generating Station

Date: ____ MAJOR FACILITIES STATUS SHEET Q484 13 Initial _ Update IC No.: TxDany837349 Registration/Permit No.: 31433 Facility Name: HL+P Webster Station District No.: Dist 7 1. Ground Water Monitoring Status Detection Waiver NA 2. Ground Water Monitoring Weil System NA NE DATE EVAL'D ____ a. Evaluated? b. Adequate? 3. Ground Water Sampling, Analysis and Evaluation Program NA NE DATE EVAL'D NO a. Evaluated? NA b. Adequate? 4. Notice of Significant Increase in Parameter Concentrations Submitted? NA NO DATE SUB'D OC+ 1984 5. Ground Water Quality Assessment Report Will Submit May 89 DATE EVAL'D NA a. Submitted? NE b. Evaluated? YES ____ c. Adequate? NO d. Showed hazardous waste constituents in ground water? NO ____ YES 6. Waiver Demonstration NE NO DATE EVAL'D NA L"
YES a. Evaluated? b. Adequate? 7. Ground Water Monitoring Records NE DATE EVAL'D NA YES —— a. Evaluated?

b. Adequate?

FORM SUBMITTED

	•		iD *
Act	ivities Subje	ct to Closu	re/Post-Closure
Sur	dfill face Impoundm d Treatment/A		Incinerator Waste Pile Other (Specify)
Clo	sure Plan		
	Evaluated? Adequate?	NE YES	DATE EVAL'D
<u>Clo</u>	sure Cost Est	imate	
b.	Evaluated? Adequate? Amount:	NA NE YES NO S	DATE EVAL'DUNKNOWN
<u>Clo</u>	sure Assuranc	e Instrumer	t(s)
b.	Evaluated? Adequate? Type(s):		DATE EVAL'D NO INSTRUMENT
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Pos	t-Closure Pla	<u>in</u>	
a. b.	Evaluated? Adequate?	NA NE NE NO	DATE EVAL'D
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a. b. c.	Evaluated? Adequate? Amount:	NA NE NE NC	DATE EVAL'DUNKNOWN
Pos	st-Closure Ass	surance Inst	rument(s)
a. b. c.	Evaluated? Adequate? Type(s):		DATE EVAL'D NO INSTRUMENT
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3







McClelland engineers, inc. / geotechnical consultants

6100 HILLCROFT / HOUSTON, TEXAS 7708: TEL. 713 / 772-3701 / TELEX 762-447

SUBJECT:

Geotechnical Investigation Class I Disposal Ponds

Webster Generating Station

Webster, Texas

DATE: November 16, 1981

REPORT NO.: 0181-0318-4

TO:

Houston Lighting & Power Company

12301 Kurland Drive Houston, Texas 77034

Attention: Mr. James R. Mertink

Introduction

Presented here are the results of our investigation of soil conditions at the site of two Class I disposal ponds at your Webster Generating Station in Webster, Texas. This study was performed in general accordance with our proposal dated August 12, 1981 and was authorized by your Purchase Order No. M-76559 dated October 9, 1981.

A Demineralizer Regenerant Collection (D.R.C.) pond and an Inorganic Metal Cleaning (I.M.C.) collection pond are presently in use at the plant site.

The ponds are about 5 ft deep and were constructed at grade as open-cut excavations.

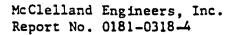
We understand that the Texas Department of Water Resources indicated that by November 19, 1981, the owners of hazardous waste impoundments must have a ground-water monitoring program. This requirement may be waived if there is a low potential for migration of hazardous waste from the facility. The purposes of this investigation were to obtain information on the soil conditions at the site and evaluate the potential for migration of waste from the ponds to the uppermost aquifer.

To accomplish our objectives, the study included the following phases:

- review of previous geotechnical work performed in the Webster Plant
- . field investigation
- . laboratory investigation
- engineering analyses

....

Page 2



Principal Findings

The principal findings of this study, based on our soil borings and laboratory tests, are presented below.

- (1) The ponds are located in clay to a depth of about 20 ft.
- (2) The clay is highly plastic and relatively impermeable with average coefficients of permeability of about 5.2×10^{-9} , 5.6×10^{-9} , and 2.2×10^{-9} cm/sec for deionized water, demineralizer regenerant, and inorganic metal cleanser, respectively.
- (3) The soil environment for the ponds is considered acceptable for Class I disposal ponds in accordance with the Texas Department of Water Resources Guidelines (Revised March 1, 1978) for unlined ponds. We therefore believe that the pond environments present a low potential for migration of waste.

Field Investigation

Information on soil conditions at the site was obtained by reviewing previous geotechnical work performed in the Webster Plant and by drilling two 30-ft and three 25-ft depth undisturbed-sample borings to supplement the available data. The borings are numbered 1 through 6 and are shown on Plate 1. The borings were drilled with a medium-duty truck-mounted rotary rig. Individual boring logs are presented on Plates 2 through 7. Most of the symbols and terms used on the logs are identified on Plate 8.

Undisturbed samples were obtained in the boring at 2-ft intervals from the ground surface to a depth of about 12 ft, at 15 ft, and at 5-ft intervals thereafter. Samples were obtained with a 3-in,-diameter thin-walled tube hydraulically pushed into the soil.

The samples recovered from the boreholes were removed from the sampling devices, examined, and classified by our soil technician. Representative portions of each sample obtained were sealed in appropriate containers and transported to our laboratory. The boreholes were sealed with a cement grout upon completion of drilling.

Laboratory Investigation

The laboratory soil tests were directed primarily toward evaluating soil classification and permeability. The following tabulation gives the type and number of tests performed.

Type of Test	Number of Tests
Penetrometer	55
Liquid and Plastic Limits	2
рН	2
Falling Head Permeability	6

Water content and unit dry weight determinations were made routinely on each permeability test specimen. The results of the pH and permeability tests are presented on Plate 9. All other test results are presented graphically on the boring logs.

Site Conditions

The site is relatively flat at about El +14. Soft to very stiff clay and silty clay is present over the site to a depth of about 20 ft. This clay is highly plastic and is classified as CH in the Unified Classification System. Between about 20 and 26-ft-depth, sandy to clayer silt was encountered. This silt is underlain by stiff clay to the maximum depth explored, 30 ft.

Conclusions

Our borings indicate that clays are present at the site to a depth of about 20 ft, which is 15 ft below the bottoms of the ponds. This satisfies the requirements of the Texas Department of Water Resources Guidelines (Revised March 1, 1978) for unlined Class I disposal ponds. We therefore believe that the ponu environments present a low potential for migration of waste.

McClelland Engineers, Inc. Report No. 0181-0318-4

November 16, 1981 Page 4

The following illustrations are attached and complete this report.

Plate 1

Site Plan

Plates 2 through 7

. . . .

Logs of Borings

Plate 8

Terms and Symbols Used on Boring Logs

Plate 9

Permeability Test Results

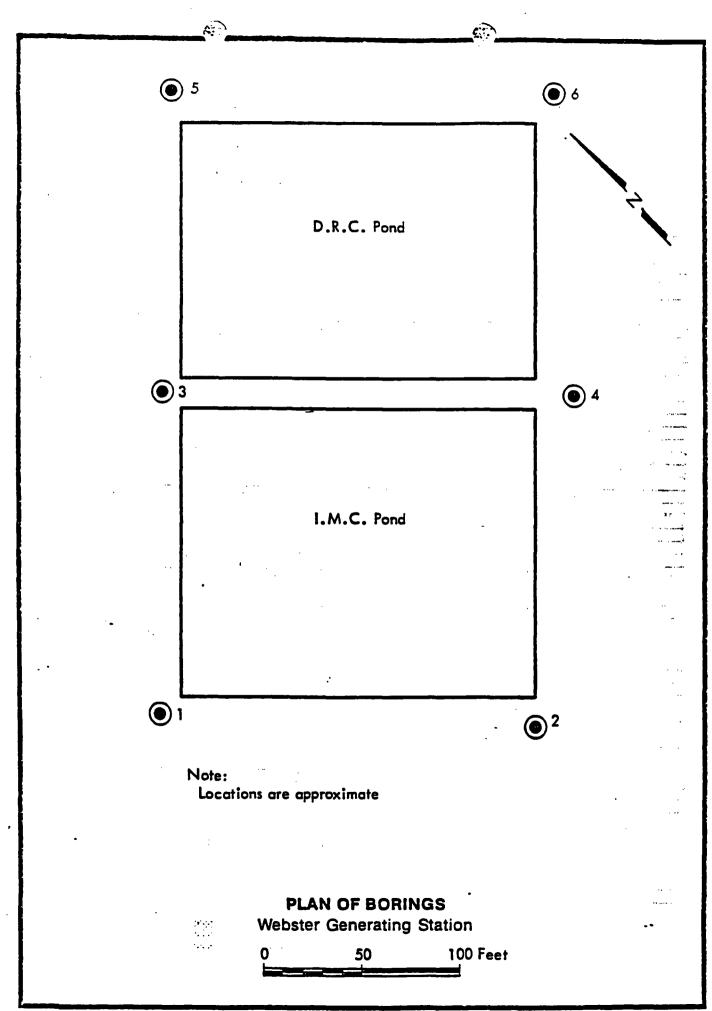
McCLELLAND ENGINEERS, INC.

Edward J. Ulrich, Jr., Pk.

Engineer Manager

JAM/EJU/dka

Copies Submitted: (6)



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PLATE 1



43

LOG OF BORING NO. 1 CLASS I DISPOSAL PONDS WEBSTER GENERATING STATION

(4)

WEBSTER, TEXAS

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30	-								-10 -
20	Reddish brown sandy silt Stiff brown clay with calcareous nadules						8		- 7 - - 8 -
	-firm to 6' -dark gray, 5' to 9' -light gray below 9' Stiff reddish brown clay with calcareous nade -brownish yellow and light gray below 13'	- 1					8		- 2 - - 3 - - 4 -
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LOG OF BORING NO. 2 CLASS I DISPOSAL PONDS WEBSTER GENERATING STATION

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LOG OF BORING NO. 3

CLASS I DISPOSAL PONDS WEBSTER GENERATING STATION WEBSTER, TEXAS

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Torvene

Rand Penetrometer

(open symbols above indicate remoided tests)

LOG OF BORING NO. 4 CLASS I DISPOSAL PONDS WEBSTER GENERATING STATION

SYMBOL	3	LOCATION : See Plate 1	BLOWS PER FT	% PASSING NO 200 SIEVE	AY WI CUFI	WATER CO	Liquid	UNDRA	NED SHE		NGTH	T
SYMBOL			LOWS	% PAS	UNIT DRY WT	Limit Nati		0.5		5 2.0	25	
7	4	Very stiff dark brown clay with calcareous	-	2	77	20 4	60	25	50	75 100	175 : 🙉 T	Ŧ
		nodules and roots —with silt pockets below 2.5'									85	
K	3	Stiff dark gray silty clay with ferrous and calcareous nadules and roots							-	19		1
1);	H	-brownish yellow, 6' to 8'			109	 -			20		1 .	ŀ
	E	-very stiff reddish brown, 8' to 10'									8	
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LOG OF BORING NO. 5

CLASS I DISPOSAL PONDS WEBSTER GENERATING STATION WEBSTER, TEXAS

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		3	-dark brown with ferrous nodules, 2.5' to 4'	•]						8	1 .
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20			Reddish brown clayey silt with sand pockets									<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	6.
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LOG OF BORING NO. 6 CLASS I DISPOSAL PONDS WEBSTER GENERATING STATION WEBSTER, TEXAS

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ATTACHMENT K

Table of Well Construction Details

Well Number	MW-1	MM-5	E-WM	MW-4
Mole Diameter	7 in.	7 in.	7 in.	7 in.
Total Depth	21 ft.?	28 ft.?	29 ft.?	28 ft.?
Drill Method	Wet Rotary	Wet Rotary	Wet Rotary	Wet Rotary
Date Drilled	5-20-82	5-18-82	5-17-82	5-18-82
Casing I.D.	4 in.	4 in.	4 in.	4 in.
Casing Type	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC
Haw Joined	N.P	N.P	N.P	N.P
Stick-up Length	N.P	N.P	N.P	N.P
T.O.C. (MSL)	19.48 ft.	21.11 ft.	21.94 ft.	21.43 ft.
Ground Level (MSL)	N.P	N.P	N.P	N.P
Capped/Lockable	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No
Surface Pad Size	3 ft.	3 ft.	3 ft.	3 ft.
044				
Depth Surface Seal Annulus Fill	0- 4 ft. Cement Soil Cuttings	0-4 ft. Cement Sail Cuttings	0-4 ft. Cement Sail Cuttings	0-4 ft. Cement Soil Cuttings
Surface Seal	Cement	Cement	Cement	Cement
Surface Seal Annulus Fill Depth	Cement Soil Cuttings	Cement Soil Cuttings	Cement Sail Cuttings	Cement Soil Cuttings
Surface Seal Annulus Fill Depth Annulus Seal Pepth	Cement Soil Cuttings 9 ft.	Cement Soil Cuttings 17 ft.	Cement Sail Cuttings 17 ft.	Cement Soil Cuttings 17 ft.
Surface Seal Annulus Fill Depth Annulus Seal Pepth Gravel Pack Length	Cement Soil Cuttings 9 ft. 10 ft.	Cement Soil Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft.	Cement Sail Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft.	Cement Soil Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft.
Surface Seal Annulus Fill Depth Annulus Seal Pepth Gravel Pack Length Gravel Pack Size of Gravel	Cement Soil Cuttings 9 ft. 10 ft. 11 ft.	Cement Sail Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft. 10 ft.	Cement Sail Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft.	Cement Soil Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft. 10 ft.
Surface Seal Annulus Fill Depth Annulus Seal Pepth Gravel Pack Length Gravel Pack Size of Gravel Pack Depth	Cement Soil Cuttings 9 ft. 10 ft. 11 ft. Clemtex No.2	Cement Soil Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft. 10 ft. Clemtex No.2	Cement Sail Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft. 11 ft. Clemtex No.2	Cement Soil Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft. 10 ft. Clemtex No.2
Surface Seal Annulus Fill Depth Annulus Seal Pepth Gravel Pack Length Gravel Pack Size of Gravel Pack Depth Screen	Cement Soil Cuttings 9 ft. 10 ft. 11 ft. Clemtex No.2	Cement Soil Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft. 10 ft. Clemtex No.2	Cement Sail Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft. 11 ft. Clemtex No.2	Cement Soil Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft. 10 ft. Clemtex No.2
Surface Seal Annulus Fill Depth Annulus Seal Pepth Gravel Pack Length Gravel Pack Size of Gravel Pack Depth Screen Screen 1.D./Slot	Cement Soil Cuttings 9 ft. 10 ft. 11 ft. Clemtex No.2 15-20 0.02 in.	Cement Sail Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft. 10 ft. Clemtex No.2 22-27 0.02 in.	Cement Sail Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft. 11 ft. Clemtex No.2 23-28 0.02 in.	Cement Soil Cuttings 17 ft. 18 ft. 10 ft. Clemtex No.2 22-27 0.02 in.

Development				
Method Çor	•	Compressed	Compressed	Compressed
Air		Air	Air	Air

N.P = Not Provided in Well Construction Details.

Note that depth of well and depth to screen are based on Table 7 in GWQA Report dated 5-29-84 which is in disagreement with Original construction data dated 7-22-82.

·	Sample 1	Sample 2
Boring	1	4
Depth, Ft	3	7
Plastic Limit	18	19
Liquid Limit	55	66
Deionized Water Coefficient of Permeability (cm/sec) pH	6.3 × 10 ⁻⁹ 7.5	4.0 × 10 ⁻⁹ 7.5
Demineralizer Regenerant Coefficient of Permeability (cm/sec) pH	1.2 × 10 ⁻⁹ 2.3	1.0 × 10 ⁻⁸ 2.3
Inorganic Metal Cleanser		
Coefficient of Permeability (cm/sec) pH	2.9 × 10 ⁻⁹ 10.4	. 1.4 × 10 ⁻⁹ 10.4

PERMEABILITY TEST RESULTS Webster Generating Station

ATTACHMENT

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

PERMIT APPLICATION FOR

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE STORAGE/PROCESSING/DISPOSAL FA

PART A - FACILITY BACKGROUND INFORMATION

APPL NO.	10502
CEPYNYT-DIST.	Harris 7
RESCIPI ALAMONIESES BY CALD DAICS	i jar
ADM. REVIEW BY	
Addid (BA ELT COMPLETE	
COPIES SENT:	CHECK
· DIST 7	

GENERAL INFORMATION

A.	Applicant:	Houston	Lighting	& Power	Webster	Generating	Station
		(Individu	al. Corp	oration.	or Other	Legal Enti	ty Name)

P.O. Box 1700 Address:

Houston, Texas 77001 Zip Code: State: City:

Telephone Number: (713) 481-7145

B. Authorized Agents

- 1. List those persons or firms authorized to act for the applicant during the processing of the permit application. Also indicate the capacity in which each person may represent the applicant (engineering, legal, etc.). The person listed first will be the primary recipient of correspondence regarding this application. Include the complete mailing addresses and phone numbers.
 - W. F. McGuire, Manager, Environmental Protection Department Houston Lighting & Power Company
 - P.O. Box 1700, Houston, Texas 77001

(713) 481-7145

- R. M. McCuistion, Vice-President, Power System Development Houston Lighting & Power Company
- P.O. Box 1700

Houston, Texas 77001

(713) 228-9211

2. List the individual and his/her mailing address that will be responsible for causing any necessary public notices to be published in the newspaper.

W. F. McGuire Name: P.O. Box 1700 Address: 77001 **Texas**

ry je v saklada – koje je povjeka v (713) 481-7145 Telephone Number:

Houston,

RECEIVED

AUG 18 1980

Zip Code:

PERMIT CONTROL **JDWR**

	e applicant's authorized agen J. R. Johnston	t for service.	
	: 611 Walker, P.O. Box 1700		
	Houston, State: Texas		77001
Telepho	ne Number: (713) 228-9211		
	Identify the entity who will applicant, state "same as ap		operations.
Name :	Same as applicant.		
Address:			
City:	State:	Zip Code:	
Telephone	Number:		
Di Dimership			
	Partnership.		
(3)	Proprietorship		
(4)			
b. Pub	lic	The first of the second	
(1)	Federal Military		
(3)	State		
(5)	Regional County		
(6)	Municipal		
c. Oth	er (specify)		
2. Is faci	lity <u>and</u> sife property owned I	by applicant?	RECEIVED
X Y	es No		Aug 1
lf you	checked "no",		lug 18 1980
			RMIT CONTROL

- a. Submit as an attachment a copy of the lease for use of said facility and/or site property, as appropriate; and
- b. Identify the facility owner. If same as applicant in Part A above, state "same as applicant." If different from the applicant, please note that the owner is required to sign the application on page 5.

Address:	·	
City:	State:	Zip Code:
Telephone Numb	oer:	
Type of Permit	Application:	
Type of Permit	Application:	

F. Registration and Permit Information

I. Denote your TDWR Solid Waste Registration Number. If none, state "none."

31633

E

2. Indicate (by listing the permit number(s) in the appropriate column below) all existing or pending State and/or Federal permits or construction approvals which pertain to pollution control or industrial solid waste management activities conducted by your plant or at your location. Complete each blank by entering the permit number, or the date of application, or "none".

Relevant Program and/or Law Government Permit No. Agency* 8-15-80 TDWR Texas Solid Waste Disposal Act b. Wastewater disposal under the Texas 01044 TOWR Water Code Underground injection under the None Texas Water Code d. Texas Clean Air Act None e. Texas Uranimum Surface Mining & None Reclamation Act f. Texas Surface Coal Mining & None Reclamation Act Hazardous Waste Management program under the Resource Conservation and 8-15-80 EPA Recovery Act

No.	EDA
	EPA
j. PSD program under the Clean Air Act None	
k. Nonattainment program under the Clean Air Act	
I. National Emission Standards for	
Hazardous Pollutants (NESHAPS) precon- struction approval under the Clean Air Act None	
m. Ocean dumping permits under the Marine Protection Research and Sanctuaries Act	
n. Dredge or fill permits under section 404 of the Clean Water Act	
o. Other relevant environmental permits None	

* . Use the following acronyms for each agency as shown below:

TDWR = Texas Department of Water Resources

TACB = Texas Air Control Board

TRC = Texas Railroad Commission

TDH = Texas Department of Health

TDA = Texas Department of Agriculture

EPA = U. S. Environmental Protection Agency

CORPS = U. S. Army Corps of Engineers

G. Description of Business

1. Give a brief description of the nature of your business.

Electrical Power Generation

2. List the principal products and/or services which are provided by your plant. Please itemize by Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes.

4911 Electrical Power Services

R. M. McCuistion	Vice-President
(Name)	(Title)
	•
(Name)	(Title)
iar with the information sub and that, based on my inquir for obtaining the informatio accurate, and complete.	that I have personally examined and am fami mitted in this document and all attachments y of those individuals immediately responsib in, I believe that the information is true,
gnature: ////////////////////////////////////	ustion, Date: 8-15-80
gnature:	, Date:
on this	by the said Q.M. Inclustion 15th day of August, 1980.
commission expires on the	7th day of <u>March</u> , 19 84.
	Oelira R. Blackler Notary Public in and for
	010
	<u> </u>

FEE PAID

II. SITE BACKGROUND INFORMATION

A. Location of Site

į.	Facility Name:_	Webster Gen	erating Station	
: :	Street Address,	if available:	19301 State Hwy 3	
₹′′	Nebster, Texas	Cou	nty:_Harris	
				

2. Are your waste management operations within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipality?

	-			
٠.	•			
	A	*:	Yes	No

If you checked "yes," what municipality? City of Webster

3. Give a verbal description of the location of the facility site with respect to known or easily identifiable landmarks.

Located approximately 25 miles southeast of Houston, immediately outside the town of Webster, along US Highway 3.

4. Detail the access routes from the nearest U.S. or State Highway to the facility site.

S.H.3 South of Webster, Texas.

- 5. Submit as "Attachment A" a United States Geological Survey (USGS), 7½ minute quadrangle map. Indicate on this map the location of the site and the land use patterns of the areas within ' mile (1.6 km) of the site boundaries (e.g., residential, commercial, recreational, agricultural, undeveloped, etc.). Each area of land use should be labeled on the map. (Note: if such a map is not available, submit a substitute map such as a State Department of Highways and Public Transportation county map with sufficient scale to adequately show the site location and surrounding land use patterns.
- 6. a. Submit as "Attachment B" a map indicating the boundaries of all adjacent parcels of land, and a list of the names and mailing addresses of all adjacent landowners and other nearby landowners who might consider themselves affected by the activities described by this application. Cross-reference this list to the map through the use of appropriate keying techniques. The map should be a USGS map, a city or county plat, or another map or drawing with a scale adequate enough to show the cross-referenced affected landowners.

	City			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	County School D						
	Water Di Abstract	Co.					
	Other (s	specify)				
7. En	ter the ge	ogr ap h	ical coord	inates of	the s	ite:	
<u> </u>	atitude:	N29	deg31	min_	47	sec	
L	ongtitude:	W95	deg 06	min	10	sec	
8. Is	the facil	ity lo	cated on Ir	ndian land	ds? C	heck one:	
	Yes	X No	•				
			Sita				
B. Legal	Descripti	on or a	3118				
Submi land	t as "Atta upon which	chment the w	C" a legal	ement oper		of the entions referred	re tract of to in this
Submi land permi	t as "Atta upon which t applicat	chment the wi	C" a legal aste manage	ement oper	rations		
Submi land permi C. Site	t as "Atta upon which t applicat	chment the wi ion occ	C" a legal aste manage cur or will d Technical	ement oper	rations		
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Submi land permi C. Site i. C	t as "Atta upon which t applicat Environmen limatic an . Is any ing pro floodin the fol 24-hr R 50 100	tal and Hydro portion posed, g from lowing lainfal — year — year — year e any p	C" a legal aste manage cur or will d Technical ologic n of your w active, ar adjacent o conditions	ement oper loccur. Informativaste manadinactivor nearby	rations rion agement report surface No X X	s referred t facility tions) subj ce water bo	to in this site (includ ect to d es under

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• •	(2) Indi	cate the corre	sponding water	uses below:	
	103	1-44-1-1		· ·	•
	(a)	Industrial use Cooling water	#3:	:	
· ·		Process water	x		
:		Fire-control			
		As Jakan		•	:
	(b)	Potable (drini	king) water	·	
			_		
	(c)	Agricultural			
	•		ter for livest	ock food crops	or grazing
		land			•
		Livestock water	ter for human	food crops	
		Trigotion wa	rei ioi iluman	rood crops	
c.	Are any a	djacent or near	rby surface wa	ters utilized	by the
	applicant	•			
225	X Yes	No			•
		*******		•	
	•	ecked "yes," i	ndicate the co	rresponding wa	ter uses
•	below:				
			4.		
	•	strial uses: ing water	X		
		ess water			
		-control water	<u> </u>		
					•
	(2) Pota	ble (drinking)	water		
	1 -ya				
	. •	cultural uses:			
		gation water fo	or livestock fo	ood crops or g	razing
		and	Andrews Commence of the Commen		
		stock watering	turner (and	,	•
and the second of the second of the second	ırrı	gation water fo	or numan tood (crops	
2. Sit	e Land Use	and Subsidence	e Information		
					. ·
	Is any po	rtion of the ov	verall site pro	operty utilize	d for
		ral purposes?	en egyetter Somegyetter	•	
erskin en e ye er Fryske en	المجلوب المساوي				
	Yes	X No			
	it you cn	ecked "yes," in	ndicare the co	responding us	es Delow:
	(1) Graz	ina			•
		stock food crop	a di Newy II.		
		n food crop			
		ecked no. (2)	or (3), specify	y the types of	crops
	grown		umatura (j. 1 _{j.} Serios	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	aj a sidej a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ter to the		and the state of t
		The state of the s			the made of the
b.		rtion of the ov	verall site pro	operty subject	to land
	subsidenc	e <i>(</i>			
The second secon		Na	er ea		
	Υ Yes	NO NO	ganger van seel Diggereer van seel		

If you checked "yes," estimate the magnitude of the greatest subsidence that has occurred (in units of feet). 0.8 ft.(1973-1978)

III. WASTES AND WASTE MANAGEMENT

A. Waste Generation and Management Activities

Is any hazardous industrial solid waste (see Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 261) presently or proposed to be generated at your facility?

X Yes No

If you checked "no," go to Section III.B.2. below. If you checked "yes," answer the following question.

I. Are you presently registered with TDWR as a solid waste generator?

X Yes No

If you checked "no," contact the Solid Waste Section of TDWR in Austin, Texas to obtain registration information. Also, continue with the application form (go to Number 2 below).

If you checked "yes," go to Section I of your Notice of Registration, determine which of your wastes are hazardous, and list these wastes (and mixtures) in Table III-I (see Number 2 below).

 Complete Table III-I below, listing all hazardous wastes and all mixtures containing any hazardous waste which are presently or proposed to be generated at your facility. (see 40 CFR 261.31-33), attaching additional copies as necessary.

In this table, "TDWR Sequence Number" refers to the number in the left-hand column in Section I of your Notice of Registration (Note: if you are not registered with TDWR, enter "NA" for TDWR Sequence Number and TDWR Waste Code Number).

For the EPA Hazard Code and EPA Hazardous Waste Numbers, see 40 CFR 261.30-33. For annual quantity, provide the amount in units of pounds (as generated) for each waste and/or waste mixture.

Please group the listings of wastes by SIC code, insofar as your processes are designated by SIC codings. Also, within the general SIC code groups, give a brief description of the specific process or operation from which the waste has been generated.

B. Waste Management Facilities Summary

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1. For each waste and waste mixture listed in Table III-I that is presently or proposed to be managed on-site, provide the summary sheet shown in Table III-2 (Note: you must make copies of Table III-2 and submit the completed set of tables as "Attachment D").

Webster General ing Station Table III I Generated Hazardons Wastes and Management Activities

Verbal Description of Waste	THWIL Sequence Number	I tiWit Waste Code Number	EPA Hazard Code	I PA Hazaidous Waste No.	Off Site Disposal		gement Activities oplicable Items) On Site Processing'	Disposal	Annual Ouantity Generated (lbs)	SIC Code and Process
Demineralizer										
Regenerant	NΛ	NΛ	C	1000Z		X	X		81,532,000*	
Demineralizer Regenerant			1 :				,			
Inorganic Studge P at Cleaning	2	140540	1:		X	X			**	
∍rganic Acids	NΛ	NΛ	E,C	poo7, poo	?	X	X		18,287,000*	
Metal Cleaning & Other		•				÷		<u>-</u>		
Inorganic Studge	2	140540	1:		X	X			**	
Metal Cleaning	• •	•.			•		• ••		2 752 500+ .	
Organic Acids	NA .	NΛ	1:		X .	X	X		2,752,500*	
Metal Cleaning				•					**	
Organic Studge	NA .	148990	t:		X	X				
Chemical Waste Treat-	A1.A		E	1,4,4,7					243,000	
ment System Sludge _	NA .	М	••	D007	X	X	. X	` <u></u>	240,000	
Waste Oil & Sludge	V	110450	Т,О		X	X	X		12,000	
Degreasing and		•		1003						
Paint Solvents	.ΝΛ .	NA	1.T	F005 .	X	, X			9,700	
Asbestos in insulation	NA	170750	T	0013	x .	Χ	. X	····	3,600***	

^{*}Untreated amounts, normally treated and discharged under wastewater permits

^{**}Unknown small amount

^{***} Actual percent asbestos content is variable but small

[&]quot;Storage" means the interim containment or control of waste after generation and prior to ultimate disposal,

[&]quot;Processing" means the extraction of materials, transfer, volume reduction, conversion to energy, or other separation and preparation of solid waste for reuse or disposal, including the treatment or neutralization of hazardous waste so as to render such waste nonhazardous, safer for transport, amenable for recovery, amenable for storage, or reduced volume. The "transfer" of solid waste for reuse or disposal as used above, does not include the actions of a carrier in conveying or transporting solid waste by truck, ship, pipeline, or other means.

2. Has the applicant at any time conducted the on-site storage, processing, or disposal of industrial solid waste now identified or listed as hazardous waste?

X Yes No

If you checked "yes," complete Table III-3 indicating the hazardous industrial solid waste management facility components which were once utilized at your plant site but are no longer in service (i.e., inactive facility components).

If you checked "no," and if no hazardous industrial solid waste is presently or proposed to be generated or managed at your facility, then you need not file this permit application. Otherwise, proceed with application form.

3. For each facility component indicated in Table III-2 (Attachment D) and Table III-3, complete the following Table III-4 attaching additional copies as necessary. Enter the name of each facility component as specified in the earlier tables.

Give the design capacity of each facility component in any of the units shown. In the case of inactive facilities for which design details are unavailable, an estimate of the design capacity is sufficient.

Please note that each facility component should be described in your own words on the line provided for "verbal description."

- 4. Provide an estimate of the total weight (lbs) of hazardous industrial solid waste material that has been disposed of and/or stored within your site boundaries and not removed to another site.
- C. Location of Waste Management Facilities and Components
 - 1. Submit as "Attachment E" a drawn-to-scale topographic map (or other map if a topographic map is unavailable) extending one mile (and only one mile) beyond the property boundaries of the overall plant site, depicting the following:
 - a. The approximate boundaries of the site (described in Section II B) and within these boundaries, the location and boundaries of the areas occupied by each active, inactive, and proposed facility component (see Tables III-2 and III-3 for facility components). Each depicted area should be labeled to identify the facility component(s), component status (i.e., active, inactive, or proposed), and area size in acres.

Facility Componen			Status			Design Capac	ity	Number of	Date
Name	TDWR Seq. No.	Inactive	<u>Active</u>	Proposed	(cu yds)	(gal)	(lbs)	Years Utilized	in Service
Lagoon/ Pond (lined)			<u> x</u>			372,000		10	1970
Verbal Description: Clay 1	ined pond f	or the coll	lection &	equalizat	ion of dem	ineralizer re	egeneration wa	stes prior	to
eatment. Sludge accumulat	ed at pond	bottom peri	odically	removed f	or off-sit	e disposal.			
*Tank (Surface Processing)			<u> </u>			8,600	. 	3	1977
Verbal Description: <u>Treatm</u>	ent system	(Surface pr	rocessing) for neut	ralization	consists of	one (1) mixin	g chamber (300 gallon)
one (1)flocculation chamber	(1100 gallo	on), one(1)	settling	chamber (6900 gallo	n) and one(1))pH readjustme	nt chamber	(300 gallon)
Lagoon/Pond (lined)			<u> </u>			270,000		3	1977
Verbal Description: <u>Clay</u> l	ined pond f	or the col	lection o	of metal cl	eaning inc	organic acid v	wastes from bo	iler & equi	pment
cleaning operations prior to	treatment.	Sludge ac	ccumulate	ed at pond	bottom per	riodically rem	moved for off-	site dispos	al.
Lagoon/Pond (lined)			X			270,000		-10	1970
'erbal Description: Clay 1	ined pond f	for the coll	lection o	of metal cl	eaning org	anic acids fi	rom boiler cle	aning opera	tions
prior to off-site treatment.	Sludge ac	cumulated a	at pond b	ottom peri	odically r	emoved for o	ff-site dispos	al.	
Basin (earthen, below-grade	lined)		χ			1790 (ea)		3	1977
Verbal Description: Two c	ay lined sa	and drying I	beds for	the collect	tion & pro	ocessing of s	ludge from the	chemical w	aste
treatment system and oily wa	ste treatme	ent system.	Dried s	ludge is p	eriodicall	y removed for	r off-site dis	posal.	**************************************
Tank (surface storage)			χ			3,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3	1977
Verbal Description: Chambe	er used for	the collect	tion of w	waste oil 8	sludge wh	nich is accum	ulated from th	e oily wast	e
verbar heact this out: -					•			•	

Facility Compone			1 contra			Design Cap	pacity		Date
Name	towk Seq. No.	Inaclive	Active	Proposed	(cu.yds)	. (gal).	(lbs)	Years Utilized	in Service
Other			X		NΛ	NA	NA	NA	NΛ
Verbal Description: Asbe	stos used for	· insulation	n will be	e placed in	bags and	wet down p	rior to off-si	te disposal.	
Actual percent asbesto	s_content_is	variable b	ut small	• ,					···- · · ·
Drum Storage Area (other)			Χ.		NA	NA	<u>N/\</u>	NΛ	NΛ
Verhal Description: _Dru	m storage arc	a for the (collecti	on of waste	solvents	used in de	greasing and p	painting operat	tions
prior to off-site disposal	•		<u> </u>						
·									
Verbal Description:									
······································		·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					·
Morbal Description:									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
								·	
Verbal Description:									
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			•						
Verbal Description:								· — · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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			(apec(fy)		
4. 9. 1. 1 STEAM ELEC		<u> </u>		l age see .	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
(specify)		·	(specify)		
					Mary 25th the Party State
HOUSTON LI	GHTING &	POWFR	C,OMPAN	γ··	M.
		and the second second second			
		P (specify	')	7 1 3	4817145.
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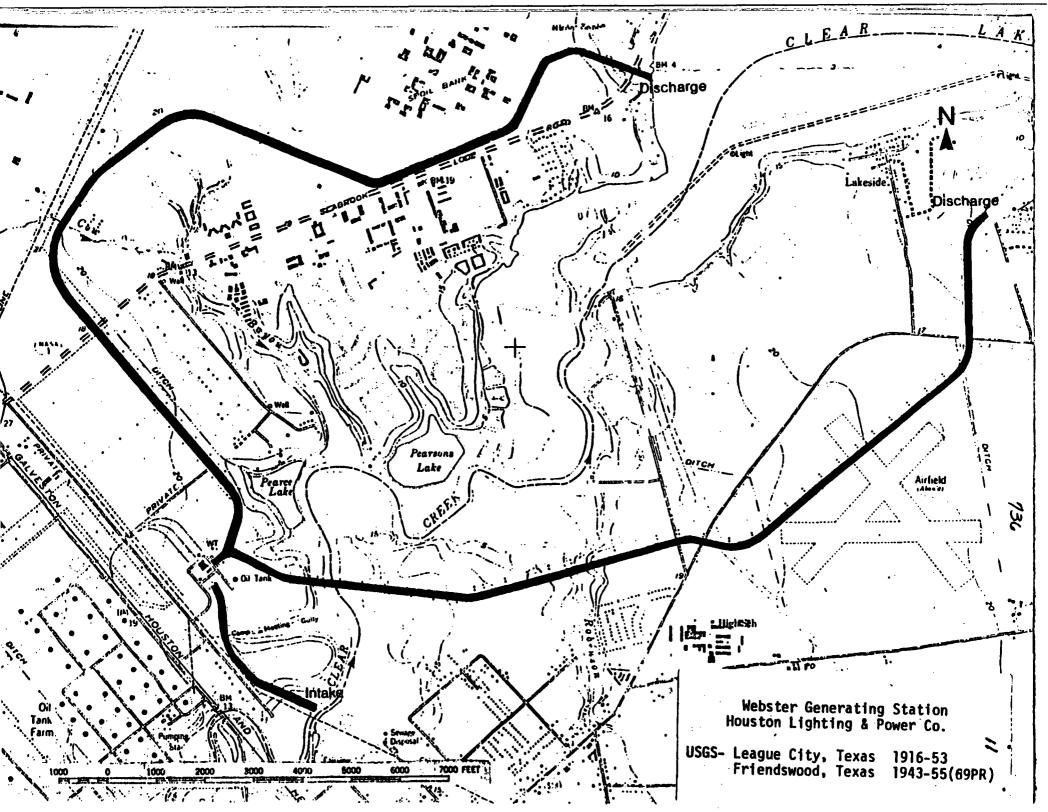
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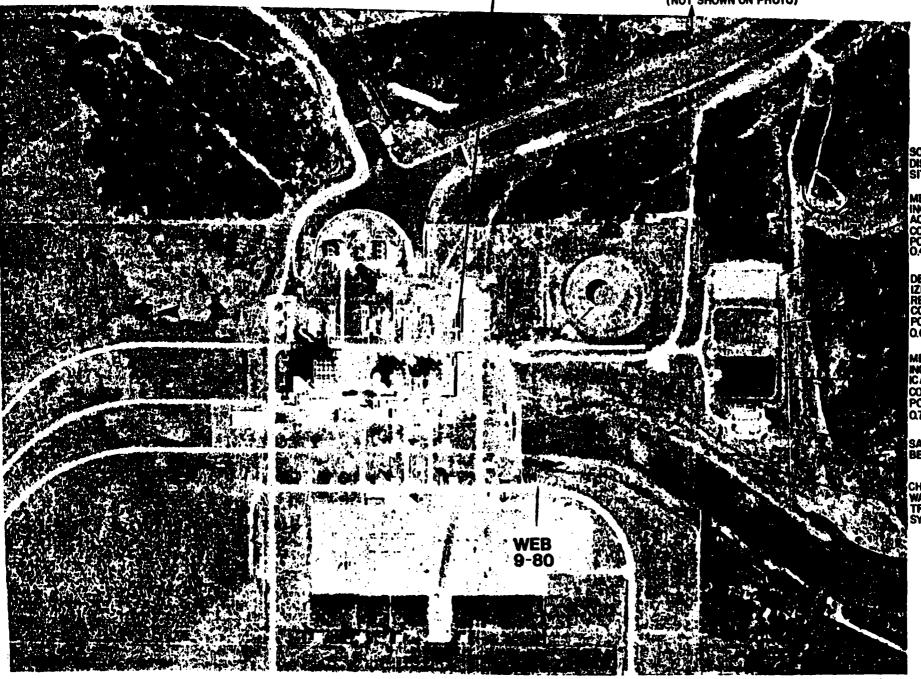
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SAND DRYING BEDS

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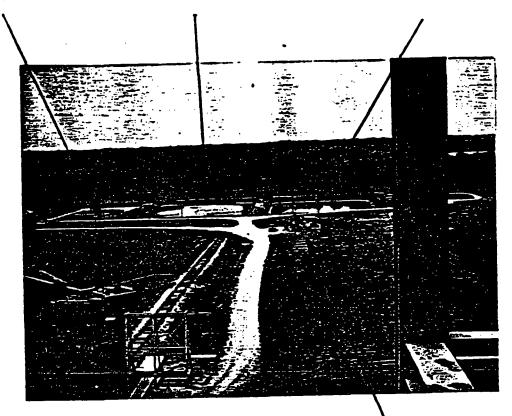


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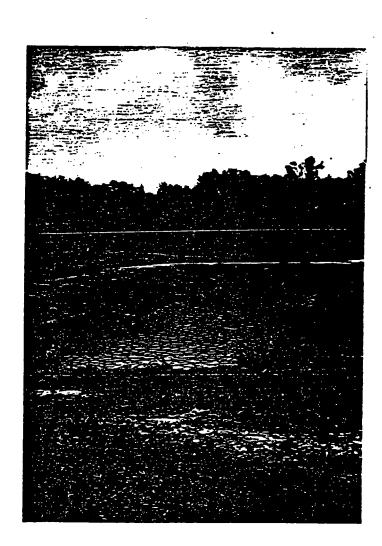
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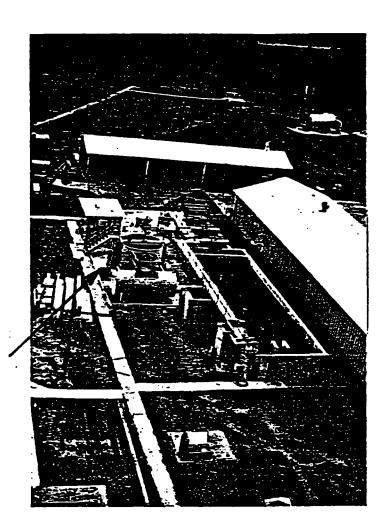


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BUSINESS: Electrical S.L.C. 5063: 5065 HOUSTON ELECTRONICS CORP. (Biv. Dak Industries inc.) 501 Pine St. Ext., Kane, Pa. 16735 John M. Launtz V-P-Jack E. Launtz Purch Age—R. Ivansky
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PRODUCTS: Quartz crystal bases, glass to metal scale S.L.C. 3679
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Aceta— C.L. Brown & Associates, Pueble, Colo.
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Sales: \$15Mil Employees: 100
BUSINESS: General contractor
\$2.5 \quad 1642 S.LC. 1542 HOUSTON INDUSTRIES INCORPORATED P.O. Box 4567, Houston, Texas 77210 Tel. 713-629-3000 Houston **Industries**



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Acets— Deloitte Haskins & Sella, Houston, Texas

Primary Bank— Chemical Bank, N.A. Primary Bank— Chemical Bank, N.A.
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Stock Exchange(s): NYS/BST, PAG, MID, CIN, PSE
*Also DIRECTORS — Other Directors: Arez v
Charles E Bishop John T. Cater
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Thomas B. McDade lack T. Trotter BUSINESS: Holding co.; generation, transmission, distr. & sale of electric energy, oil & gas; coal supply serv., cable TV; development & marketing of lighting, purchase of accounts receivable of subsidiary & venture capital S.L.C. 6719; 1221; 1311; 4911; 5063; 6799 HOUSTON INSTRUMENT

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V-P (Nucleur Oper)—Gersid E. Vaughn

Treas—K. W. Nabors

Primary Law Firm—Baker-& Botts

Revenue: 318il E. Employees: 10,400

*Also DIRECTORS —Other Directors Ares

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Hollis R. Doan

Howard W. Horne

James R. Leach John T. Cater Joseph M. Hendrie e James R. Lesch Hollis R. Dean Howard W. Horne Thomas B. McDade . . . Kometh L. Schnitzer, dr. Jack T. Trotter
PRODUCTS: Generation, transmission, distr. & sale of electric energy

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Tel. 604-683-495.

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1100 Louislane St. Heusten, Texas 77002 123 Co. A. Deca. Philip Oxice.

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HOUSTON TERMINA

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BUSINESS: Publicantal S.L.C. 4222: 4225 HOUSTON WIF 18 9800 Market St. Florid Oran & Prey Michael

. V-P (Sales)-

RECORD OF COMMUNICATION Ref. 15	XXX Phone Call Conference (Recor	Discussion Other (Specif	
TO: Mr. Sewers Houston Water Authority (713) 223-1095			DATE: 3-14-89 TIME: 0830 hours
SUMMARY OF COMMUTHE The intakes are Road). They also pump They are building the water pumped for they service No.		n (south end of laity River south orth of Ellington anal.	n Field to treat Clear Lake City, for drinking from
CONCLUSIONS, ACT	ION TAKEN OR REQUIR	ED:	Pam Febrier
INFORMATION COPIE			

RECORD OF COMMUNICATION Ref. 16	-	one Call onference (Rec	Other (Spe	Discussion Field Tr Other (Specify)				
TO: Will Moberly Clear Lake City Water Author		ICF	Fetzer - ICF Technology 4) 744-1641		DATE: 3-13-89 TIME: 1530 hours			
Houston (Lake Hous water and 10% grou Lower Chicot Aquif 1) 17507 El Ca 2) 600 Eldorad 3) 4231 Manor 4) 1600 Diane 5) 900 Barry 1 6) 1700 Racida	NICATION id that ton). To and water er. The amino Re do (golf coll 3lvd. a (golf	I: they purch They service They has well loca al ourse)	ase the majorit ee 42,000 people eve 6 wells that ations are as fo south end o east end of Clear Lake	with 90% trare screed ollows: frown off forest, south of off Hw (irrigation static warms are screen with the static warms are screen with the screen warms are screen with the screen warms are screen with the screen warms are screen warms.	surface ened in the Hwy 3 town ry 3 on)			
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RECORD OF COMMUNICATION XXX Phone Call Discussion Field T	
Ref. 17 (Record of Item Checked Above)	
TO: Mr. Ernest Baker U.S.G.S. Hydrologist (512) 832-5791 FROM: Pam Fetzer FIT - ICF ICF Technology (214) 744-1641 DATE: 3-14-89 TIME: 1030 hou	rs
SUBJECT: Hydrogeology of the Southeast Houston Area SUMMARY OF COMMUNICATION: Mr. Baker stated that the wells for Webster were screened in the Local Chicot Aquifer; more specifically the Alta Loma Sand member. The member 120 feet thick and is stratigraphically between the Upper Chicot and Evangeline Formations. The base of the Lower Chicot is approximately feet below sea level. The Upper and Lower Chicot are interconnected but the Upper Chicot a much tighter formation, consisting of a higher ratio of clay to sand. The Evangeline aquifer is not used as frequently as a drinking was source in the SE Houston area as the encroachment of salt water is lik and the Alta Loma Sand, being a shallower water bearing unit is a proliproducer. The Webster City well is 622 feet deep and is screened at 528 to feet. The static water level in 1955 was 137 feet but in 1971 it was feet.	the 665 is ater sely fic 610
CONTINUATION OF SUMMARY OF COMMUNICATION: The Webster Power Plant We is 664 feet deep, screened between 500 to 645 feet. The static water level in 1951 was 90 feet and in 1971 was 200 feet.	11
INFORMATION COPIES	<u>/ · </u>

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II

RECORD OF COMMUNICATION Reference 18		hone Call Discussi onference Other (S	pecify)	
TO: Joe Castleberry Texas Public Ut Commission		FROM: Pam Fetzer FIT - ICF ICF Technology (214) 744-1641		DATE: 3-7-89 TIME: 1100 hours
SUMMARY OF COMMU He said that the came on line in 19 currently operation because the companions of each type	INICATIOn tree united to the second s	its operated at this plan the last in 1965. The l did not know the net wor s each unit separately a . They do not generate cost of the steam turbi	nt. The ast is the of the find publiseparate in the second	e first turbine the only unit this plant lishes the total te reports for
CONCLUSIONS, ACTIO	N TAKEN		<u>()am</u>	, guz.

RECORD OF COMMUNICATION Reference 19	\	Phone Call		Discus: Other	sion (Specify	Field 7
		(Re	cord o	f Item	Checked	Above)
TO: Dan Bulla Shareholder Rel Houston Industr			r - ICE	7		DATE: 3-7-89
(713) 629-3060	ies		F Techr L4) 744			TIME: 1040 ho
SUBJECT: Value	of the	Webster Ge	nerati	ng Pla	nt	
	ouston I	Lighting an				asset value of what bank you as
		a Dlant ic	fully	denrec	iated.	He suggested t
The Webster Ger						ne subbestee e
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RECORD OF COMMUNICATION Reference 20	XXX Phone Call Discussion Field Tr Conference Other (Specify) (Record of Item Checked Above)	ip
TO: Janet Greenwood Galveston City, of Health - Supe (713) 534-2531	Dept. FIT - ICF	
SUBJECT: Private SUMMARY OF COMMU She said that if A rough estimate of ground water from	Ground Water Wells NICATION: In Galveston County, privately owned wells are in use. If the Southeast Houston area for people that pump their own wells is about 8,360 people.	-
INFORMATION COPIES TO: EPA Form 1300-6 (7-		

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TEXAS
WATER
DEVELOPMENT
BOARD



Report 178

GROUND-WATER DATA FOR HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS
VOLUME II

RECORDS OF WELLS, 1892-1972

January 1974

						4							
Ro.	Overs	Drilles	Date top- placed	Depth of well (ft.)	Cas Dism- ater (in.)	Depth	Beering	Altitude of land surface (fc.)	Above (+) below land surface datum (ft.)	Date of Date of Heasure- ment	Method of lift	Use of Water	Reserba
65-32-611	Seabrook Shipyard	McMasters and Powercy	1939	523	6	523	¢	7	50	1939	T,E	1 nd	Reported yield 150 gpm with 40 ft. drawdown when drilled.
• 612	Irma Christy	Wallie Burns	1913	521	4	521	е	12	49.4	June 7, 1940	N	N	Well destroyed.
• 613	Harris County WC and ID No. 50 El Lago	Layne Texas Co.	1965	390	10 6	530 590	a	ie.	167	June 3, 1965	T,E 20	P	Screen from 537 to 577 ft. 2/
615	J. A. Wilkins	N. R. Pretty	1938	527	•	527	CI	1:	48	June 17, 1938	N	N	Screen from 505 to 527 ft. Well destroyed. 2/
616	John Chapman	Wallie Burns	1920	660±	2	660±	C	10	ļ		N	н	Well destroyed.
• 621	Barris County WC and ID No. 55 Seabrook	Layne Texas Co.	1987	665	14 B	530 665	CL	19	157 218			ļ. P	Screen from 540 to 650 ft. Reporter yiold 1,254 gpm with 38 ft. drawdows when drilled. 1/ 2/
624	Harris County WC and ID No. 50 Bl Lago Well 3	do	1969	655	20 14	530 655	CI.	16	213	June 5, 1941	,		withing from 540 to 640 ft. Reported tyle/2 1,153 gpm with 41 ft. drawdown home drilled. Test hole drilled to 664 ft. 2/
- 701	City of Webster Well 1	do	1955	622	10 5	622	a	24	137 207	Aug. 1955 Mar. 4, 1971		P	Screen from 528 to 610 ft. Test hold drilled to 693 ft. 1/2/
* 702	Rouston Lighting and Power Co. Rebster Plant Well 1	do	1952	636	16 10	475 636	CL	18	112	Apr. 10, 1952	7.E 200	1 nđ	128 ft. of screen between 480 and 618 ft. Reported yield 1,791 gpm wit 98 ft, drawdown when drilled.
703	Houston Lighting and Power Co. Mebster Plant Well 2	do	1951	664	24 20 10	494 492 664	Cr.	19	90 200	Sept. 1951 Feb. 11, 1971		Ind	125 ft. of screen between 500 and 645 ft. Reported yield 1,440 gpm wit 76 ft. drawdown when drilled. 1/
705	S. Simbara	Layne Bowler Co.	1908	659	24 10	659	CL.	24	29.5 99.7	Apr. 3, 1931 Feb. 12, 1952	N	N	Screen from 547 to 659 ft. Pormerly used for rice irrigation. Well destroyed. 2/ 3/
• 706	G. H. Witcomb	Aberson and Altemus	014	563	2	563	C	26	34.9	Oct. 7, 1932	N	N	Well destroyed.
707	Webster School	Wallie Burns	1927	500-	3	500=	C	25			N	N	Well destroyed.
710	Galveston Houston Electric Co.	Layne Bowler Co.	1910	788	1	788	CL	5			N.	И	61 ft, of screen between 568 and 653 ft. Well destroyed. 2/
• 711	Rumble Pipe Line Co. Well 2	Layne Texas Co.	1938	660	6	592 660	CL	9	181.0	June 11, 1938 Feb. 17, 1971		Ind	Screen from 592 to 659 ft. Supplies pump station, 1/
738	Forest Park East Cemetery	do	1955	637	10	637	a	22	112	Mar. 2, 1955	7,E	irr	Screen from 560 to 620 ft.
• 739	City of Webster Well 2	đo	1967	645	14 8	515 645	CL.	24	186 201.6	July 20, 1967 Mar. 4, 1971	7,8	P	Screen from 525 to 635 ft. Reported yield 510 gpm with 23 ft. drawdown wh drilled. Test hole drilled to 670 ft 1/2/
• 740	A. A. Polk	L. Fileon	1932	130	4	130	CU	27			C,R		Screen from 103 to 125 ft.

See footnotes at end of table.

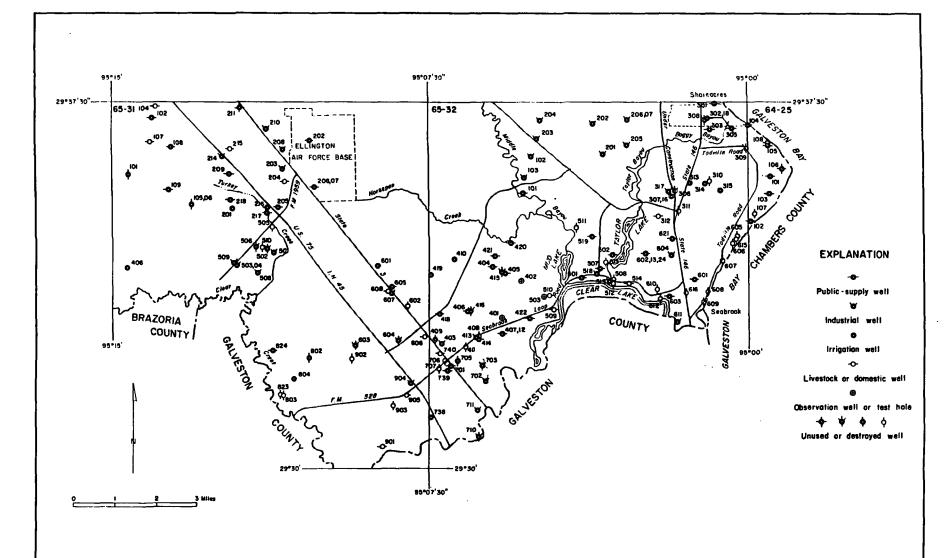


Figure 10 Locations of Wells in Area 9

Base from U.S. Geological Survey topographic quadrangles

(Record of Item Checked Above) TO: Henry Fleming Corps of Engineers (409) 766-3070 SUBJECT: Surface Water use in the S.E. Houston Area SUMMARY OF COMMUNICATION: Clear Lake and Clear Creek are used for recreation but not as a drinking water supply. Galveston Bay is used for commercial fishing and contact recreation. No intakes are on Clear Lake or Clear Creek because there are tidal surges up to I-45. Gam July CONCLUSIONS, ACTION TAKEN OR REQUIRED: INFORMATION COPIES TO:	RECORD OF COMMUNICATION Ref. 22	l	hone Call onference		Discussio	ecify)	Field Tri
SUMMARY OF COMMUNICATION: Clear Lake and Clear Creek are used for recreation but not as a drinking water supply. Galveston Bay is used for commercial fishing and contact recreation. No intakes are on Clear Lake or Clear Creek because there are tidal surges up to I-45. CONCLUSIONS, ACTION TAKEN OR REQUIRED: INFORMATION COPIES	Corps of Engine	ers	FROM: Pam FIT ICF	Fetze - ICF Techr	er F	ecked	DATE: 3	·*········
CONCLUSIONS, ACTION TAKEN OR REQUIRED: INFORMATION COPIES	SUMMARY OF COMMUN Clear Lake and drinking water supp contact recreation	NICATION Clear (ply. Ga . No in	N: Creek are us alveston Bay ntakes are o	sed fo	or recrea	tion b	cial fi	shing and
	CONCLUSIONS, ACT	ION TAKI	EN OR REQUIR	ED:			Oar.	n Fekl
EPA Form 1300-6 (7-72)	TO:				-			

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Form Approved. OMB No. 2000-0059 Approval expires 12-31-85

FORM 2 G NPDES



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTEC..ON AGENCY
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DISCHARGE WASTEWATER

EXISTING MANUFACTURING. COMMERCIAL, MINING AND SILVICULTURAL OPERATIONS

Consolidated Permits Program

I. OUTFALL LOCATION For each outfall, list the latitude and longitude of its location to the nearest 15 seconds and the name of the receiving water, A. OUTFALL NUMBER (list) B. LATITUDE C. LONGITUDE D. RECEIVING WATER (name) 1. DEG. 2. MIN. J. SEC. I. DEG. 2. MIN. 95 001 03 15 29 33 00 Clear Lake in Segment 2425 002 95 30 29 04 33 30 of the Texas bay waters 003 95 15 29 45 06 31 95 06 15 29 31 45 004

II. FLOWS, SOURCES OF POLLUTION, AND TREATMENT TECHNOLOGIES

- Attach a line drawing showing the water flow through the facility. Indicate sources of intake water, operations contributing wastewater to the effluent, and treatment units labeled to correspond to the more detailed descriptions in Item 8. Construct a water balance on the line drawing by showing average flows between intakes, operations, treatment units, and outfalls. If a water balance cannot be determined (e.g., for certain mining activities), provide a pictorial description of the nature and amount of any sources of water and any collection or treatment measures.
- For each outfall, provide a description of: (1) All operations contributing wastewater to the effluent, including process wastewater, sanitary wastewater, cooling water, and storm water runoff; (2) The average flow contributed by each operation; and (3) The treatment received by the wastewater. Continue

1. OUT-	2. OPERATION(S) CONTRIBUTION		3. TREATMENT					
FALLNO (list)	a. OPERATION (list)	a. OPERATION (list) b. AVERAGE FLOW (include units)		b, LIST CO	DDES FRON			
001	NONCONTACT ONCE-THROUGH	209.111 MGD						
ļ	COOLING WATER AND PREVIOUSLY							
1	MONITORED EFFLUENTS							
	(2/3 FLOW)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
002	NONCONTACT ONCE-THROUGH	104.222 MGD						
1	COOLING WATER AND PREVIOUSLY			<u> </u>	ļ			
]	MONITORED EFFLUENTS				<u> </u>			
	(1/3) FLOW)				<u> </u>			
003	LOW VOLUME WASTEWATER:	0.047 MGD	COAGULATION, FLOCCULATION	2-D	1 - G			
1	floor drainage		SEDIMENTATION, SKIMMING	1-U	XX			
			AIR FLOTATION	1-H	<u> </u>			
004	LOW VOLUME WASTEWATER:	0.069 MGD	COAGULATION, SEDIMENTATION	2-D	1-U			
L	demineralizer regenerant		NEUTRALIZATION	2-K				
	boiler blowdown							
	·							
104	METAL CLEANING WASTEWATER	0*	CHEMICAL PRECIPITATION	2-C				
			COAGULATION, SEDIMENTATION	2-D				
L			NEUTRALIZATION DE OF	1 12-K	2			
			सहिष है।					
	*infrequent discharge		90		1			
			APR 14	1987				
NOTE:	Sludge produced by all system	ms is disposed (f offsite	,,				
	by a licensed contractor LUSE ONLY (effluent guidelines sub-categories)		Ovv-	113	T			

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2

1X0006432

Form Approved. OMB No. 2000-0059 Approval expires 12-31-85

INTAKE AND EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS	- The state of the	The state of the s
A C C C		and the second of the second o

See instructions before proceeding - Complete one set of tables for each outfall - Annotate the outfall number in the space provided. NOTE: Tables V-A, V-B, and V-C are included on separate sheets numbered V-1 through V-9.

D. Use the space below to list any of the pollutants listed in Table 2c-3 of the instructions, which you know or have reason to believe is discharged or may be discharged from any outfall. For every pollutant you list, briefly describe the reasons you believe it to be present and report any analytical data in your

1. POLLUTANT	2. SOURCE	1. POLLUTANT	2. SOURCE
Aluminum Sulfate	- Wastewater Treatment	Sulfuric Acid	- Wastewater Treatment - Demineralizer Process - Water Conditioning
Ammonia	- Water Conditioning		
Chlorine	- Water Conditioning - Disinfection	Various trace	- Proprietary Polymers - Laboratory Reagents
Sodium Nitrite	- Water Conditioning		
Sodium Phosphates (di and tri)	- Water Conditioning - Cleaning Solutions		
Sodium Hydroxide	- Wastewater Treatment - Demineralizer Process		

VI. POTENTIAL DISCHARGES NOT COVERED BY ANALYSIS
Is any pollutant listed in Item V-C a substance or a component of a substance which you currently use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or
byproduct?

		Mint -	11	nollutante	
1	IYES	tust a	li such	Dollutante	halaw

X NO	(BO	to	Item	VI.
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April 2, 1987

Mr. Joe Korpics Environmental Protection Agency Region VI 1445 Ross Ave. Dallas. Texas 75202-2733

WEBSTER ELECTRIC GENERATING STATION SUBJECT: NPDES DISCHARGE PERMIT NO. TX0006432

Attached please find a standard Form 2C renewal application for the Webster Electric Generating Station. The existing discharge permit for this facility will expire on October 3, 1987. Sampling data results required in support of this renewal will be transmitted at a later date.

HL&P requests one addition to the renewed permit. Consistent with EPA's practice with other once through cooling water power plants, the following acknowledgement should be addended to Part III of the permit:

"The cooling water intake system is approved pursuant to the best technology requirements of Section 316(b) of the CWA"

The 316(b) Demonstration Document for this facility was submitted to EPA on January 27, 1981.

Should you have any questions with regard to this renewal, please do not hesitate to contact Kerry M. Whelan Sincerely,

W. F. McGuire, Manager
Environmental Protection Depth 14 1987

6,000 at (713)922-2200.

KMW/pm/L9

cc: Mr. R. A. Newton (TWC)

Attachments

COMMUNICATION	Phone Call Conference Other (special Checked)				
TO: Gene Keepper U.S. EPA Biologist (214) 655-2263	FROM: Pam Fetzer FIT - ICF (214) 744-1641	DATE: 3-23-89 TIME: 1523 hours			
SUBJECT: Wetlands in the S	Southeast Houston Area	,			
SUMMARY OF COMMUNICATION: Gene said that the area around the Houston Lighting and Power Plant (Webster) is a coastal wetland. The impoundments are located in this wetland. The wetlands are located in the area of Clear Lake, Clear Creek and into Galveston Bay.					
CONCLUSIONS, ACTION TAKEN C	OR REQUIRED:				
INFORMATION COPIES TO:					
EPA Form 1300-6 (7-72) Replaces EPA HQ Form 5300-3	Which May Be Used Until Suppl	y Is Exhausted.			

JME

Main To: 1507 Michin Street
Kirby Bldg. Suite 900
Dallas, TX 75201 TWC Reg. No. 31633

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION
Comprehensive GW Monitoring Evaluation (CME) Report

INSPECTION COVER SHEET

EPA ID No. TXD0008317	3L9 SEP	C.O. Use Only
	261	Date Entry Date
NAME OF COMPANY Houston	Lighting and	Power - Webster
SITE ADDRESS P.O. BO	X 1700 Ho	uston, TX Tel 713 922-2181
		tric Power Generation
Current GW Monitoring Status:	HL&P is	no longer sampling
(Specify for each Waste Management Area "WMA")	<u> </u>	
Inspection Information:		•
Inspector(s) Robert	Haho	Date(s) 4-24-87
Participants		
Type of Inspection (check) EV	OME X→ SA	
Evaluation: S	U	Dotwether
A. Monitoring System		signed: Polit W. Holw Inspector
B. Sampling Procedures		Date: <u>5 -27-87</u>
C. Analysis & Results	\overline{x}	Signed: Marily Zmul Tra
D. Records & Response	oriuma	Reviewer 7 Date: 9-15-57 PL 9/16/87
S= Satisfactory U= Unsatis	sfactory .	
Overall Evaluation: Compl	iant NonCompli	ant

TEXAS WATER COMMISSION Comprehensive GW Monitoring Evaluation (CME) Report

CONTENTS SHEET

FACILITY	NAME Houston Lighting and Power
<u>×</u> 1.	Code Sheet (Ø814)
× 2.	Interoffice Memorandum (ICM)
<u>×</u> 3.	Inspection Cover Sheet
× 4.	Technical Report, with supporting Attachments
	A. Monitoring System
	B. Sampling Procedures
	X C. Analysis and Results
	D. Records and Response
5 .	EV Inspection Checklist (if joint inspection with District Office)
—— ⁹ •	Notice of Violation (NOV) / Enforcement Letter to Facility
-	Notice of Violation (NOV) / Enforcement Letter to Facility Other (describe)
-	
-	
-	
-	
-	
-	
7.	

Texas Water Commission

INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

TO

The Files

DATE: 9-4-87

THRU

Ţ

Mr. Russel Kimble, Reports and Management Group

Hazardous and Solid Waste Division

FROM

Robert Hahn, RCRA Ground-water Enforcement Unit

Hazardous and Solid Waste Division

SUBJECT:

Houston Lighting and Power- Webster Cenerating Station

Attached is an addendum report to the Comprehensive Monitoring Evaluation (CME) of Houston Lighting and Power which includes results of analysis of monitor well samples taken during the inspection. These results were not available at the time of the CME report submittal. The attachment to this memo should be affixed to the original CME report.

Summary:

On April 24, 1987, a Comprehensive Monitoring Evaluation was conducted at the HL&P Webster Generating Station, Harris County, Texas.

Discrepancies that exist in the HL&P analytical program include:

- 1. Results of spikes, duplicates or blanks are not reported.
- 2. Cation- anion data for samples collected from MW-l appears to be erroneous and disimilar to split sample results analyzed by the Texas Department of Health.

Houston Lighting and Power will be requested to explain the discrepancies in their data.

C. Analysis and Results

- Tabulation of Analytical Methods Attachment P
 Indicate directly on Attachment which analyses are performed by:
 - a. Off-site contract laboratory (*)
 - b. On-site operator laboratory (**)
 - c. Field measurement (***)
- Are all samples analyzed with an EPA-approved method (yes/no)? YES
 If not, indicate on Attachment (above) which methods are not EPA-approved.
- 3. Analytical Methods
 - a. Has the operator consistently utilized the same analytical methodology during the monitoring program (yes/no)? YES
 - b. Has the operator changed analytical laboratories during the monitoring program (yes/no)? Yes, however HL&P has retained APR as the contract lab for the past 3 years.
 - c. Describe any inconsistencies and how the operator has tried to resolve them: None, see comments below (Section C.5.c) for peculiarities in the May 31, 1987 laboratory data.
- 4. What is the sample analysis turn-around time (i.e., the time required to receive results from the laboratory)? 1 month.
- 5. Laboratory Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC)
 - a. Describe the laboratory's QA/QC program:

The laboratory QA/QC program is uncertain. The necessary information such as results of laboratory blanks, spikes and replicates was not included.

- b. Example of analytical results and/or QA/QC results as reported by the laboratory to the operator - Attachment Q
- c. Do the results of the QA/QC program verify the validity and reliability of the laboratory and field-generated data (yes/no)?

No QA/QC results were included with the laboratory results; therefore, the reliability of the data is questionable.

- 6. Review the operator's records of analytical results for:
 - a. Parameters of initial year of sampling which exceed IPDWS;
 Attachment R

- b. Parameters sampled as part of a Ground Water Quality Assessment Plan. Included as Attachment S.
- 7. Overall, does the analysis program enable the reliable detection of, and for assessment purposes, the quantification of a release of hazardous constituents to ground-water from the monitored WMA (yes/no)? No, without appropriate QA/QC data included in the report and the large discrepancy observed between the TWC and HL&P data for the MW-1 sample collected on 4-24-87, the analysis program is unreliable and therefore noncompliant.
- 8. Results of co-sampling events:
 - a. Results of Operator Sample Analysis Attachment T
 - b. Results of TWC Sample Analysis
 - 1) COC Tags Attachment U
 - 2) Tabulated Inorganic Constituents Attachment V
 - 3) Tabulated Organic Constituents Not sampled
 - c. Do TWC results confirm operator results (yes/no)? NO . If not, describe apparent discrepancies between data sets and possible sources of error:
 - 1. TWC values and APR values differ in some parameters by over 50 %. For example, bicarbonate values for MW-1 are 254 mg/L for the TWC sample and 3256 mg/L for the HLP sample.

A percent difference $\frac{(A - B)}{(A + B)/2}$ x 100 was calculated for each

of the cations and anions in the MW-1 sample:

TWC	HLP	% Diff.
559	716	25%
246	263	68
2139	2725	24%
3	6	66%
254	3256	171%
568	350	47%
4463	4173	6.7%
	559 246 2139 3 254 568	559 716 246 263 2139 2725 3 6 254 3256 568 350

2. A percent error of less than 1 % was calculated for both the TWC and HLP MW-1 sample data. This seems peculiar considering the large difference in individual values between the TWC and HLP data sets (Attachment Z). It is likely that the data was incorrectly reported by the laboratory in order for the data to fall within an acceptable amount of error. Furthermore, the TWC data appears to fall in the range of historical results.

- 3. An explanation has been provided above noting the discrepancy between the TWC and HLP data. The error appears to lie only with the sample for MW-1. The HL&P report indicated that the bicarbonate analysis was performed on a sample that was acidified and filtered in the field. As indicated in Section II.B. of this CME, no samples were filtered in the field. Even though analyzing for bicarbonate from an acidified sample is considered incorrect in procedure, it is also peculiar that a high value for bicarbonate would be found on an acidified sample regardless of the acid that was used. It is possible that the other cations were analyzed from a field acidified sample because their values appear much higher with respect to the TWC samples, but this would not account for an error of less than 1 %.
- d. Compare data sets to historical results note here any parameters which do not occur within previously observed ranges:

A summary of the historical results is provided in Attachment W

Historically, there exists some variability in the range of concentrations for conductivity, especially in monitor well 1. As shown in section 9 below, the quality of water at MW-1 is highly influenced by the quality of water from the discharge canal located approximately 100 feet to the north.

TOC values in all wells appear highest in 1982 during the first year of sampling which could correlate with a change in laboratories in 1983.

As shown in Attachment S, apparent small increases in concentrations of cation-anion data can be observed in the 4-24-87 samples relative to the 1984 Assessment Report data. These increases could be due to differences in sampling techniques, seasonal variability, or differences in contract laboratories.

9. Describe the ground-water quality, based on TWC results, utilizing Stiff diagrams, tri-linear plots, etc., to compare inorganic water quality between wells. Include the diagram(s) as Attachment X. Do the results indicate changes in ground-water quality downgradient of the WMA (yes/no)? NO . If yes, explain in comments.

Comments:

The ground water quality in the monitored zone at the HL&P site can be described as a predominantly sodium -chloride type water. As part of a ground water assessment program conducted in 1984, HL&P sampled and analyzed water from the 4 monitor wells as well as surface water from the impoundments and the cooling water discharge canal. A map showing the sample locations is presented as

A table presenting the data is shown in Attachment Y, From this data, one can observe the similarity between the analysis of sample MW-1 and the discharge canal sample SI-4, especially in the magnesium, chloride and conductivity The conclusions of the assessment report stated concentrations. that any seepage from the surface impoundments that might be detected in the monitor wells would be masked by the ground-water mound from the discharge canal. This conclusion, although somewhat oversimplified, points out the difficulty in detecting a release from a surface impoundment or delineating the source of that release from one of several impoundments. The range in water qualities from the monitor wells and the surface impoundments is shown on the 1984 Assessment Report trilinear, and stiff diagrams (Attachment X_2) and as summarized below: - Attachment XI read)

- 1. The inorganic acid surface impoundment (SI-1) plots in the lower field of the diamond shaped domain of the trilinear diagram due to its high bicarbonate and high sodium concentrations.
- 2. The demineralizer regenerant surface impoundment (SI-2) plots in the sodium-sulfate domain.
- 3. Monitor wells 2, 3 and 4 plot close to the discharge canal sample (SI-4), the demineralizer regenerant pond (SI-2) and the sludge drying bed (SI-6) indicating the possible influences of the surface waters on the ground water.
- 4. Monitor wells 2, 3 and 4 appear to plot in the middle of an imaginary line connecting monitor well 1 and the inorganic acid surface impoundment 1 (SI-1) indicating a lesser degree of influence from the discharge canal (SI-4) and possible mixing with water quality from the inorganic acid surface impoundment.
 - Mixing- In order to determine if the ground-water qualities in the monitor well samples represent mixing of ground water with surface water sources, a binary mixing model (HC-GRAM4) was used. The output from the computer program indicated that the data did not fit any binary mixing calculations. If mixing has occurred, it is more complicated than the simple binary mixing model can predict.
- 5. A release from anyone of the surface impoundments would be difficult to determine. For example, a release from the demineralizer regenerant impoundment might result in increases in sulfate but decreases in chloride and alkalinity in the monitor well samples. At this site, cations and anions would not serve as useful indicator parameters.

TWC CME data

TWC and HL&P samples collected during the CME were plotted on stiff and trilinear diagrams (Attachment Z) to illustrate variability between the two sources of laboratory data. The TWC sample collected at MW-1 more closely falls within the previous observed concentrations for this well than the HL&P sample.

10. Releases to ground water:

a. Were hazardous constituents detected by TWC sample analysis (yes/no)? YES. If yes, identify unit and constituents.

An arsenic concentration of 0.040 mg/L was detected in MW-1 near the IPDWS maximum concentration level for arsenic (As=0.050 mg/L). A Chromium concentration of 0.076 mg/ in MW-1 exceeds the IPDWS maximum concentration level of 0.050 mg/L for chromium. A mercury concentration of 0.0011 mg/L was detected in MW-2 near the IPDWS maximum concentration level for mercury (0.002 mg/L).

The arsenic and chromium indicates a release has occurred either from a pond storing cooling tower blowdown or from a release of acidic wastes from which leaching of the soil beneath the impoundments has occurred. Both are difficult to prove based on the fact that historically low ph's have not been detected in any of the monitor wells. Soil sample results presented in the closure certification (9-2-86) possibly provide some evidence that leaching may have taken place. As shown on Attachment AA, the arsenic, barium, chromium, lead and selenium concentrations in the background samples were all higher than the values found in samples of the clay liner. This data possibly indicates that the metals were leached from the soils and carried into the ground water.

b. Has the operator detected hazardous constituents in the ground water (yes/no)? NO. If yes, identify unit and constituents.

Arsenic and chromium were not detected above the detection limits at the APR laboratory.

c. Do the TWC sample results confirm operator results (yes/no)?
If no, explain in comments.

NO. The detection limit used by HL&P for chromium (0.100 mg/L) is above the IPDWS for chromium, hence it was not detected.

Mercury was not analyzed by the HLP contract lab.

d. Do TWC sample results and/or operator results indicate non-hazardous constituents have been released from the WMA (yes/no)? NO. If yes, explain in comments.



ANALYTICAL METHODS

All samples obtained for monitoring should be analyzed in accordance with approved EPA methods which are listed below.

Parameter	Method	Reference	Description
** Conductivity	120.1	1	Conductometric
.k.⊭ pH	150.1	1	Electrometric
¥ Chloride	325.3	1	Titrimetric
🗻 Sulfate	375.4	1	Turbidimetric
¥ Iron	236.1	1	AA/Aspiration
⊁ Manganese	243.1	1	AA/Aspiration
→ Sodium	273.1	1	AA/Aspiration
→ Phenol	420.1	1 .	Colorimetric
Total Organic Carbon	415.1	1	. Combustion/IR
Total Organic Halogen	450.1	2	Combustion/HECD

- 1. EPA 600/4-79-020, March 1979, "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes".
- 2. EPA Interim Method, November, 1980, "Interim Method for Total Organic Halide".





aboratories, Inc.

HOUSTON LIGHTING AND FOWER COMPANY

MAY 21, 1987

12301 KURLAND

HOUSTON, TEXAS 77034

INVOICE NO: 13272

CERTIFICATE #32134

ATTENTION: MR. RICHARD BYE

SUBMITTED BY:

DOUG CHIN

LOCATION:

WEBSTER

DATE OF SAMPLE:

APRIL 24, 1987 DATE RECEIVED:

E. F. L.

APRIL 24, 1987

DESCRIPTION:

MW-1 A

	T.			
SAMPLE ANALYSIS ========= CALCIUM	RESULTS IN MG/L ====== 716	DATE ==== 05/24	- ·	ANALYST
MAGNESIUM	263	05/14	0800	GT
SDDIUM	2725	05/18	0800	ספ
POTASSIUM	6.0	05/14	1200	GT
BICARBONATE	3256 *	05/20	1630	DD
CARBONATE	< 1	05/20	1630	DD
CHLORIDE	4173	05/18	1100	TF [.]
SULFATE	350	05/19	1300	JR
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	11,546	04/29	0900	6T
MANGANESE	0.8	05/14	1000	מם
FLUORIDE	0.2	05/20	1600	TP
ARSENIC	<0.02	05/11	1200	GT
BORON	1.45	05/14	1100	GΥ
CADMIUM	<0.01	05/11	1100	GT
CHROMIUM	<0.1	05/11	1200	GT
IRON	8.33	05/19	0800	ממ

FAG: ONE OF TWO

Attachment

TDWR Registration #31633

WEBSTER GENERATING STATION

Groundwater Parameters and their Concentrations Which Exceed the EPA
Interim Primary Drinking Water Standards

	Parameter	Concentration
1st Quarter		
Well 3	Gross Beta	25 ⁺ 3 pCi/l
	Coliform	150 1/100 ml
Well 4	Gross Beta	7 ⁺ 2 pCi/1 ·
	Coliform	1700 1/100 ml
2nd Quarter		
Well 1	Barium	13.4 mg/l
Well 2	Barium	3.7 mg/1
Well 3	Barium	4.1 mg/l
Well 4	Barium	3.5 mg/l
3rd Quarter		
No paramet	ers found to exceed drinking water	s tan dards
4th Quarter		
Well 1	Mercury	.003 mg/1
Well 4	Mercury	.003 mg/l
	Coliform	8 1/100 ml

Parameters	1984 Assessment	TWZ-1987 CME	1984 Assessment	TWC -198
Calcium Hagnesium Potassium Sodium Acidity Alkalinity Sulfate Chloride Fluoride Nitrate Silica Copper Iron Zinc Conductivity	560 270 3.8 1700 0 190 450 3 900 450 3 900 12.05 12.00 12.00	559 246 3 2139 208 568 4463 0.6 0.03 19. 0.064 74.6	59 34 2.4 300 374 160 220 374 160 220 40.05	69 42 419 492 248 352.4 20 21 20 21 20 21 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
Dissolved Solids pH	8700. 7.24	17 000. 8123 7.02	1600. 990 7.93	3190 1453 · 7.10

Attachment S
Comparison of Results
of Assessment 1984 with
CHE-TWC 1987 for HWI
and HW-2.

فتقسم والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع

June 29, 1987

Mr. Robert Hahn
Texas Water Commission
Hazardous & Solid Waste Division
P. O. Box 13087
Capitol Station
Austin, Texas 78711

SUBJECT: ANALYTICAL RESULTS OF SAMPLES FROM GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS AT HL&P'S WEBSTER GENERATING

STATION TWC NO. 31633

Dear Mr. Hahn:

Attached per your request are the results of the two samples we collected in duplicate with your samples on April 24, 1987. As discussed with you when you made your inspection visit, our compliance samples are analyzed by an outside contract commercial laboratory, in this case, APR Laboratories.

Should you have any additional questions, please contact Mr. D. B. Chin at (713) 922-2203.

Sincerely yours,

R. W. Lawhn, Manager

Environmental Assessment &

Waste Management

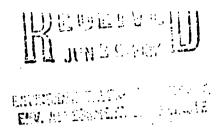
Environmental & Research Department

DBC/jcc:L10

Attachments

Attachment T





ANALY ICAL **PETRULEUM** RESEARCH

Laboratories, Inc.

HOUSTON LIGHTING AND POWER COMPANY

MAY 31, 1987

12301 KURLAND

HOUSTON, TEXAS 77034

INVOICE NO: 13272

ATTENTION: MR. RICHARD BYE

CERTIFICATE #32134

SUBMITTED BY: DOUG CHIN

LOCATION:

WEBSTER

DATE OF SAMPLE: APRIL 24, 1987 DATE RECEIVED: APRIL 24, 1987

DESCRI	PTION:	MW-1	Α

			•	
SAMPLE ANALYSIS ========= CALCIUM	RESULTS IN MG/L ====== 716	DATE ==== 05/24	TIME ==== 0900	ANALYST
MAGNESIUM	263	05/14	0800	GT
SODIUM	2725	05/18	0800	aa
POTASSIUM	6.0	05/14	1200	GT
BICARBONATE	3256 *	05/20	1630	DD
CARBONATE	< 1	05/20	. 1630	סמ
CHLORIDE	4173	05/18	1100	TP
SULFATE	350	05/13	1300	JR
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	11,546	04/29	0900	GT
MANGANESE	0.8	05/14	1000	מם
FLUORIDE	0.2	05/20	1600	TP
ARSENIC	<0.02	05/11	1200	GT
BORON	1.45	05/14	1100	GT
CADMIUM	<0.01	05/11	1100	GT
CHROMITUM	<0.1	05/it	1200	GΤ
IRON	8.33	05/19	0800	០០

PAGE ONE OF TWO

PAGE TWO

CERTIFICATE NUMBER: 32134

* THIS SAMPLE WAS FILTERED AND ACIDIFIED IN THE FIELD.

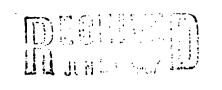
QUALITY ASSURANCE: THESE ANALYSES ARE FERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH EPA GUIDELINES FOR QUALITY ASSURANCE. THESE PROCEDURES INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING AS MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS: COMPARISONS AGAINST KNOWN STANDARDS IN EACH RUN, ONE IN TEN SAMPLE SPLITS, AND A QUARTERLY METHODS REVIEW AGAINST KNOWN SPIKE SAMPLES.

A PR LABORATORIES, INC.

Sammy Russo

SR/gfl





ANALYTICAL **PETROLEUM** RESEARCH

ENGINEER TRANSPORT OF TRANSPORT EMM ASSESSMENT OF BUILDING

Laboratories, Inc.

HOUSTON LIGHTING AND POWER COMPANY

MAY 31. 1987

12301 KURLAND

HOUSTON, TEXAS 77034

INVOICE NO: 13272

ATTENTION: MR. RICHARD BYE

CERTIFICATE #32133

SUBMITTED BY:

LOCATION:

DOUG CHIN

WEBSTER

DATE OF SAMPLE: APRIL 24, 1987 DATE RECEIVED: APRIL 24, 1987

DESCRIPTION: MW-2 A

SAMPLE	RESULTS			
ANALYSIS	IN MG/L	DATE	TIME	ANALYST
			====	======
CALCIUM	76.2	05/24	0900	GT
MAGNESIUM	42.1	05/14	08 00	GT
SODIUM	306	05/18	0800	ga
FOTASSIUM	3.4	05/14	1200	GT
BICARBONATE	450	05/20	1630	DD
CARBONATE	<1	05/20	1630	aa
CHLORIDE	345	05/18	1100	TF
SULFATE	175	05/18	1300	JR
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	1400	04/29	0900	GT
MANGANESE	<0.1	05/14	1000	GT
FLUORIDE	0.4	05/20	1600	TP
ARSENIC	<0.02	05/11	1200	6T
BORON	<0.1	05/14	1100	GT .
CADMIUN	<0.01	05/11	1100	GT
CHROMIUM	<0.1	05/11	1200	GT

PAGE ONE OF TWO

IRON

2.07

05/19

0800

D(I

PAGE TWO

CERTIFICATE NUMBER: 32135

QUALITY ASSURANCE: THESE ANALYSES ARE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH EPA GUIDELINES FOR QUALITY ASSURANCE. THESE PROCEDURES INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING AS MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS: COMPARISONS AGAINST KNOWN STANDARDS IN EACH RUN, ONE IN TEN SAMPLE SPLITS, AND A QUARTERLY METHODS REVIEW AGAINST KNOWN SPIKE SAMPLES.

SammeRusso

SR/qf1

No.GW 03801	P.O. Box 13087, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711		Org. No. 444 Sample No. MID-	
Owner + LZP	Address Housto	n, TX	Zip	
county Harris		Vell No MW-1		
Location Webster Stati	on #31633	Nagarage and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second se		
Date Drilled	Depth A	Aquifer Becurn	ent FM	
Water LevelSample After Pumping _				
Point of Collection well Mw-	Appearance	ClearTurb	id Silty. Color	
Use Monitor			(Over)	
Date Collected 4-24-87				
Send copy of completed analysis to Robe.	T Hahn TOWN	R Office No		
			WR-0778 (Rev. 10-24-84)	
No. GW 03801 Point of Collection HW-1 Lab Used TDH Type of Facility	Method o	f Preservation		
Mg/1 EP::1	VCarjbonate Mg 1	EPM Other 0.00 X 8:	omide 3.1	
Calcium 559 27.96 Wagnesium 246 20.22	Bicarbonate 254	4.16 7 IS	odide 1.2	
Sodium 2139 93.00	_ Engride	25.02		\mathbf{R}
Potassium 3 Total 141.18	Fluoride 0-6 Priprate-N 0.03	0.00		*
Boron 0.91 (4).16	_ 464 _ 7.6 _ Total _	141.85		
Wiron see Heavy merkels	Phenolphthalein Alkalinity as CaCO ₃			
Remarks	176tal Alkalinity as CaCO ₂	(4.16) 20P		4
	Total Hardness as CaCO ₃ Seedific Conductance (Micromhos/CM)	6150		7
	Diluted Conductance (Microminos CM)			
"[In Items will be analyzed if checked, total fron requires	•		TOWT 0778 (HeV. 10.24.64	

20. 1097	
A	_ County - Coveris Basin
11346 ulap	Time Collected 11:50 AM
tharger Name Webstev	Point of Collection
	MW-2-
hod of Flow Measurement	
PERMIT NUMBER PAGE NO. DATE DATE Date Shipped Date Shipped 10 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 Outline Contact Date Shipped Date Shipped	1-27-57
9 10 12 13 14 15 15 17 18 19 20 Collector's Sign	nature
1 CODE 26 PARAMETER VALUE 35 CODE 40 PARAMETER	VALUE 49 CODE 54 PARAMETER VALUE 62
w (gpd) Water Temperature (°F)	pH
0 0 5 6 0 0 0 1 1 1	00400
O. (mg/l) Turbidity (JTU)	
0300 070	
AS DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES	
Lab Used	
11346 Material Sample	led: Raw, Partially Treated, Fire
Composite ————Hr. Type Facility —	servation ice nitric
Date Complete	d William Town
T Analyst's Signa	iture
1 CODE 26 PARAMETER VALUE 35 CODE 40 PARAMETER	
1 CODE 26 PARAMETER VALUE 35 CODE 40 PARAMETER	
The second secon	
1 CODE 26 PARAMETER VALUE 35 CODE 40 PARAMETER Barium Senic Sen	VALUE 49 CODE 54 PARAMETER VALUE 62
1 CODE 26 PARAMETER VALUE 35 CODE 40 PARAMETER rsenic Barium Chromium	VALUE 49 CODE 54 PARAMETER VALUE 62 Copper Copper
1 CODE 26 PARAMETER VALUE 35 CODE 40 PARAMETER rsenic Barium Chromium	VALUE 49 CODE 54 PARAMETER VALUE 62
1 CODE 26 PARAMETER VALUE 35 CODE 40 PARAMETER Barium Chromium	VALUE 49 CODE 54 PARAMETER VALUE 62 Copper C
1 CODE 26 PARAMETER VALUE 35 CODE 40 PARAMETER Barium Chromium Manganese	VALUE 49 CODE 54 PARAMETER VALUE 62 Copper Mercury Mercury Copper
26 PARAMETER VALUE 35 CODE 40 PARAMETER rsenic Barium Chromium Chromium Manganese iickel	VALUE 49 CODE 54 PARAMETER VALUE 62 Copper Mercury Mercury
admium Chromium Barium Chromium Chromium Chromium Ickel Ircn (Totax)	VALUE 49 CODE 54 PARAMETER VALUE 62 Copper Mercury
26 PARAMETER VALUE 35 CODE 40 PARAMETER rsenic Barium Chromium Chromium Manganese iickel	VALUE 49 CODE 54 PARAMETER VALUE 62 Copper Mercury

Attachr	nent V Tabi	elated TWC-CME Results
iter (mg/L)		H W-2
am.	559	69
nesium	246	42
issium	3	2
dium	2139	419
ilica	19	21
oron	0.91	0.35
ron	74.62	3.710
arbonate	0	0
Bicarbonate	254	600
ul fate	568 .	248
hloride	4 4 6 3	352
fluoride	0.6	1.4
litrate	0.03	0.66
Bromide	3.1	0.3
Todide	1.2	5.9
*Senic	0.040 P	* 0.025
Barium	·O.052	0.071
admium	< 0.610	<0.010
hromium	0.076	ROH <0.020
lopper	0.064	<0.020
ead	<0.050	40.050
Manganese	0.850	rut 0.043
lercury	0.0004	0.0011
lickel	0.060	40.020
Zinc	0,150	<0.02O

Exceeds IPDWS Maximus Concentration Level . Exceeds Secondary Drinking water Standards

Attachment W Summary of Historical Results

;	Parameter Units Semple Type		pH Standard Grab	22		Touri Coperio mark mark mark	Chleride sng/l Greb	tran mg/l Greb	Mongoness step! Grob	Phanols mg/l Grab	Sodium mg/l Grab	Suffate mg/l Grob	
	Date			· ·		•	·	•		•			
HW !	offingt Year finish	el) Background	• ••	• "	• ••	•							
i	052882	ND.	7.13	9300	16	0.114	2760	0.39	0.15	< 0.01	1500	440	
	080582	6	. 7.13	9675	56.	0.091	3430	0.05	0.21	< 0.01	1000	305	
	092982	_7	7.03	12000	42	0.026	4094	1.00	0.17	< 0.01	2300	350	
	111982	7	7.25	13750	33	0.025	4931	1.45	0.11	< 0.01	1363	440	•
	1983	5	7.3	9000	4.2	0.04	4290	2.35	0.15	40.01	1900	1170	-
	1984	8.8	7.2	14,500	1.0	0.01	4,900	0. il	0.04	40.001	2,100	620	
	1985	9.48	6.9	15,925	1.4	<0.005	•					512	-
	1986	9.48	6.72 7.02	7,625 3863		0.009		4.7	0.18	. < 0.005.	. 1015	160_	_
	1987 _{CHE}						4173	8.33	0.8			350	
	1987 Tuz	9.65	7.02	17,00	0 -	• . ~	446	3 74.6	0.88	<u> </u>	2139	568	
	Parameter Units Sample Type	Can't Can't Land	pH Standard Grab		Testant St.	Teachtrants 	Chloride mg/l Greb	tron mg/l Grab	Manganese eng/l Grab	Phenots mg/l Grab	Bodium mg/l Grab	Sutlate mg/l Greb	
	Date			1 7	•				•				
i l	**First Year (Initial artifements)	III Background	<u>*</u> ••	2 **	•	2 "				•		:	
1 -	052882	ND	7.85	2600	19	0.176	522	0.3	0.11	<0.01	1300	250	
SUH	080582	10	7.58	2500	70	0.103	691	0.48	0.07	<0.01	350	233	
]	092982	11	7.47	3000	68	0.043	534	1.70	0.19	<0.01	420	170	
!	111982	11	7.87	2700	25	0.144	584	1.75	0.20	<0.01	265	200	
	1983	9	7.61	1507	6	0.07	350	0.15	0.05	2 O·01	325	185	
	1984	7.61	7.4	2300	1	<0,005	330	<0.05	0.03	0.003	340	190	
	1985	9.11	7.27	1853	2.3	<0.005	~	-	_	-		168	
	1986	8.11	7.07 1.8	3400 137 5	<1.0	40.005	254	3.1	0.06	0.02	123	150	
			1.0	1513	7.0	40.005							
	1987 cmé				- :		345	2,07	40.1		30 <i>6</i>	175	
	1981 THE	11.46	7.10	3190		_	352	3,71	0,04	3 -	419	248	

Attachment W.

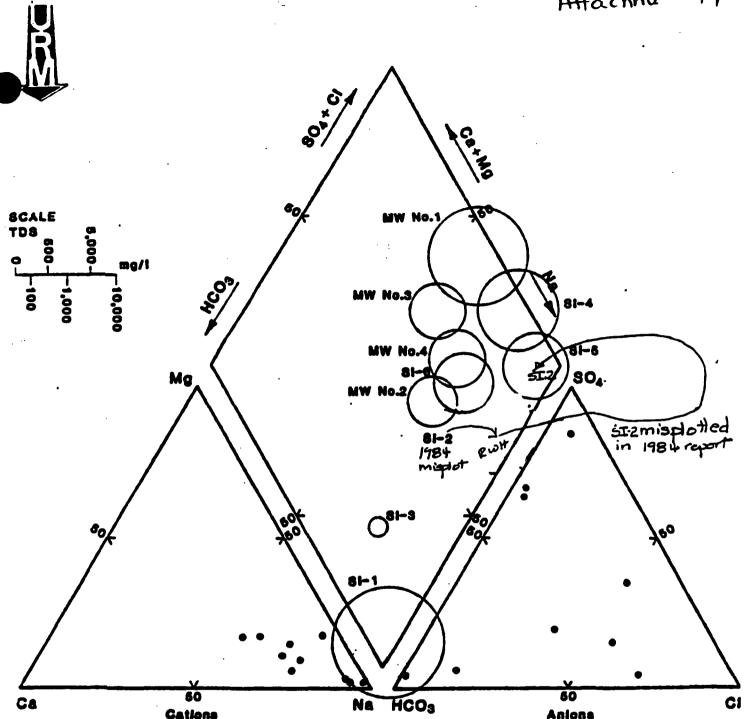
,	Units Sample Type		Grab	표	=	2	Grab	Greb	Greb	Greb	Greb	mg/l Grets
4	Date				•							
Hw3	**First Year linit	tel Background	• ••	• "	• ••	٠. ••						
	052882	ND	7.36	2400	31	0.261	591	0.21	<0.05	< 0.01	400	100
	080582	17	7.16	2500	80	0.100	549	0.30	0.07	< 0.01	290	230
i	092982	17	7.14	2600 ⁻	85	0.048	514	1.10	0.18	< 0.01	350	62
1.	111985	16	7.76	2400	18	0.247	568	2.05	0.17	< 0.01	240	50
												
	1983	15	7.11	2437	2.7	0.07	750	1.47	0.05	40.01	410	68
	1984	3.7	7.2	3400	<1.0	<0.005	780	<0.05	0.01	5.005	380	65.
	1985	3.94	6.87	29 <i>55</i>	0.7	<0.005	-	-				
	1986	3.94	6.88	2625	1.25	< 0.005	340	2.0	40.01	<0.005	208	42
	1987	NOT	Samp	red.								
			•									
						_						
	••					·			-			
						·					••	
- 1	Parameter Unite Sample Type		pH Standard Greb	Combanilly proper Comp	Transformin Colonia Colonia Colonia	'miteria	Chloride exp/l Greb	tron mg/l Grab	Manganesa mg/l Grab	Phonois org/i Grab	Sodium mg/l Grab	Sulfate mg/l Grab
-	Unite	to the second	Standard		Total Equals Contract	instant Par 22	Chitoride expli Greb	tron mg/l Grab	Manganess mg/l Grab	Phenots sng/i Greb	Sodium mg/I Grab	Selfate mg/l Grab
-	Unite Sample Type Date	ital) Background	Standard Grab	* ·	22		Chloride eng/l Greb	tron Reg() Grab	Monganess mg/l Grab	Phenots eng/l Grab	Sodium mg/l Grab	Spilete mg/l Grab
-	Unite Sample Type Date **First Year (in	ital) Background	Standard Greb		2		Chloride mp1 Grab	tron mg/1 Grab	Grab	ang/i Greb	Sodium mg/I Grob	mg/I Grab
- Mw	Units Sample Type Date **First Year linerithmatic mean 052882	itel) Background	Standard Greb	2	· · ·	<u>.</u>	Tigen Greb	Grab	Monganess may 1 Grab < 0.05 0.36	Phenois mg/l Grab	Grab	Selfete moft Greb
- Mw-	Unite Sample Type Date **First Year (in arithmatic mean 052882	ND	Standard Greb	2300		<u>*</u> •• <0.005	345	0 nah	Grab	emg/) Greb < 0.01	Grab	grab
- Mw	Units Sample Type Date **First Year linerithmetic mean 052882 080582	ND 12	**************************************	2300 2500	29 112	2 ** <0.005 0.106	345 505	< 0.05	< 0.05 0.36	< 0.01	410 370	220 203
- Mw	Sample Type Date **First Year lin arithmetic mean 052882 0805E2 092982	HD 12	7.51 7.44 7.37	2300 2500 2600	29 112 75	<0.005 0.106 0.036	345 505 444	< 0.05 < 0.05 0.56	<0.05 0.36 0.42	< 0.01 <0.01	410 370 450	220 203 200
- Mw	Sample Type Date **First Year lin arithmetic mean 052882 0805E2 092982	HD 12	7.51 7.44 7.37	2300 2500 2600	29 112 75	<0.005 0.106 0.036	345 505 444	< 0.05 < 0.05 0.56	<0.05 0.36 0.42	< 0.01 <0.01	410 370 450	220 203 200
- MW	Bample Type Date **First Year (in mithmatic mean 052882 0805E2 092982 111982	ND 12 13	7.51 7.44 7.37	2300 2500 2600 2500	29 112 75 21	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	345 505 444 492	< 0.05 < 0.05 0.56 1.90	<0.05 0.36 0.42	< 0.01 < 0.01 < 0.01 < 0.01 < 0.01	410 370 450 270	220 203 200 175
- Mw-	Date 052882 080582 092982 111982	ND 12 13 13	7.51 7.44 7.37 7.97	2300 2500 2600 2500 2500	29 112 75 21	2 .0.005 0.106 0.036 . 0.061	345 505 444 492	< 0.05 < 0.05 < 0.05 0.56 1.90	0.05 0.36 0.42 0.42	< 0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01	410 370 450 270	220 203 200 175 303
- Mw4	Date	ND 12 13 13 13	7.51 7.44 7.37 7.97 7.45 7.2	2300 2500 2600 2500 2500 2300 3400	29 112 75 21	2 .0.005 0.106 0.036 .0.061	345 505 444 492	< 0.05 < 0.05 < 0.05 0.56 1.90	0.05 0.36 0.42 0.42	< 0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01	410 370 450 270	220 203 200 175 303

HM 44040	District T County Hacais Basin	
tharger Name	Time Collected 10:30 A	4
nt Name	Point of Collection Equipment - Following	
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bservations 21 CODE 26 PARAMETER VALUE Arsenic Cadmium Lead	Hr. Type Facility Auxiliary Tags Date Completed Analyst's Signature Barium Chromium Manganese	49 CODE 54 PARAMETER VALUE 62 Copper Mercury	Allachman
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Attachments X1, X2 Attachments Y1, Y2

Tables and Diagrams from HLGP Ground Water Quality Assessment Report May 1904



Percent of Total Milliequivalents per Liter

Figure 15. Piper Trilinear Diagram , Webster Generating Station,
Monitor Wells and Surface Impoundments.

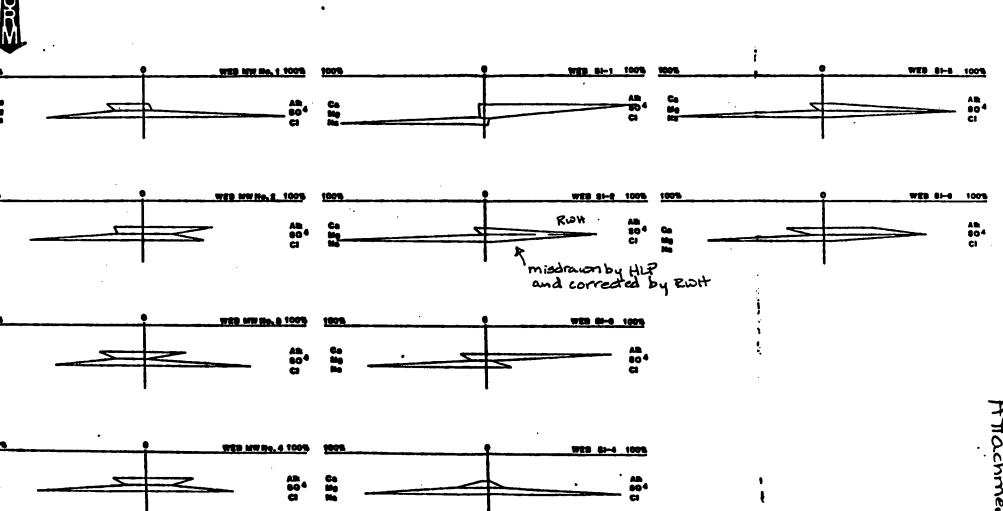


Figure 14. Modified Stiff Diagrams, Webster Generating Station Monitor Wells and Surface Impeundments.



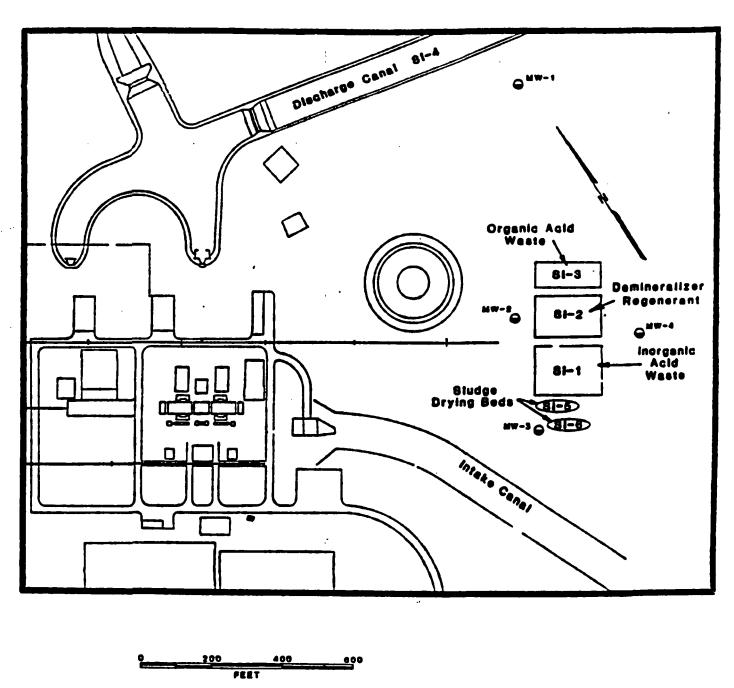


Figure 13. Location of Monitor Walls and Surface Impoundments.

Webster Generating Station.

MONITOR WELL



TABLE 8
Water Quality Analysis, Webster Generating Station, Monitor Wells and Surface Impoundments

	No. 1	No. 2	MV No. 3	No. 4	<u>SI-1</u>	<u> 51-2</u>	<u>51-3</u>	<u> 51-4</u>	<u>51-5</u>	<u> 51-6</u>
Calcium	560	59	200	130	34	71	11	110	64	150
Magnesium	270	34	77	50	2.1	8.7	3.8	260	1.7	24
Potassium	3.8	2.4	3.2	7.0	5.2	5.7	2.5	78	4.1	5.5
Sodium	1,700	300	440	530	4,300	1,300	60	2,100	1,100	620
Acidity	0	0	0	0	0	1.600	0	, O	Ō	O
Alkalinity	190	374	420	410	8,300	0	87	120	120	800
Sulfate	450	160	60	220	220	3,600	5	640	1,400	1,600
Chloride	3,900	220	740	560	120	150	12	3,700	90	85
Fluoride	0.9	. 1.3	1.0	1.2	4.6	1.4	0.49			3.3
Nitrate	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	5.9	<0.05	6.1	<0.05		<0.05
Silica	12	2	2	8	27	19	7	<1	10	3
Copper	0.28	<0.01	0.01	<0.01	0.63	0.07	0.48		0.07	<0.01
Iron	0.25	<0.05	0.33	0.37	0.59	5.9	15	0.35		0.78
Zinc	1.6	0.05	2.7	3.0	0.99	2.1	0.29	1.0	2.6	1.7
Conductivity	12,000	1,600	3,200			11,000		14.000	3,100	4,600
Dissolved Solids	8,700	990	1,600	1,500	9,900	4,800	360	7,300	2,300	3,200
pH	7.24	7.93	7.2	7.27	12.89	1.93	7,95		8.31	10.24

All concentrations are in mg/L except Conductivity (umhos) and pH (standard units).

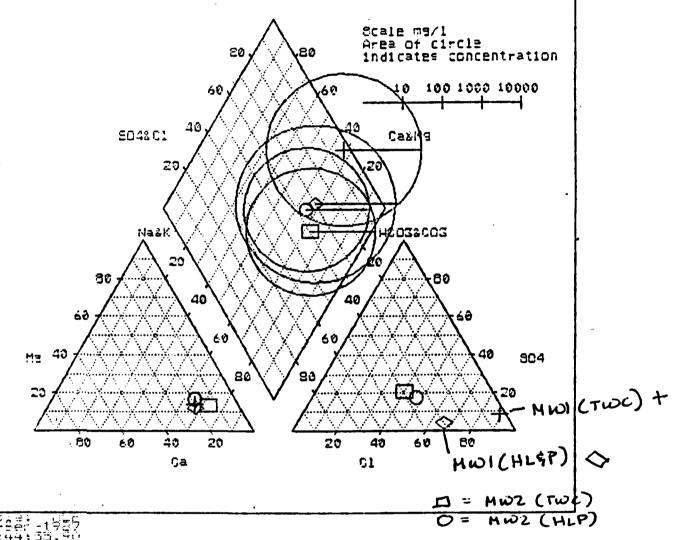
HC-GRAM

HydroChesical Graphic Representation Analysis Mathods
Version: HC-BRAH 1.09

04-Sep-1987

09:41:33.17

Project: hlp webster April 24, 1987



Chemical Constituents in pom

Sample	Ca	Hq	Na.	K	HCOB	C03
	76:00	### (10)	745 00 304 00	3.00 3.00 3.20 3.20	30 % 100 200 00 450 00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

thomisel Constituents in com-

Simple	904	C.L	КОЗ	Phy	9 1	Fo
			2.23 2.55	2222		

N.D = not analyzed for

Attachment Z Trilinger and Stiff Diagram

<u> ១៤៨៣១៤</u>	WD#.	MMG V	(HasH)	801	2000	жноов	7 0 5,00/1
	20:48 18:48	13:25 13:25	57.24 67.24 67.24 67.24 67.24	32.00 22.98	2.38 59:33	89.45 89.45 89.54	1 (847 : 93 1 (847 : 93 7 974 : 77

198	90	80	70	50	58	40	30	20	18	10	20	30	49	50	60	70	86	90	100
17									HI-1	(THC)					•	•			A3
+K Ca										ļ									11001
a g e					~		_	•		5									C1 11593 804 C03
									HN-1	(HLP)									
1+K										<u> </u>									Cl
g				\neg			-	- _		ـــر ا									504 C03
									MA	(THC)									
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a 3 e									لم	17		•							504
e									WT.2	(HLP)									C03
+K									- 104.6	1									C1 HC03 S04
a 19																			HCO3

itle: 4-Sep-1987 9:50:30.01

Chemical Constituents in ppm

Sample	Ca	Mg	Na	t<	HC03	CO 3
MW-1 (TWC) HW-1 (HLP) MW-2 (TWC) MW-2 (HLP)	559.00 716.00 69.00 76.20	246.00 263.00 42.00 42.10	2137.00 2725.00 419.00 306.00	3.00 -60 -60 -60 3.40	254.00 3254.00 600.00 450.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

Chamical Constituents in ppm

Sample	504	C1	NO3	P04	Si	Fe
MW-1 (TMC) HW-2 (TMC) HW-2 (TMC)	506.00 350.00 248.00 175.00	4463.00 4173.00 352.00 345.00	0.03 0.00 0.46 0.00	ं भूक उस्क अस्ट अस्ट	19.00 0.00 21.00 0.00	74.60 031 07.07

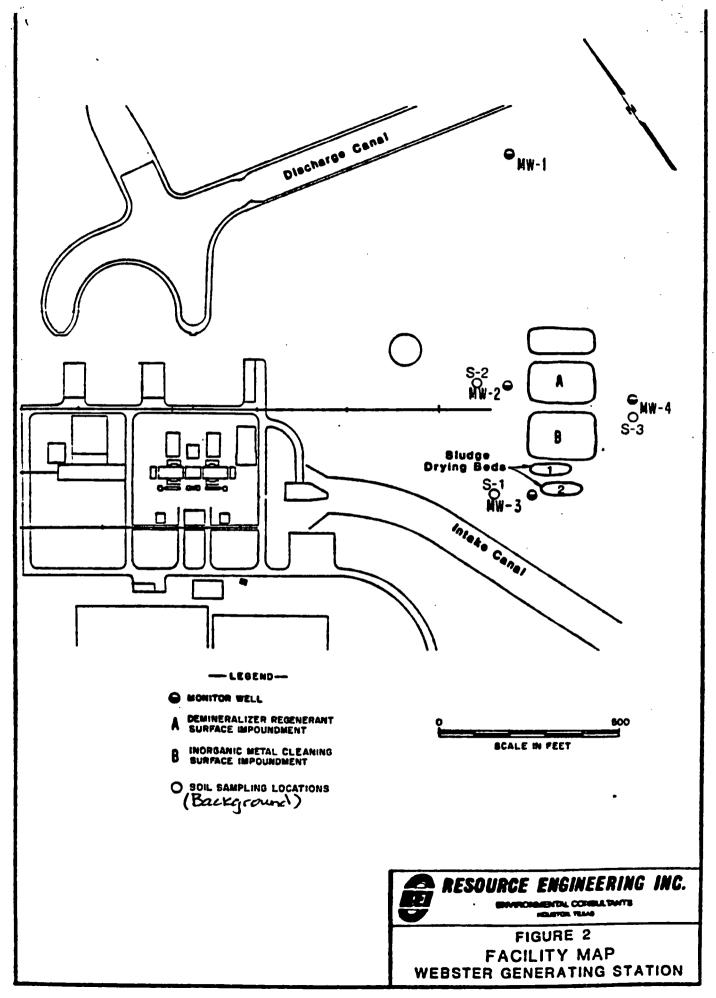
Ches cal Constituents in Equivalents per Million

Sample	Ca	Ma	Na	K	HCOS	003
White (TWO)	27 89 75 75 6:44	20.54 21.45 21.46	173,05 178,57	9.09 6.15 0.07 0.07	4 16 50.87 7 80 7 80	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

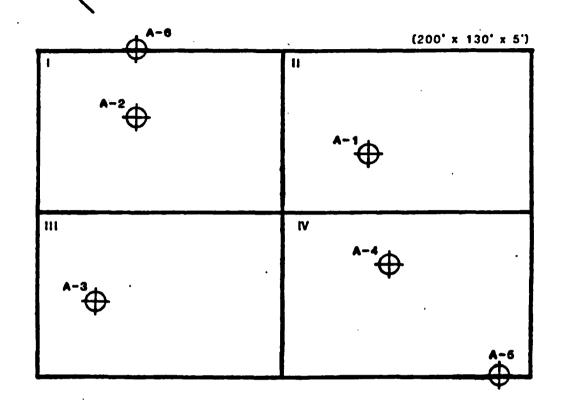
Change of Torstolen's in Equipalent, per Million

Clay Liner Samples
Demineralizer Regenerant Impoundment
Webster Generating Station

						EP Tox	city	(mg/1)	 					Tota	al Meta	als (mg/	kg)		
Sample Point	pH 0-2 inch	pH 6 inch	pH 18 inch	As .	Ва	<u>0</u>	<u>Cr</u>	<u>Pb</u>	_Hq_	<u>Aq</u>	Se	<u>RA</u>	Ba	<u>Cd</u>	<u>Cr</u>	<u>Pb</u>	Hg	<u>.M</u>	_Se
1	8.0	8.5		<0.002	<0.25	<0.05	0.1	<0.05	<0.002	<0.05	<0.002	2.93	105	<10	16	<10	<0.10	<10	0.042
2	8,6	8.7	8.7	<0.002	<0.25	<0.05	0.1	0.7	<0.002	<0.05	<0.002	4.15	180	<10	15	16	<0.10	<10 .	0.070
3	8.5	8.7			·														
4	7.9	8.3		<0.002	<0.25	<0.05	0.2	<0.05	<0.002	<0.05	<0.002	3.70	228	<10	16	<10	<0.10	<10	0.069
5	8.2	7.7	8.3	0.007	<0.25	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.002	0.07	<0.002	3.84	203	<u><</u> 10	17	11	<0.10	<10	0.057
6	8.6	8.6									•								
7	8.1	8.2																	
8	8.6	8.3	8.9	0.006	<0.25	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.002	0.2	<0.002	2.75	190	<10	13	<10	<0.10	<10	0.066
9	8.5	8.5																	
10	8.2	8.5																	
11	8.4	8.3	8.7	0.006	<0.25	<0.05	0.7	<0.05	<0.002	<0.05	<0.002	3.27	173	<10	12	13	<0.10	<10	0.059
12	8.1	8.2		0.002	<0.25	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.002	<0.05	<0.002	3.37	84	<10	12	<10	<0.10	<10	0.091
Sample	e Mean						•					3.43	166	<10	14	11	<0.10	<10	0.065
Backe	round Sam	ples 🗸																	-
	. 1											10.9	356	< 1	26	26	<0.2	< 1	0.25
	2						•					10.6	253	< 1	21	16	<0.2	< 1	<0.2
	3											9.89	BO .4	< 1	20	20	<0.2	< 1	0.31
Back	ground Mea	n	•							•		10.5	230 ·	< 1	22	21	<0.2	< 1	0.253



Attachment AA







RESOURCE ENGINEERING INC.

FIGURE 3
DEMINERALIZER REGENERANT/
BOILER BLOWDOWN IMPOUNDMENT
CLAY LINER BORING LOCATIONS
WEBSTER GENERATING STATION

paem ev. N.L.J.

11-4-85

PROJECT NO 344-01

GW 03800 ARR 30	P.O. Box 13087, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711	Org. No. 4	-2
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Attachment

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